FIRST IN CIRCULATION

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FIRST IN NEWS.

VOL. 37.—NO. 211. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1887. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

Tailoring Dep't
—OF—
D. Crawford & Co.
Popular, Progressive & Aggressive
AND
Always Ahead of All Competition!!
(Take Western Elevator to Department.)

D. C. & Co. have much pleasure in calling the attention of gentlemen to their now large and attractive stock of NEW
Spring Woolens!
in which is to be found all grades, from the Medium to the Very Finest; all FOREIGN GOODS, being their own
Direct Importations
From the Looms of England, France, Germany, Ireland and Scotland.

A Stock to Select From Equal in Extent Any Six Stocks in the City All Put Together!!

Prices From 25 to 75 Per Cent Below Exclusive Merchant Tailors' Prices or No Sale!!

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed or No Sale!!

Best Talent Only Employed in Both the Cutting and Making-Up Dept's!!

Suits to Measure Ranging From $22.50 to $50 the Suit!

SPRING OVERCOATS RANGING FROM $25.00 to $45.00!

Pants From $5.00 to $15.00 a Pair!

ONE TRIAL IS SOLICITED

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT OF
D. Crawford & Co.
The Universal Providers for All Mankind!!

DO YOU
Want to buy a home with rent money? Want to pay off a mortgage! Want to buy a house or a lot on monthly payments? Want to save?
THE FIRST MEETING OF THE
Beneficial Building and Loan
ASSOCIATION,
For collecting dues, adopting by-laws and loaning funds, will be held Tuesday evening, March 8, at 8 p. m., at 402 N. 3d st.
Those desiring stock should pay at once, as a large number of shares have been subscribed and only 1,000 will be sold in FIRST SERIES.
Payments can be made at any time Monday or Tuesday.
Any stockholder can borrow at first meeting.
Loans made in St. Louis City or County.
DR. ROBERT J. HILL, President.
MANNING TREADWAY, Vice-President.
E. P. V. RITTER, Treasurer.
CHARLES C. NICHOLLS, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
Dr. Robert J. Hill, Physician; George T. Parker, Treasurer Laverty Furniture Co.; Manning Tredway, Greeley-Burnham Grocery Co.; Thomas P. Reynolds, Sterling & Webster Abstract Co.; Merrifield W. Huff, Attorney; Carl Moller, Secretary Mound City Distilling Co.; A. H. Kohlmeyer, Builder; E. P. V. Ritter, Treasurer Famous; J. A. Parker, President Parker-Riffe-Nicholls Stationery Co.; Hugh Ferguson, Commission; Louis C. Haynes, Real Estate; Frank Wyman, Simmons Hardware Co.
Dues, $2 per month; shares, $400 each.

PLANT SEED COMPANY'S RELIABLE
SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN, FARM & FIELD
LAWN GRASS SEED
Choice Kentucky Blue Grass Seed,
English Blue Grass Seed,
English Perennial Rye Grass Seed,
Finest Mixed Lawn Grass Seed,
White Clover Seed, Etc.
We have the above, all fresh and clean, for sale at low prices. Beautify your lawns and yards by sowing some of these grasses as soon as possible.
PLANT SEED CO.
512 and 514 N. Fourth st., bet. Morgan & Franklin av.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express & P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. N. Y.

HERZOG'S
Grandest Bargain Sale Ever Held Here!
100 Elegant Paris Spring Garments, which cost from $90 to $125 apiece to import, will be offered at one price all around—
YOUR CHOICE FOR $25.00!
(No two alike in this grand selection.)
100 Ladies' Black Short Wraps, Silk Lined, Beaded, Lace Trimmed; cost originally $20; will be sacrificed this week
FOR $3.50 APIECE!
100 Jackets, Satin-Lined Hoods, that cost $10, will be sold at.....$4 apiece

Our Dress Goods Department To Be Given Up!
All of the SILKS, VELVETS, WOOLEN and other Dress Materials to be closed out at HALF WHAT THEY COST.

Figured Foulard Silks, 24 inches wide, reduced to.....48c
27-inch Figured China Silks, slightly damaged, worth $1.25; reduced to..68c yard
Black Moire Silks reduced to $1.19 yard. Black Surah Silks reduced from $1 to 68c
Black Gros-Grain Silk greatly reduced. Black Rhadames greatly reduced.
Striped Velveteens, worth 90c, reduced to.....35c yard
Lot of 20 pieces Colored Rhadame Silk, worth 85c, reduced to.....45c yard

Unheard of Bargains in Laces.

We are selling them regardless of value. Just think of getting a 27-inch wide two-toned Shellnet that cost $1.75 to bring to this country, for 48c a yard, and the edges to match that cost 35c and 40c, for 12½c yard.
Tinsel Embroidered Net, 27 inches wide; they cost $1.50; will be offered at 28c.
Black Chantilly Flouncing, 45 inches wide, worth $4, for $2.50 yard; and edges to match in several widths just as cheap
5 inches wide Crepe Lisse Lace, worth 40c at wholesale, for 12½c yard.
Big sale of Torchon Laces in all widths, 1c yard, 2c yard, worth 5c, and a 20c quality for 9c yard.
Silk Passementerie Gimps, black and colored, which cost as high as $1.25 per yard (it sounds strange, but it's true), will be sold at 19c per yard.
Beaded Gimps, black and colored, 19c.
Jet Drops, worth 25c, for 14c dozen.
Jet Drops, worth 35c, for 18c dozen.
Colored Chenille and Silk Fringes, worth 85c, and $1, for 48c yard
Late style Children's Lace Caps, worth 35c, for 19c
Children's latest shapes Normandy Caps, worth 50c, for 25c.
Several hundred children's black and colored Jerseys, worth $1, for 50c apiece.
Fine quality Children's Cashmere Jerseys, worth $1.75, for $1.

For $1.25 we offer big bargains in Ladies' Jerseys; three different styles: One is a black tailor-made Jersey worth $1.75, the other a navy blue Jersey, and the third style is a handsome black Jersey with white vest; all the three styles, worth $1.75 to $2, are now reduced to $1.25.
Another great bargain is a black Jersey with fancy embroidered vest for $1.90.
For $2.25 we sell this week two styles of Jerseys that cost $3.50 and $4; one is a black cashmere zouave style, Hercules braid trimming; the other black cashmere with white vest and lace trimming; these are the cheapest goods that have been offered in this town for years.
Cream-colored Jerseys, Bretone style, $1.45 piece.
Sash Curtaining, in beautiful patterns, worth 20c, for 11c
Persian Drapery Material, 40 inches wide, cost 30c, for 14c.
Gents' all-Linen hemmed and bordered Handkerchiefs, worth 25c, for 9c apiece. They are immense.
Ladies' beautifully bordered Linen Handkerchiefs, 8½c.
All-silk Gros-grain Ribbons, Nos. 5 and 7; navy blue, black, gray, lavender, brown; worth 10c, for 12½c a yard.
Fifteen different styles of Hair Ornaments at a fourth of their cost.
Fancy Amber Hairpins, 1c apiece.
Plain and Steel-top pins in amber, black and steel, 10c apiece.
Fancy Hair Ornaments, Rhinestone setting, 10c apiece.

L. HERZOG & BRO.,
407 North Fourth Street.

4-Hole Home Comfort Range.
TRULY THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.
ALL WROUGHT AND MALLEABLE IRON.
USES SOFT OR HARD COAL OR WOOD.
HANDSOME WROUGHT
SUBSTANTIAL SHELF
4 HOLE WROUGHT RANGE
TOP SURFACE 32X28 INCHES
EXTENSION SHELF.
15 GALLONS OF BOILING WATER
NO CONNECTION WITH CITY WATER
Pat. SIFTING and DUMPING GRATE.
BAILED ASH PAN.
NEW STYLE DROP DOOR
LOWER WARMING CLOSET.
ASBESTOS LINED OVEN, 17½x21 inches.
WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO. 411 N. FOURTH ST., St. Louis, Mo.

OPERA LORGNETTES.
Graceful, Stylish, and Artistically Carved in Tortoise Shell. Lenses Accurately Fitted to the Eye.
Our EYE-GLASSES & SPECTACLES
Are well known for Optical accuracy and Superiority.
A. S. ALOE & CO., OPTICIANS, Cor. Fourth & Olive Sts.
Oculists' Prescriptions Executed with Absolute Perfection.

IDEAL BROILING.
Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than over the live coals.
Lay the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.
Allow it to remain in the oven with the door closed 15 or 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be found nicely cooked ready to serve. THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.
There is no taint of coal-gas or smoke, and the meats are more tender and better in flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience or broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, and adds another to the many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.
EXCELSIOR MANF'G CO. CHARTER OAK STOVE 612-18 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS.

MONEY TO LOAN
—ON—
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Clothing, Musical Instruments, etc., in sums from $1 to $50,000, at a very low rate of interest.
BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.
S. VAN RAALTE,
12 and 14 S. Fourth St.

WOOD CARPETS
Inlaid Hard-wood Floors!
J. L. Isaacs Wall Paper Co.,
Excelsior Building, 1210 Olive St.

3 Pounds of Coffee, $1.00
Cans (Returnable), 15c Extra.
DWINELL, HAYWARD & CO.'S
Royal Java and Mocha Coffee
Either whole or pulverized, can be sampled at BARR'S DRY GOODS STORE during the exhibition of the BOSS ONE-MINUTE COFFEE POT. Now for sale by all
First-Class Grocers
AND AT THE
DELICATESSEN LUNCH ROOMS.
GREELEY-BURNHAM GRO. CO., Agents

# LATEST EDITION

## TOO MILD A MAN.

### SIR ARTHUR BALFOUR'S APPOINTMENT NOT SATISFACTORY TO THE TORIES.

**Salisbury's Speech at the National Conservative Club—The Unionist Revolt—Russia Demands the Release of Bulgarian Insurgents—Germany's Hint to the Muscovite—Trouble Between Moonlighters and the Police in Ireland—The Septennate Bill—Foreign News.**

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, March 7.—The appointment of Balfour as Hicks-Beach's successor causes great dissatisfaction among the Tories. They say he is far too mild a man for the post, and that the Parnellites will laugh at him. Salisbury, however, had no alternative. There is no other man at his command who has the qualifications for the most difficult position in the world. None of the grumblers have yet made any suggestion of a better man. The disappearance of Hicks-Beach advances home-rule a very considerable stage. The Irish Secretaries are being rapidly used up, and Ireland grows more and more ungovernable. There is a tremendous clamor in the Times again for strong measures. All the iniquities with which Parnell has ever been associated in the minds of his opponents, are revived in a series of articles entitled,

"PARNELLISM AND CRIME."

The obvious intention of all this is to screw up the failing courage of the Ministry. How far that courage failed can be seen by Salisbury's speech on Saturday at the National Conservative Club, in which he used language which certainly was not that of confidence, and described the Irish question as a nightmare which fetters one's limbs and paralyzes one's energy. A more exact description of the whole Irish policy of the Government could not have been given by Salisbury's most determined enemy. The Times has at last realized that

THE UNIONIST REVOLT

has become serious, and hails Trevelyan to-day as the traitor. With regard to the round-table compromise, it is important to remember that everything depends on the personal relations of the negotiators. The relations between Morley and Chamberlain are still bad. Everybody concerned is afraid that as soon as the terms of the agreement become known, so furious an attack will be made by the extremists on both sides that the round-table conference will go to pieces altogether.

**The War Spectre.**

GERMANY WARNS RUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 7.—The Kolnisc Zeitung warns Russia that even German patience toward neighbors has limits, and says: "If Russia compels Germany to take account of a Franco-Russian agreement, let her beware lest she may herself have to consider a hostile Germany.

POPULARITY OF FRANCE.

The Kreuz Zeitung says: "Letters from St. Petersburg state that the general hatred of Germany and the popularity of France is becoming a sort of violent epidemic in Russia."

**Germany.**

A FRESH LOAN.

BERLIN, March 7.—The deficit that will be caused in the budget by the operation of the Septennate law will be covered by a fresh loan. All projects for fresh taxation have been postponed and the session of the Reichstag will probably terminate in two months.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE EMPEROR.

Emperor William yesterday received Herr Wedell Piesdorff, the President of the Reichstag. In the conversation which took place the Emperor said that he was reluctantly compelled to dissolve the late Reichstag. Despite his explanation to the Reichstag of the superiority of Germany's neighbors over her in military matters, the opposition majority refused to sanction the military bill to the necessary extent, and the reasonable hope that the Septennate term would have been adopted, after the example given by France, proved fallacious. It was more gratifying now to cherish the hope that a large majority in the new Reichstag would accept the bill at the outset. Referring to the attitude of the Pope during the elections, he said he had already been convinced of the pacific disposition of His Holiness, and that it was on this account that Germany had asked him to act as arbitor in the dispute in the Caroline Islands case. In conclusion, the Emperor expressed the hope that all the ecclesiastical troubles between Prussia and the Vatican would soon be peacefully and completely settled.

THE SEPTENNATE BILL.

In the Reichstag to-day, the Septennate bill formally passed its first reading. Prince Bismarck was present. The bill will be taken up for second reading to-morrow, and debate will ensue. Herr Windhorst, the leader of the Clerical party, will then declare his intentions in relation to the septennate term. The other party leaders have announced that they will vote as they did when the bill was defeated in the late Reichstag.

**England.**

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

LONDON, March 7.—The Queen will lay the foundation of the Imperial Institute some time during the summer.

**Ireland.**

MR. KNIPE'S REPORT.

LONDON, March 7.—It is stated that Mr. Knipe, member of the Irish Land Commission, has handed to the Government his own individual report on the land question.

MOONLIGHTERS AND POLICE.

It is reported at Limerick that a gang of moonlighters have captured a police patrol. The report has caused a sensation.

AN INCENDIARY CAPTURED.

LIMERICK, March 7.—A cattle drover named Mullens has been arrested on the charge of being the incendiary who fired a number of dwellings and barns in this county on Thursday night occupied by tenants who had paid their rents.

THE NEW CHIEF SECRETARY.

Mr. Balfour, the New Chief Secretary for Ireland, has arrived here.

**Bulgaria.**

RELEASE OF THE REBELS DEMANDED.

SOFIA, March 7.—Baron Thellmann, the German Consul-General, on behalf of Russia, has demanded the release of six rebels, two of whom have already been shot. M. Flesch, the French Consul-General, has complained that Karaveloff and Tsanoff were maltreated by the Government. The Government denies the charge on the admission of the rebels themselves. The Porte has advised the Government to deal leniently with the rebels.

A PLUCKY CONSUL.

The German Consul at Rustchuk, whose protection was sought by Capt. Boltmann, one of the leaders in the recent revolt, and who claims to be a Russian subject, has been requested by the Bulgarian authorities to surrender the refugee and has refused on the ground that his Government has not instructed him to do so.

WATCHING RUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 7.—Much anxiety is felt here as to whether or not Russia will allow the execution of the Bulgarian conspirators to pass unnoticed.

"MANAGER" LONSDALE SUED.

The Marquis of Lonsdale has been sued by Cornelia Danka for breach of contract in failing to carry out his engagement with her as a member of the Violet Cameron Operatic troupe.

**France.**

HOTEL-KEEPERS SELLING OUT.

NICE, March 7.—In consequence of the panic caused by the recent earthquakes, hotel-keepers here are selling out at a great sacrifice. Many of the inhabitants are still camping out.

**Italy.**

DECLINES THE OFFICE.

PARIS, March 7.—The Figaro says that on the plea of ill health, Mgr. Rampolla del Tindaro, at Madrid, has declined the Papal Secretaryship made vacant by the death of Cardinal Jacobini.

**The Dominion.**

EUROPEAN EMIGRATION.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 7.—Advices received by the Department of Agriculture indicate that the influx of emigrants from Europe to Canada will be greater this year than ever before. The rush is expected to begin early in April. Information has been received here that the ninety-days' quarantine enforced by the State of Kansas against cattle imported from Canada has been raised.

## THE NATIONAL BASE BALL LEAGUE.

**Annual Meeting in New York City—The Admission of the Eighth Club.**

NEW YORK, March 7.—The annual meeting of the National Base Ball League began today, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. It is expected that the session will be a long and important one. The main questions are the selection of a club to take the vacant eighth place, and the adoption of the playing schedule. Indianapolis and Kansas City are applicants for the vacant position. The Hoosiers have at last secured ample financial backing, and are confident of success. The schedule is well arranged, with but few conflicting dates. It is yet undecided whether Glasscock Denny and other coveted players will be given to the new club or auctioned off to the highest bidders. The delegates present are: Soden, Billings and Connaut of the Boston Club; Sterns of Detroit; Spalding of the Chicagos; Stromberg and Fine of the St. Louis and Kansas City Clubs; John B. Day and Charles Dillingham of New York; Hewitt and Gaffney of the Washingtons; Nimick and Phillips of Pittsburg; Reach and Wright of Philadelphia, and Burnham and others of the Indianapolis Club. The corridors of the hotel are thronged with base ball men who watch the star-chamber proceedings with great interest.

## RUMORED CONSOLIDATION.

**An Alleged Deal Between the Western Union and B. & O. Telegraph Companies.**

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Stock Exchange is full of stories about a deal having been made between the Western Union and the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Companies, and the price of the former sold higher than at any time since the December break. Brokers usually representing President Garrett of the B. & O. were heavy buyers of the stock last week, and an order is said to have been given to-day to buy 25,000 shares for a prominent director of the Western Union. No confirmation can be obtained of the consolidation.

## PNEUMONIA AND THE GALLOWS.

**The Alternatives Left to Dan Jewell, the Wife Murderer.**

Dan Jewell, the negro who is to be hanged Friday next for the murder of his wife, is now endeavoring to get rid of a bad case of pneumonia. Dr. Dorsett, the jail physician, appears determined to make Jewell's last hours on earth as miserable as possible, as he has ordered that mustard plaster's be placed all over his body to-day, and Jewell is now suffering all the tortures of the damned. Wednesday morning the Sheriff will place the death watch on him, and it will be retained until he is brought out on the gallows.

**Small Cases Settled.**

William Johnson who cut James Cunningham, watchman of the car-wheel works, was held by Judge Noonan for the Grand-jury in the sum of $500 to answer to a charge of assault to kill.

Dan O'Keefe, charged with burglarizing the saloon of Edward O. Harting, and stealing $3 worth of cigars and whisky, was allowed to plead guilty to petit larceny, and was sentenced to six months in the Work-house.

The cases of Thomas Parker and Clem Wallace, charged with burglary and larceny and Chas. Donalds, charged with assault to kill, were continued generally.

Otto Berlin and Bob Newman were each given four months in the Work-house for stealing $15 from J. J. Reinert.

**Held for the Grand-Jury.**

Charles Underwood and Walker Carroll, the two negroes employed by A. A. Paton & Co., who were arrested on a charge of stealing $40 worth of cotton from the firm on February 10, had a preliminary hearing before Judge Noonan to-day, and were held for the Grand-jury in the sum of $800. The case was nolle prosequied as to Jim Window, who was a co-defendant. These are the negroes who are charged with holding out samples of cotton taken from bales of cotton for inspection and selling them. The amount they are charged with stealing was extracted in one day it is claimed. Martin Stalworth, a colored friend of the defendants, was sentenced to ten days in jail for noisy and boisterous conduct in the court room, he being ejected for it once, but returning again and resuming it.

**The March Grand-Jury.**

The Grand-jury for the March term of the Criminal Court was selected and sworn in this morning. It is as follows: Matthew M. Flesh, foreman, Samuel W. Barber, Joshua P. Babbington, John F. Beimdeick, Chas. S. Russell, George Cousland, Fred W. Prange, William B. Bain, David A. Marks, John M. Doyle, George Hilke, John D. Ranken. Only the usual oral instructions were given the jury by the Court, and they retired to enter upon the duties imposed upon them.

**Not at Her Pier.**

JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 7.—Up to 1 o'clock today the steamer City of Chicago had not arrived at her pier. No information could be obtained of the employes at the dock.

The Manette Social Circle was entertained last evening by Misses Tillie Block and Perry Jacks at the former's residence, at 224 South Beaumont street. The party was given in honor of the two young ladies, who have just returned from a visit to Texarkana.

## PLYMOUTH'S PASTOR.

### HENRY WARD BEECHER, THE GREAT DIVINE, AT DEATH'S DOOR.

**A Long and Weary Night Watch at the Bedside of the Dying Man—Mr. Beecher in a Comatose State and Gradually Sinking—Hourly Bulletins Issued by the Physician in Attendance.**

NEW YORK, March 7.—It was a weary night for the members of the Beecher household last night. One by one they would silently move in and out of the death chamber, taking their turns at the dreary vigil. Dr. Searle was at the post of duty without intermission until nearly 6 o'clock, when he retired to his home to snatch a few hours' rest. Mrs. Beecher had kept watch over the sick man most of the night, caring he might pass away in her absence. She did, however, take a few hours' rest on her couch in the room adjoining that where the sufferer lay, but she left word to be called the instant the slightest change in her husband's condition was noted. Col. Beecher, who lived in the house with his family, was also ready at a moment's notice to go to his father's bedside, should the last come, but the dread summons did not reach him. He remained beside the bed for a few hours while his mother took a little repose, but the brave wife did not remain long away from her husband's side.

SHE BORE HER AFFLICTION HEROICALLY,

and as the day broke she was again in the sick chamber. The other members of the family in the house were W. C. Beecher and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Scoville and two sons, and Miss Dalay Beecher. Maj. Pond, Mr. Beecher's lecturing tour manager, who lives close by, was ready to come across to the house also, at a moment's notice. He is one of the few not of the eminent divine's immediate relatives, who was admitted into the house. The Major had traveled many hundreds of thousands of miles with Mr. Beecher, and for many years had been one of the sufferer's most intimate friends. At 6 o'clock when Dr. Searle went home this bulletin was issued:

"Mr. Beecher has been gradually failing during the night. His death is not, however, anticipated at present.

(Signed) W. S. SEARLE."

CROWDS READING THE BULLETINS.

All day Sunday, and until midnight, the officer on duty at the door of the house was kept busy answering the questions of friends or strangers. For hours the people stood in the cold, damp weather looking at the house, and it was not until the lights in the windows were lowered that the crowd was fairly dispersed. Even as late as 1 o'clock persons climbed up the steps and tried to read the last bulletins. Most of the flowers sent to the house came from the members of the congregation. Maj. Pond was in the house most of the day. He told the circumstances connected with Mr. Beecher's daily occupations just previous to the attack, with considerable feeling. He said that Mr. Beecher, only on Tuesday last, told him how strong he felt and how glad he was that he would be able to complete his book in time for the publishers, and what pleasure he found in writing the work. Maj. Pond also told of Mr. Beecher's visit to England a quarter of a century ago. In the coming September it was intended to give a grand celebration in honor of Mr. Beecher's fiftieth year in the ministry and the first half century of his married life; also the fortieth year of his ministry at the Brooklyn Church.

All this morning from just before daylight, there was collected a crowd of people on the sidewalk in front of the Beecher residence, eagerly scanning the latest bulletin.

NO CHANGE.

Dr. Searle left the house at 7:30 a. m., after issuing the 7 o'clock bulletin. At five minutes to 10 he came again, and remained fifteen minutes. When he left he issued the following bulletin:

March 7, 10:30 a. m.—No change in Mr. Beecher's condition since the last bulletin was issued. D. W. S. SEARLE, M. D.

Rev. Dr. Jacobs of the Jewish Ministers' Association called at the house and was allowed to go into Mr. Beecher's room. After looking intently upon the form of the great divine he sighed and left the room. In the hall-way he was met by one of the family and said: "This is not Mr. Beecher; it is simply a piece of breathing machinery."

THE FAMILY.

A few minutes after 11 o'clock Col. H. B. Beecher left the house to go to his office for a short time. At the corner he was met by a reporter and asked if his brother, Herbert Beecher, was coming on from Fort Seattle, W. T. In reply he said: "Herbert telegraphed, asking if he should come on, and I answered that it would not be necessary. I would prefer that the members of the family would remember him as he has been and not as he is now. Mr. Beecher is being nursed by an experienced nurse named Riordon."

When asked how Mrs. Beecher was he replied that she was more composed now that she realized that Mr. Beecher must die. She is in the room constantly. Last night she slept on the cot in the next room.

LIFE SLOWLY EBBING AWAY.

Dr. Searle said that when he left the house of Mr. Beecher his pulse and temperature were the same. He lies in a comatose state and does not move. His breathing is heavy and quick. He is perfectly unconscious, although Mrs. Beecher thought this morning that he recognized her when she spoke to him. At times he raises his right hand and places it to his head. The Old Plymouth Church Committee will hold a meeting to-night in the lecture-room of the church to make such arrangements as may be necessary.

At 11:30 Dr. Searle returned to the house. Before entering he said he would issue a bulletin at noon. He did not expect any change in Mr. Beecher's condition. Life is slowly ebbing away, and from the reports of those who have seen Mr. Beecher, it is evident that the end is not far off.

AT NOON.

12 O'CLOCK NOON.—The condition of Mr. Becoher at this hour does not vary essentially from that given to the press last evening. The only changes perceptible are an increase in the rapidity of pulse and respirations. These stand respectively 108, and 36 to 38 per minute. The respiration is also more shallow. The temperature reaches 101 degrees. These symptoms indicate the gradual failure of vitality, which has been anticipated and the consequent slow approach of the end. This course of the disease can only be changed by the occurrence of fresh hemorrhage, an accident which may or may not happen, and the time of which can not be surmised. There are no reasons to believe that a fatal issue will occur to-day. W. S. SEARLE.

Mrs. S. V. White left the house at noon. She said that the family were all in the room.

2 P. M.—Mr. Beecher's pulse is a little more rapid. There is no perceptible change.

**Refused to Condole.**

CHICAGO, March 7.—An extraordinary scene took place at the weekly meeting of the Congregational ministers, this morning. A topic which came up was the sickness from which Henry Ward Beecher is believed to be dying, and the statement of some of the pastors present took the shape of resolutions of condolence which it was proposed to send to Mrs. Beecher by telegraph. This was opposed by a number of the ministers, the opposition being based on the alleged heterodox views of Mr. Beecher. An acrimonious debate ensued, and finally the motion to adopt the resolution was lost. Great excitement prevailed, and the utmost efforts were made to keep the affair from the newspapers.

## THE BRAKEMEN'S STRIKE.

**Freight Firemen and Others Join the Strikers—No Freight Moved.**

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 7.—The Chronicle-Telegraph's special from Youngstown, O., says: The situation between the officers and striking brakemen on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad is practically unchanged. The brakemen held a meeting this morning and decided to accept no compromise, insisting upon the third brakeman for all freight and yard crews. They decided unanimously to use all efforts to protect the property of the company and retain public sentiment on their side. The excitement was increased this morning by the conductors and brakemen in the employ of the Pennsylvania Company striking, and no freight is being moved in or out of the yards. They ask that conductors shall receive 26 cents per hour, brakemen 19½ cents per hour; that ten hours shall constitute a day's work and pay at same rate all overtime. The advance asked by the brakemen is 2½ cents per hour and by the conductors 4 cents per hour. The demand for an advance was made two weeks ago, and the men receiving no answer, decided to pull out this morning. The men are quiet and orderly and manifest a determination to secure the advance or not return to work. The brakemen on the Pittsburg, Cleveland & Toledo Railroad here have asked that this third brakeman be put on, and if it is not conceded they assert that they will strike on Thursday of this week. Industrial establishments are badly crippled for stock and a general shut-down is imperative this week unless traffic is resumed.

NO COMPROMISE.

A Connellsville special says: The efforts of Superintendent Patton to bring about a settlement were in vain. He returned to the city this afternoon very much out of spirits. Not a wheel has moved since Saturday noon, except passenger trains, and everything is very quiet, and all the meetings of the strikers have been very orderly and well conducted. A large number are on the streets to-day and the strike is the sole topic of conversation. The watchmen and section hands asked for an advance and may come out unless it is granted. The shopmen here and at Glenwood have a number of grievances and it is said they will strike to-morrow.

**Spreading.**

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 7.—Only one freight train was moved on the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad this morning. It was a local freight, and it was reported that the crew had orders to leave it at Connellsville. The strike is spreading, and matters are becoming complicated. The freight firemen joined the strikers this morning, and the passenger firemen expect to be ordered out to-night. An effort was made to induce some of them to quit work this morning, but it was deemed best not to act hastily. If they conclude to come out the firemen on the mail trains will be allowed to remain, as the strikers do not care to interfere with the United States mails. The company is receiving freight for shipments this evening. The officials claim they will send out a train, but the strikers assert they will not be able to get a crew. Everything is quiet and no breach of the peace is anticipated.

**The Printers' Strike.**

MILWAUKEE, March 7.—The pressmen who joined the printers' strike on Friday last returned to the several offices to-day. The back of the Typographical Union is practically broken, and the old men are beginning to seek their former places. The proprietors of the newspaper and job offices have signed a compact not to recognize the Union.

## PLEADED GUILTY.

**A Colored Coachman Gets Four Years in the Penitentiary.**

Two pleas were received in the Criminal Court this morning.

The first was from William Smith, the colored coachman of Mrs. F. De Donato, who was in the habit of having little white girls visit him in his stable. On the 1st of last August some of the neighbors discovered a white girl in the loft of his stable divested of all clothing. It was then learned on investigation that there were other girls in the stable, and that he had been having a number of young white girls call there. He was arrested and several charges of criminal assault preferred against him. The girls were spirited away, however, in all the cases except one and the indictments had to be nolle prosequied except in this one instance. This was in the case of Mary Moore, and she was held by the State by being placed in the House of the Good Shepherd. This morning Smith withdrew his plea of not guilty and was allowed to plead guilty to attempted criminal assault and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. It is very doubtful whether he could have been convicted, as the element of force would have been very difficult to prove, but, on the other hand, if convicted he would be apt to get a very heavy sentence.

Ernst Jergnson, alias Johnson, charged with stealing three overcoats valued at $40 from Henry Ahlers, was allowed to plead guilty to petit larceny and was sentenced to three months in jail.

## HANGED TO A TRESTLE.

**Alex Crawford, a Negro Murderer, Lynched by Citizens at Winona, Miss.**

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 7.—A special to the Avalanche from Winona, Miss., says: Alex Crawford, the negro murderer, was taken from the jail by an immense crowd of enraged citizens to-day and was hanged from a trestle on the railroad near town. He made a desperate fight in his cell against the crowd, being armed with a broom-stick which he wielded with effect, but was finally overcome. He died game, refusing to make any declarations. His victim was Vic. Loggins, a prominent merchant of Winona, whom he killed on the evening of February 28.

## THE CABLE ROAD.

**Election of Directors—A Dinner to the General Manager.**

At a meeting of the St. Louis Cable & Western Railway Company, held at the office of the company this afternoon, the following Directors were elected: James Richardson, Jr.; A. Mansur, Edwards Whittaker, W. H. Thomson, F. M. Colburn, Dwight Tredway of St. Louis and L. Higginson of Boston. Mr. Colburn is the only member of the old directory re-elected. A. de Figueiredo was made General Manager. He will take charge to-morrow. Dwight Tredway will be President of the company.

DINING THE MANAGER.

At the St. Louis Club this evening a dinner will be tendered Alphonso de Figueiredo by some of his friends on the occasion of his assuming the management of the cable road. Those who will sit down with Mr. de Figueiredo are T. T. Lewis, Charles Wiggins, Sid Francis, Lew Perry, L. G. McNair, Geo. G. Bain, Page McPherson, Alonzo and Christy Church and Wilbur Beall.

**The Nogales Outrage.**

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 7.—Gen. Miles last night received a telegram from Capt. Lawton, stating that troops were encamped near Nogales, but anticipated no trouble. The Mexican authorities regret the outrage, and arrested all the offenders but one, and turned them over to the American civil authorities.

# THE ENGLISH BEAUTY.

ARRIVAL OF MISS MAY FORTESCUE AND HER COMPANY.

**Some Distinctly Feminine Attributes Displayed by the Actress at Once—She Chats About Her Trip and About America—Her Engagement With Marcus Mayer or Any Other Man Denied—A Glimpse of Beauty in a Morning Robe.**

There was an interesting passenger on the Pullman sleeper of the Indianapolis & St. Louis train that pulled into Union Depot this morning. This passenger managed to look interesting to despite the smoke and dust of travel which had located in convenient spots on her. It was a lady—pretty face. When the train reached the depot and the lady prepared to move she made desperate attempts to make two hands and a couple of arms distribute themselves among fifteen different bundles and valises after all her companions had been loaded with an indefinite number of other bundles. Failing to find the necessary hooks on herself to hang the things she looked around with a most heart-melting, appealingly pretty and helpless glance for aid, that if the same expression had been assumed on the stage, the occupants of the front rows would have run the risk of scorching coat tails to jump over the footlights and rescue the suffering girl. The bundles, boxes and satchels were all finally disposed of and the lady was safely stowed away in a carriage and was soon rattling to the Southern. The lady was

MISS MAY FORTESCUE

the pretty English actress whose mental and personal charms captured an earl's son and made a successful sortie on his purse.

She has captured a large portion of the American public since her coming here about six months ago, and she has captured just as many off the stage as on it. This is due not only to her piquant and interesting beauty, and bright, clever conversational powers, or by what may be called her charming femininity. The first quality that strikes one about Miss Fortescue is this rather indescribable impression of being a thorough woman with the characteristics of the sex which attract and appeal to the other sex and her own. It was what first suggested itself to a POST-DISPATCH representative when Miss Fortescue kindly received him a few hours after her arrival and within half an hour he was hopelessly in her bondages, sympathizing with all her little trials and entering soulfully into all her pleasurable incidents of a trip half-way across the Continent. This bundle business is one of the idiosyncrasies of the sex in which Miss Fortescue shines. She would not travel without a pile of bundles—that is, she might travel, but she would not feel distinctly happy and satisfied, no matter how many trunks she had, and when she reaches her destination the porters, and, in fact, all the males within sight are brought into requisition to get her pleasantly through. She wants to know everything and to see everything, to be known and seen, and before the news paper man knew what he was about the tables were turned and he was being interviewed by the brightest kind of an interviewer. Then there was

ANOTHER DISTINCTLY FEMININE ATTRIBUTE

that cropped out at once. The waiter handed her a letter and she excused herself to read it, and Mr. Haslom handed her a paper with the remark that there was something in it for her to read when she got to her room.

"What I get to my room to read indeed!" said she, "Do you suppose I could hold this paper in my hand and not look at it until I get to my room. I am too much of a woman for that. I'll just read it now if you will let me."

It happened to be a reference to the rumored engagement of Mr. Marcus Mayer and herself. She laughed a little bit over it and remarked: "I imagine that Americans must be very domestic. They seem so anxious to marry an actress off. Now I have been married three or four times to as many different gentlemen, and I am thinking seriously of writing to the Mormons to know if they have a vacant place for a prophetess. Mr. Mayer and I have been much amused by these reports. I have just written a little note to him and told him that I thought it was very unkind in him to marry me without letting me know about it. One likes to know when one is about to be married.

"No, no; there is not the slightest truth in it. I have no idea of marrying. I won't say that I have taken a vow of celibacy, but there is no present prospect. None in the world. I am working too hard. But," referring to the letter, "I am in love with the mail—the post I mean. Letters are a passion with me, and I regard a day as lost which does not bring me one at least. I will take even a circular if I cannot get a letter, but I must have something in every mail. I do not like to write letters, however, like everyone else."

Something having been said about America and traveling across the country, Miss Fortescue added: "I am both pleased and displeased with the way you travel here. I am a fidgety person and like to be moving about, and to see people, so I like your coaches, because one can go all over the car, but again when one wants to be quiet there is no such thing as peace to be had. In England you can have a compartment all to yourself, when you wish it, and have not a sound to disturb you, but our distances are nothing as compared to yours, and we know nothing about long traveling. I cannot sleep on the cars at all, and so, of course, I feel wearied and when I get through so grubby"—"grubby" is English for soiled and dust-stained—"but this morning I feel all right. I have had my breakfast and a bath and they say that is all an English-woman needs. I had a nice experience with a happy family on board, and I confess to being in hearty sympathy with Herod. But America—I am delighted with it. I do not feel as if I could live again without your atmosphere, sunshine and blue sky. They act like tonics on me."

Miss Fortescue also said that she liked American audiences, although there was nothing that exactly took the place of the English pit with its ready sympathy and applause or condemnation, but American audiences are quieter, better listeners, and come to the theater earlier than English audiences.

AMERICAN LADIES

should feel complimented, too, because Miss Fortescue said that she had never seen prettier women. "They are so delicate and have such exquisite taste in dressing."

In personal appearance the English beauty is striking and is tall and slender. She wore a blue velvet robe gathered at the waist, with train, and it was most becoming to her. She has a shapely head covered with a mass of hair which is a rich shade of auburn just tinged with gold, blue eyes and features which are rather piquant and interesting than regularly beautiful.

She is accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Finney, her sister, Helen Fortescue, who is in her company under the name of Helen Farrars and a private secretary, Capt. W. H. Biddle, who attends to all business for her. The play "Gretchen," in which she appears to-night, Mr. Gilbert says, is one of his best literary efforts, but Miss Fortescue's favorite part is that of Frou-Frou which will be given twice this week.

### A Fatal Fall.

READING, Pa., March 7.—A scaffold at the new Keystone Market-house, in course of erection here, fell this morning, and fourteen workmen were precipitated to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. Albert Dorbert was internally injured and will die, and several others were seriously injured, some of them having broken limbs and others sustaining severe internal injuries.

### The Bridal Bulletin.

| Name and Age. | Residence |
|---|---|
| Taylor Bishop, 26 | 4014 Papin st |
| Phoebe Walker, 20 | 9001 Barrett st |
| Joseph Schneider, 22 | Alton, Ill |
| Maggie Trefz, 17 | 3204 Magazine st |
| Wm. Hoffman, 27 | 2605 Baldwin st |
| Auguste Melling, 23 | 2605 Baldwin st |
| Moses N. Sale, 29 | 1903 Rutger st |
| Florence D. Rider, 20 | 1919 Hickory st |
| Benjamin Rodemann, 23 | 218 Carroll st |
| Anna M. Hurt, 19 | 1300 Emmet st |

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING RINGS. Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices. *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

Geo. T. Smith of Middlings Purifier fame is in the city.

### FORGOT BEECHER.

**Only Two Denominations Remember Him—Church Music.**

The peculiar thing about to-day's ministers' meetings was the absence of any reference to Henry Ward Beecher's illness, except that made by the Congregationalists and the Christians. The big denominations—the Baptist, Episcopalian and Methodist—took no notice of the struggle the great preacher is going through to-day. The Christian pastors took a great deal of interest in his condition, and spoke of his sufferings with sincere expressions of sorrow and regret. Rev. J. H. Garrison, senior editor of the Christian Evangelist, told of how he had met in England men who had heard Beecher speak for the Union during the war. Especially he mentioned what one Englishman had said about Mr. Beecher's reception at Manchester, the seat of sympathy with the South. There was an outburst against the great preacher when he began speaking, but before finishing he had conquered all opposition, and at the close the throng pressing forward to shake him by the hand was so great that he couldn't reach them all, and so he pushed out his umbrella to the farthest out, who shook it with goodwill. Rev. I. M. Trible spoke of Beecher as the greatest pulpit orator of the day and age.

CHURCH MUSIC.

The Presbyterians heard a paper by Rev. George E. Martin of the First Presbyterian Church, on "The Relation of Pulpits to the Service of Song." He took strong ground in favor of paid choirs and explained why the pulpit should take an active interest in the musical service. The discussion following was quite general. The trend of it was in favor of the paid choir as being more amenable to the authority of the sessions than the voluntary choir. Next Monday Rev. Dr. J. J. Marks will read a paper on "Dancing."

The Baptists heard reports from the churches. During February twenty-five persons have been accepted as members at the Sixth street tabernacle. At Fee Fee Rev. George Steele is preaching regularly. At the Fourth this week meetings will be held every evening except Saturday. The visitors to-day were Dr. Abbott, Upper Alton, Rev G. H. Charles of New York, Rev. W. A. Chambliss of Carondelet. Next week final action will be taken on the Salvation Army. The Methodists held an informal meeting and the Christians, Southern Methodists and Congregationalists simply heard reports.

### BELLEVILLE.

**An Interesting Trial Begun This Morning—Notes and Personals.**

In the Circuit Court this morning the case of Emil Moncourt, charged with an attempt to kill Joseph Touchette, was on trial. About two years ago Moncourt, who bore an enmity to Touchette for the reason that he believed the latter, who was his brother-in-law, had been endeavoring to estrange his children from him, went out to Centerville, where Touchette resides, for the purpose of killing him. He found Touchette in his yard and emptied both barrels of a shot gun at him. Touchette, who had followed him into the yard with his shotgun on his shoulder surmised his intention and threw himself to the ground an instant before Moncourt fired. He was hurt, but Moncourt, believing that he had killed him fled, and going to the Centerville Cemetery where his wife is buried, lay down upon her grave and placing the muzzle of his shotgun, which he had reloaded, to his head, pulled the trigger with his foot. Just as he snapped the trigger he turned his head, and though the charge made a horrible hole in the left side of his forehead, he was not fatally injured. He was found unconscious several hours afterwards and sent to the County Hospital, where he has remained ever since. His wound has not yet entirely healed.

The Grand-Jury returned about ten indictments this morning against liquor merchants who have been selling without a license, but they were not made public, as Judge Canby has not yet fixed the bonds.

Ferd Bertram, the farmer who had an altercation with Ed Reichert near O'Fallon and stabbed him in the breast, was brought to Belleville to-day and placed under an $800 bond, which he furnished.

Frank Moeller, Frank Mayer, Adam Nagel and Henry Jansen were arrested last night for fighting, and were fined $3 and costs each this morning.

The board of Supervisors was in session this morning, but transacted only routine business.

John W. Pierce was given an examination before Squire Phillips, this afternoon, on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Frederickson, the wife of a saloonkeeper at Reef Station. He was fined $10 and costs.

Mrs. Catherine Snyder of West Belleville died last evening of dropsy. She was in her 67th year.

Mrs. Mary Miller, aged 28 years, a resident of South Belleville, died yesterday in childbirth.

### Corporation Elections.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Railroad Company this morning the following directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: John K. Lionberger, J. C. Cabanne, J. Clarke, Chas. Parsons and P. C. Maffitt.

The annual meeting of the Directors of the St. Louis Union Stock Yards for the election of Directors to serve for the ensuing year took place this morning and terminated with the election of the following directors: John Catlin, P. C. Maffitt, C. C. Maffitt, John A. Scudder, John F. Keiser, J. G. Prother and Peter Lohman.

### A Slick Scheme.

The POST-DISPATCH stated last week that Treasurer Jordan has ordered a sorting of all quarters and halves at the Sub-Treasury here of the issue prior to 1853. It now turns out that Congress failed to appropriate anything for the coining of dimes, and as the old quarters and halves have more silver than the new, he is getting them together to coin the extra silver into dimes.

### The First Effect.

One of the first effects of the fat lure of Congress to pass the deficiency bill was shown this morning by the discontinuance of reports of the Signal Service reports from all points East of Indianapolis, except Oswego. There will probably be no change until July 1.

### The Weather.

There is a decided fall in the temperature in the Northwest, and the indications are for a slight fall. It was 48 deg. above zero here this morning, a drop from 72 last Saturday, and probably as low as 40 will be touched in the next twenty-four hours.

### Carondelet Jottings.

Messrs. Abraham Block and Jacob Frank left last night for Joplin, Mo.

A portion of the stone wall on the east side of St. Joseph's Convent was washed away by the rains of Saturday, causing a loss of probably $100.

Police Justice Von Gerichten had three callers this morning and disposed of them as follows: Thomas Renshaw, carrying concealed weapons, was fined $100 and sent to the Workhouse; John Erb, for disturbing the peace, was fined $10 and sent to the Workhouse; Henry G. Kopka was fined $25 for disturbing the peace.

The annual meeting of the Odd Fellows' Cemetery Association for the election of directors took place this morning in V. B. S. Reber's drug store and terminated with the election of the following gentlemen: Frank J. Poupeny, Jr.; E. Le Marchal, V. B. S. Reber, H. J. Hinsman, Wm. Patrick, A. J. Shores, Chas. F. Vogel, Jillian Frank, John Gansman, Felix Francis, Dr. L. S. Reber, John Fett and Tony Baumgartner. The newly elected directors will hold a meeting this evening at the above place to elect officers for the ensuing year.

Yesterday afternoon a mill took place on a vacant lot on Broadway and Polping street. The contestants were William Nicola and John G. Schlichtig, two well-known young gentlemen of this locality. Both men plunged in with the intention of doing each other up in as quick a time as possible. Three rounds were fought before quite a crowd of spectators. As time was called for the fourth round, both men stepped up, shaking signs of a severe thrashing. This round proved to be very interesting, but Officer Canty put in his appearance just in the nick of time to put a termination to the affair. The men were taken to the police station, where they spent the greater part of the day. Before nightfall, however, they were bailed out. They will be tried before Police Justice Von Gerichten to-morrow morning.

# COSTLY CONQUESTS.

A TRIO OF "MASHERS" FINED IN THE POLICE COURT THIS MORNING.

**How Mr. Newman Bet $5 That He Could Hold a Conversation With a Young Lady That He Never Met Before, and How He Lost the Bet and Was Fined $20 Besides—A Saturday Night Frolic Which Ended Disastrously—The Young Ladies' Story.**

The dull monotony usually attendant upon the cases of disturbance of the peace, and assault and battery called every day in the Second District Police Court was varied today by the appearance in Court of three young men charged with "mashing." The names of the young gallants who suffered the indignity of being placed in the prisoners' dock are Henry Glover, who devotes his time to the light duties of clerk; John C. Newman, a young man who takes care of the shipping-room of Messrs. Morrison Brothers' pork-house and John Mason, foreman of the South St. Louis cotton ware-house. The young men were dressed in the latest fashion—light spring overcoats, delicate canes, high and white laundered collars, conspicuous jewelry, and, in fact, their apparel as a whole would lead the casual observer to the conclusion that they were of that particular class to which modern cant has seen fit to apply the term dude. As one of the audience present remarked, the young men were very "ah there!"

When the case was called the City Attorney called out the name of each of the young offenders, asking him the usual routine question: "You are charged with disturbing the peace; are you guilty or not guilty?" and each in turn, with a rather mournful and regretful expression on his countenance replied "guilty." Notwithstanding the plea however, the court thought fit to hear the evidence in the case and the city attorney therefore proceeded to bring the evidence out. The prosecuting witnesses were Misses Mary and Kate McCormick, two rather pretty and neatly dressed little ladies living at No. 708 South Broadway. As might be surmised the two young ladies are sisters and

MISS MARY

was the first requested to occupy the witness' chair. When she was settled comfortably in the seat the City Attorney, a half smile flitting across his face, asked her to explain to the court the circumstances under which the prisoners had annoyed them.

The gist of Miss McCormick's evidence was to the effect that last evening she and her sister, Katie, paid a visit to the dime museum on 9th street. While engaged in inspecting the curiosities they were approached by the three young men whose names are given above and who immediately began to talk "at" them after the fashion generally used by the "masher."

"One moment, Miss McCormick," inquired the City Attorney, "did this occur in the 'theatorium' or upstairs?"

"It was upstairs on the third floor where they keep the monkeys," replied the young lady, resolutely. "We were standing before a place with a glass case in it and one of the three made the remark that if he had a glass case he'd like to give it to a lady with a red dress that he had his eyes on. I suppose he meant me, because yesterday I wore a red dress. Then I heard one of them say something about $5, and we walked away from them. They then followed us and kept on making funny remarks at us and asking us questions. Finally one of them, that young man there (indicating Mr. Newman) left the other two and walked right up to me."

"Walked right up to you, yes; and what did he say?" asked the City Attorney anxiously.

"Well, he started out by telling me not to be frightened, that he wasn't going to insult me or anything like that. He said that he had made a bet with the other two of $5 that he would have a five minutes' conversation with me. 'I want you to smile, you know, and just talk a little,' said he, 'as though you were chatting with a lady friend.' He said he didn't want to smile or talk a little with him, either, and walked away. We then went up to the private watchman and complained to him about the matter, and he arrested them. That's all I know about it."

Miss McCormick then left the stand, and her place was taken by her sister, who corroborated her evidence.

PRIVATE WATCHMAN LEONARD

testified that when he approached the young men one of them, Mason, placed his hand to his hip pocket, as though to draw a weapon, but that any such act was averted by the sight of Mr. Leonard's goodly cane. With the assistance of Officer Casey, Leonard took the trio to the Third District Station, where they gave bail and were released.

Mr. Newman asked permission of the Court to state his side of the affair, notwithstanding his plea of guilty, and this he was graciously allowed to do. He said that he and his two companions felt rather secure in addressing the young ladies and had no desire to insult them or offend them. He had often heard of innocent flirtations at dime museums, and, when this was true, he had never heard of any unpleasant consequences following them. It was this matter of precedent which had made him bold to accost the young ladies, whom he characterized as "lively," and he had no idea that his addresses were to be taken in the light of an insult. He wished to inform the Court, however, that whatever part he might have played in the little episode, which unfortunately had turned out so sadly, his young friend, Glover, was blameless, having been a spectator to the affair rather than a participant in it.

Judge White, having heard both sides of the case, gave his decision. Inasmuch as Mr. Glover was less to blame for the trouble than his companions, he would assess a fine of $5 upon him, while on the two others he would impose fines of $20 each and costs. Besides this punishment for the first offense, Judge White also fined Mr. Mason $10 and costs for carrying concealed weapons, as a pistol was found upon his person when he was searched at the police station.

As soon as the court closed the young men paid their fines and were allowed to go. They seemed to be in no want of money, of which they had a good-sized roll, and did not appear to take their punishment with pain. The young ladies were both well dressed and respectable in appearance.

### THE ADAMS MINE.

**James Campbell's Report on It Anything but Encouraging—Mining News.**

Jas. J. Sylvester, Vice-President, and Jas. Campbell, one of the largest stockholders of the Adams Mining Company, returned this morning from Leadville. These gentlemen went out to examine the Adams property in company with President Adams. The mine has been shut down for a month. It was at first claimed that the shut-down was due to an advance in smelter charges which made it unprofitable to work the mine. Afterward it developed that the advance in smelter charges was due to a change in the character of the ore which made a serious difference in the value of the property. Samuel Adams, the manager of the mine, resigned, and the stock, which had been selling around $6, fell to $2.25. It afterward recovered to $3, which was bid for it Saturday. Mr. Campbell said this morning: "As I expected, I found the Adams cutted; that is, all the best ore had been cleaned out to make a showing of earnings and to pay dividends. We went all through the property. We found places where the good ore had been handled four times getting it to the wagons while by going around they could have brought the wagons right under the chute and dropped the ore into them. But they did not have time to go around. They wanted to get the ore out as fast as possible, regardless of cost. As I said, about all the carbonate ore in the first contact is gone. They have run about 190 feet on

THE SECOND CONTACT

and found it to be a sulphide ore running about five ounces of silver and 20 per cent lead to the ton. The work to be carried on is the development of the Brookland discovery shaft, sinking on the Brookland shaft, drifting and working in the head of the second contact in the Brookland shaft. All of these are very expensive works, requiring constant pumping. The ore in second contact is a sulphide, and at present it will not pay to work it. We intend putting up a concentrator at a cost of $12,000 to the ore and $14 to treat it. There is an impression in Leadville that below the second contact about fifty feet there is another body of carbonate ore like that in the first contact. If this is so, the property is still a valable one. Its value, however, depends entirely upon the discovery of such an ore body. I think there are good prospects of it. There is enough ore lef tin the first contact to pay for developing the property. There will be no more dividends, however, you may feel assured, for six months. The mine has been badly mismanaged. That is, there were influences in New York which the manager could not overcome, which forced him to work the property for dividends. He was not to blame. We told him the best thing he could do would be to stick by the property and develop it, and although he wanted to resign he consented to do so."

SMALL HOPES.

Mr. Campbell also went through the Small Hopes property. Of that he said: "Mr. Mudd's letter is correct in every particular. There is about $1,000,000 in sight. The ore has been blocked out and anything beyond what is accounted for in this way is simply a prospect, just such as any undeveloped property might have.

* * *

A. Lambeth of Gold Hill, Mont., is in the city.

* * *

John A. Donaldson returned this morning from the East.

* * *

John H. Tracy, President of the Lochiel, returned to-day from a Texas trip.

* * *

On call ten shares of Lafayette Bank stock were offered at $170, with no bids.

* * *

H. Brentano returned from Hot Springs last night. He only missed the De Soto accident by the delay of an hour in the running time of his train.

* * *

Mexican Improvement was stronger to-day. On call Stettinius sold 1,000 shares to Campbell at $1.37½.

* * *

Sheridan was quiet all day. On call Joe Mullally bid 30 cents for 5,000 shares and off call 31 cents for that amount. Small lots were offered at 32½ cents.

* * *

A telegram received from the Hope mine this afternoon says that the average battery assay last week was 45 oz.; tailings, 4 oz.; saved, 89 per cent; mine in good condition.

* * *

It is probable that the syndicate owning the Garbritt, the property brought here by H. B. Slaughter some months ago from Leadville, will incorporate shortly. The capitalization will be small.

* * *

The Granite Mountain Mining Company's report for the week ending February 26 was received to-day. Superintendent Plummer writes that he resumed driving tunnel No. 5 on the 24th ult. No. 6 east was advanced 5 feet during the week, and the cross-cut of the vein as far as driven gives a width of 5 feet of 230 ounce ore. Winze E2 was sunk 9 feet, showing a 4 foot vein assaying 150 ozs. The various stopes average 188 ozs. of an average width of 3½ feet, and are about as before reported, except an improvement in C stope, which is showing shipping ore for a distance of fifteen feet. The week mill A reduced 163 tons of ore of an average assay value of 151 ozs. per ton saving 94 per cent. and Mill B reduced 255 tons of ore of an assay value of 135 ounces, saving 95 per cent. This week's shipment is of 43 bars, worth $60,900, and the telegram also reports ten tons of 700 ounce ore ready for shipment. On call Blessing bid $63.50 for twenty-five shares of the stock; none offering.

* * *

H. B. Slaughter returned this morning from Leadville. He went out to look after the Ideal and a property of his own. He says that after the last shot in the Midnight shaft the water finned in and drove the workmen out. The boiler purchased recently failed to do its duty, and it was found necessary to order a new sixty-five-horse-power boiler, at a cost of $1,400. The engine and boiler purchased before, cost $1,400. The new boiler should be in place within ten days when it will be known what there is in the Midnight. Mr. Slaughter says he believes the last shot will be found to have reached the ore. He took some rock off the dump and had it assayed, and showed traces of silver, but found that it was not ore but contained mineral. In the Katy the ore body has widened and they have come to a jump-off on which they have gone down lateral 8 feet without reaching the bottom of the ore. This is Mr. Slaughter says the richest ore they have found in the mine. The company has no money left in the treasury, but Mr. Slaughter refused to say how the work was being pushed without money.

* * *

A telegram from Springfield, Ill., announces that the Secretary of State to-day issued a license of incorporation to the Sylph Mining Company of East St. Louis, capital stock $300,000; incorporators, Fanny A. Kerr, Emma E. Squires and Rosa K. Walker. The ladies comprising the Sylph Company met at the Planters' House to-day, but merely discussed the incorporation and the general plan of development. The Sylph mine, which was brought here by Mrs. Kerr, is on Battle mountain, Eagle County, Colorado. It is a full claim of five acres with a tunnel of 172 feet for development. It is owned by Mrs. M. J. Austin of Denver, who will receive one-third of the stock for the mine. Five thousand shares are to be sold at $1 each for development purposes. Two thousand one hundred shares have been subscribed by forty-six ladies and four men. The men have $10 each in the enterprise. Among the lady stockholders are Mrs. Ben Walker, Mrs. C. H. Bailey, Mrs. Minerva Carr, Mrs. Cordell, Mrs. Murdoff, Mrs. Beall, Miss Emma Beall, Miss Ella Beall, Mrs. Woodworth, Mrs. Colman, and Miss Singleterry of Denver. The ladies will meet again Wednesday, between 11 and 10 o'clock.

* * *

The Superintendent of the Legal Tender writes that the output for March will probably be $100,000 ounces of base bullion or nearly $40,000 net. Frank P. Sheafer, publisher of the Pitkin (Colo.) Mining News, says, in an interview recently published: "Everything is showing a better future for us than ever before, and particularly the gold mines. The output is very large and the ore is a marketable grade. From these gold mines the mammoth Legal Tender mill is turning out and shipping East from 10,000 to 25,000 ounces of bullion weekly. These mines are being vigorously worked by the Legal Tender Mining and Milling Company, and they are improving wonderfully. The output is increasing right along and the company intend to increase the capacity of their mill at an early date. They made a wise investment when they purchased the Legal Tender properties. Why, sir, over half a million of dollars have been invested in the mines of Pitkin within the past sixty days, and more capital is just now seeking investment. Besides this activity in our mines the merchants report business improving and are putting in larger stocks of goods than ever before in anticipation of a booming spring trade. Mr. R. R. Williams, one of our most prominent merchants, who is now in Denver buying goods, has made arrangements since we arrived here to open the Pitkin Bank for the purpose of doing a general banking business.

* * *

At a meeting of the directors of the Bremen Mining Company this afternoon the following officers were elected: President, Joel Wood; Vice-President, Geo. W. Goddard; Treasurer, J. D. Filley, and W. L. B. G. Allen Secretary. Mr. Goddard takes the place of J. M. Thompson.

### More Kickers.

From the Chicago Herald.

Daniel B. Lucas, who has been appointed Senator from West Virginia instead of Coal Oil Camden, is known at home as "the chronic kicker." What is needed in the Senate, however, is a Bogardus kicker.

### Why They Strip.

From the New York WORLD.

The fashionable champions of the extreme decollete style claim it is natural for people who are "in the swim" to use very scant apparel.

### A Yankee Trick

From the Detroit Free Press.

From 1881 to 1886 our exports of cheese fell off over 7,000,000 pounds. It was the old story over again. As soon as the Yankee gets a foreign market he begins to adulterate his goods.

### Spread of Northern Civilization.

From the Memphis Avalanche.

The South enjoys all the luxuries of an effete civilization—million-dollar land companies, million-dollar fires—and now has had a million-dollar failure.

### Too Bad—They Should Be Corralled.

From the Hartford Post.

About the day that the spring poet is ready to thaw out, along comes a cold morning and freezes his stanzas before they can be penned.

# WASHINGTON.

HOW THE GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL WAS LAID OUT.

**A Breakfast Which Caused a Fatal Delay—Senator Farwell Secures a Postmastership for His Family Seamstress—A Senatorial Pleasure Party—Tennessee's Tax on Non-Resident Drummers Declared Unconstitutional.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—It turns out that the cause of the failure of the deficiency bill was a breakfast. The House conferees, worn out with their all-night wrestle with items and estimates, went into the restaurant to refresh their inner selves at 9 o'clock on Friday morning. At 9:13 their order was put before them. This allowed just two minutes for the repast, as they had agreed to meet the Senate conferees again at 9:15. It was 10 before the conference began. That interval of forty-five minutes, if saved, would have been enough for the work of enrolling the bill.

### Senator Farwell's Appointee.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 7.—The Postmaster-General, recognizing the rule of "Senatorial courtesy," accorded recently to Senator Farwell, the successor of Gen. Logan, the right to name the postmaster in the town in which he resides. The town, Lake Forrest, is a sort of suburb of Chicago, and is in the Congressional District of Representative Lawler, a Democrat. Mr. Lawler thought the office belonged to him and had recommended one of his Democratic constituents. Mr. Farwell, however, suggested the rule of "Senatorial courtesy," and after a consultation with the Postmaster-General, the latter gracefully acquiesced. Mr. Farwell behaved quite handsomely about it, for instead of designating a male politician of his party he recommended a worthy and perfectly competent young woman, named Mary McLaughlin, who had been a seamstress in his family and who, of course, never dreamed of any such good luck. The place is worth about $1,500 per annum.

### The Signal Service Crippled.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The signal service is likely to be sadly pinched by the failure of the general deficiency appropriation bill. The deficiency estimates for this service aggregated $25,770, a large part of the total being estimated for transportation and mileage. The estimate for transportation of men and baggage was a small item, amounting to but $2,325, but the failure of Congress to appropriate that sum will cause much embarrassment, for, in order to transfer a subordinate Chief Signal officer, it is now impossible to move a man, even to discharge or re-enlist him, or to replace those who are dead or dangerously ill. The terms of enlistment of a number of men have expired, but they must be retained in the corps from lack of money to send them to their homes. The most serious consequence of the failure of the bill, perhaps, will be the discontinuance of the storm warnings, cold waves, etc., at a number of important points, owing to the failure of the item appropriating $50,000 for telegraphing and repairing these warnings. So nearly exhausted is the sum now available for this purpose that a heavy cut must be made in the service at a very early day.

### A Senatorial Pleasure Party.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 7.—To-day at 11 a. m. there left Washington a little Senatorial party, bound for Florida and Cuba. It consists of Senator Sherman and his daughter, Senator Butler and Miss Butler, Gen. and Mrs. McCook, Senator Palmer and niece, Miss Roby, Senator Manderson and his wife and Miss Cameron, Senator Brown and Mr. F. G. Carpenter. They travel in a special car, equipped for a fortnight's absence, and will go direct to Charleston, where they make one day's stop, then they go to Jacksonville, then to Sanford, where they take a boat ride up Indian River, and on their return to Sanford cross to Tampa, take the steamer Mascotte and go to Havana. After three or four days' pleasuring in Cuba the party will return as rapidly as possible to Washington. The excursion has no political significance whatever, and, as Senator Palmer says, "Cuba hands will wear their speech preservers."

### The President's Birthday.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—President Cleveland will be 50 years old on Friday, the 18th inst. He has not yet decided whether to make any especial occasion on that date, but it is quite probable that he will enjoy it in quiet domestic way, like the good and dutiful husband that he is. He will be only the fourth President celebrating his semi-centennial anniversary in the White Houses, the other three were James K. Polk, Franklin Pierce and U. S. Grant. If Garfield had lived a month longer he would have been 50.

### The Drummer's Tax Unconstitutional.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The Supreme Court has to-day rendered a decision in a case brought from Tennessee, which involves the right of one State or municipality to impose a license tax on drummers or travelers, or salesmen from another state, seeking to sell goods by sample or otherwise. The decision is that such taxation is an interference with interstate commerce and is therefore unconstitutional.

### Redemption of Trade Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—Acting Secretary Fairchild to-day made arrangements for the redemption of trade dollars at all the subtreasuries. This will include the Treasury at Washington. A circular on this subject will be issued this afternoon.

### The Issue of Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The issue of standard silver dollars from the mint during the week ended March 5, was $313,714. The issue during the corresponding week of last year was $356,320. The shipments of fractional silver coin during February amounted to $291,889.

### Buffalo's New Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 7.—The President has appointed John B. Sacket postmaster at Buffalo, N. Y.

### ABOUT TOWN.

L. C. Brandon, gents' furnishing man of the When, is in New York.

Frank P. Blair will remove early in May to Kansas City, where he has engaged offices for the practice of law.

A SADDLE and breeching, valued at $2, were stolen last night from a cart harness out of the stable of Mrs. Mary Sullivan, in the rear of her residence, No. 1601 North Twentieth street.

The Democratic City Central Committee will meet to-night, when the appointment of judges and clerks for the primaries on March 22 will be discussed. Selections will be made this week.

GEN. LYON POST, No. 2, Grand Army of the Republic, will give a camp fire next Saturday night at the Central Turner Hall. There will also be a vocal and musical concert, reception and hop.

AUGUST KRALEMAN'S residence on the second floor of 1307 Biddle street was broken into at 4:50 yesterday morning, but the burglar was discovered, and made his escape before he had time to get anything.

THE regular monthly meeting of the St. Louis Board of Fire Underwriters will be held at the rooms of the board to-morrow at 3 o'clock p. m. The revision of constitution and by-laws will come up for final action.

WHILE Frank De Lisle, conductor on the West End Narrow Guage, was coupling the engine to his train, at 8 o'clock last night, at Wells Station, he was caught between the locomotive and one of the cars and badly crushed. He was taken to his home in Florissant, where a physician was called in to attend him.

### More Bushels in a Car.

NEW YORK, March 7.—At a meeting of the grain trade to-day, at the Produce Exchange, it was decided that a car of oats should contain 1,000 bushels, instead of 950 bushels, as heretofore.

Surprising Spring Bargains

TO-MORROW.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 dozen Knee Pants | At 20 cents |
| 250 Boys' Vests | At 25 cents |
| 500 dozen 4-Ply Linen Collars | At 50 cents a dozen |
| 750 Children's Coat and Pants Suits | At 75 cents, $1.25, $2.00 and $3.00 |
| 200 Men's All-Wool Corkscrew Suits | At $7.50 |
| 500 Men's Blue Flannel Suits | At $4.95 |
| 150 Men's Heavy Union Cassimere Suits | At $2.95 |
| 250 Men's Union Cassimere Pants | At 95 cents |
| 225 Suits for Boys up to 17 years | At $1.75 to $5 |
| 50 dozen $2.50 Fur Stiff Hats | At $1.50 |
| 40 dozen Child's Flannel Waists, all colors | At 25 cents |
| 75 dozen Re-Enforced Linen and Percale Shirts | At 35 cents |
| 25 dozen Children's Polo Caps | At 10 cents |
| 300 pairs Ladies' Shoes | At 75 cents |
| 240 pairs Children's 75c Shoes | For 25 cents |
| 250 pairs Men's $2.50 Shoes | For $1.00 |
| 75 styles $25 Spring Suits of imported material | At $15.00 |
| Finest Shoes and Clothing | At proportionately low prices |

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

GLOBE, 705-713 Franklin Av

Largest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West.

Open until 9 o'clock every night, and Saturdays until 11 o'clock.

# UNDER COVER.

TWO APPLICATIONS FOR TERMINAL FACILITIES NOW BEFORE THE COUNCIL.

**Neither Bill Fully Discloses Its Objects in Regard to Terminal Points—The Union Railway & Transit Company's Bill Clashes with the Merchants' Ordinance—Extensive Railroad Plans Under Consideration.**

At the meeting of the Council Committee on Railroads this afternoon the fight on the terminal facility bills was inaugurated. Both sides are making a masked fight. The merchants' bill, introduced by the incorporators of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge, has not been as definitely worded as such bills are usually prepared. The route from the proposed bridge is not designated particularly, and beyond the Main street line it is not specifically stated. The southern end of the line is simply designated as the "south line of Plum street," making no provision for connecting with the Shipping Depot and the district known as the Railroad Valley. It fixes the maximum switching charge at $1, to be decreased on realizing over 8 per cent net on the invested capital. Although the Bridge & Tunnel representatives was drawn up by changing words and figures on the Merchants' bill, which was so kindly received and which gave evidence of such brilliant brains. The section fixing the bill is fixed at 75 cents per car for the maximum and 50 cents for the year subsequent to any year in which the net profits are 8 per cent on the capital. The proposed route was simply defined by block numbers. As yet none of the officials at the City Hall have figured out the line selected. By means of the map in the office of the Street Commissioners it was ascertained to-day that the Bridge & Tunnel Terminal road asks permission to occupy any or all of the territory enclosed in the following limits: Block 1703, bounded by Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, Scott avenue and Randolph street; block 1704, Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, railroad tracks and Scott avenue; block 1705, Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, Half street and Scott avenue; block 1706, Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, Scott avenue and Randolph; blocks 1707 E. and 1707 W., Twenty-third street to Jefferson avenue, Gratiot street and the railroad tracks; block 1718 E., by Twenty-third street and Jefferson avenue, Scott avenue and Atlantic street; block 1718 W., by Jefferson avenue, Company's Ketchum's, Cherokee Brewery Company; Somerville vs. Klotter et al.; West vs. Kemper; City vs. Williams; J. H. Vette vs. Frank Osborn.

The following judgments were rendered to-day in the Circuit Court: Liberty Brewing Company vs. Richard D. Aipers, judgment for plaintiff for possession and $84.30 damages; New York State Banking Company vs. Frederick Miller, judgment for plaintiff for $205.23; Frank Healy vs. Adolph L. Paul, judgment for plaintiff for $8,314.66; E. H. Semple et al., vs. Edward Butler, Judgment of August 17, 1885, for $936.46 revived with $87.53 interest. Benjamin vs. Polack, judgment for plaintiff for $3,336.90.

The assignee in the case of the Manufacturers Union Company was discharged to-day in Judge Seddon's court.

### MATTERS IN COURT.

**The Bridge Compensation for B. & O. Wire Service—Cases on Trial To-Day.**

The report of the Commissioner appointed by the Circuit Court to assess damages in the case of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company against the St. Louis Bridge Company was filed this af

# EVERY DAY NOW, BY LAND AND WATER, NOVELTIES AND NEW GOODS are received by the WM. BARR DRY GOODS COMPANY, and by NEXT THURSDAY, ANNIVERSARY OPENING DAY,

There will be in this city at least ONE Store and ONE Stock of Dry Goods that the people of St. Louis may be proud of. Read To-Day the Lists of New Arrivals:

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Print Department.**

Complete lines Spring Shirtings.
Magnificent styles in French Penangs.
Endless variety and all qualities of Cheviots.
Latest patterns and Dress Calicoes and Percales.
Crazy Cloth in every conceivable shade.
Silk effects in American Dress Sateens.
Stiefel's Germain Calicoes, all styles.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Imported Wash Fabrics.**

30-inch Lace Plaids; extreme novelties
French Foulard Sateen; the finest collection in America.
Twilled Zephyr Suiting; a new thing.
Raised Corded Zephyr; beautiful colors.
Embroidered Chambray Robes.
Knotted Cotton Pongee; very handsome.
Greylock Ginghams; these are a bargain.
Apron Gingham, all colors and patterns.
The finest line of Zephyr Ginghams in the world.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Ribbon Department.**

Just opened our first shipment of spring ribbons of satin and gros-grain, gros-grain, moire and velvet with plain, picot, loop and crown edges.
Our combination fancy ribbons and picot, loop, double loop and crown edges are more novel and exquisite this season than any previous.
We are showing plain and fancy ribbons in all the new spring shades of heliotrope, boise de judee, boreal, pactole, nile, serpent and lizzard.

**Novelty Opening in Dress Goods' Department.**

60 pcs 40-inch All-Wool Heather Mixtures.
40 pcs 36-inch Noil Silk Mixtures
50 pcs 24-inch Plush Stripes and Checks.
40 pcs 36-inch Printed Challi, for tea gowns.
30 pcs 50-inch Camel's Hair Suitings.
40 pcs 50-inch Pin Check Suitings.
40 pcs 48-inch Cashmeres, evening shades.
30 pcs 50-inch Worsted Camel's Hair.
40 French Pompadour Robes.
50 Plush Fancy Combination Suits.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's White Goods Department.**

Crepe Bourette in tufted effects, in white, cream and ecru.
Persian Suiting in cream and white with seersucker effects.
Two Tone Madras Suitings, elegant for morning wraps.
English, French and American Piques, the fabric most in demand.
Combination Stripe and Plaid Mulls, in sheer and satin finish.
French Tarantula, a new fabric for street wear.
Paris Medium in 3 weights and 15 qualities.
Very latest novelties in Fancy Lace Tucks and Revere Muslins.
Mulls de Parisian, cream and white, a soft and beautiful fabric.
Scotch, Jone's, French and American Cambric in all grades.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Dress-Trimming Department.**

Fancy worsted Braids in all the latest designs, in colors and black.
New spring Wrap Trimmings in all the latest novelties, in colors and black.
Beaded Gimps and Ornaments in endless variety, in colors and black.
Black and colored Beaded Sets, suitable for trimming short wraps and dress waists, in a great variety.
Black and colored Bead Pendants, by the dozen and by the yard, to match our new Gimps and Ornaments.
Colored and black Cord Ornaments in all the new spring shades, in endless variety.
Beaded Panels in great variety, made on a cord foundation.
Black silk crochet Gimps and Ornaments in all the latest designs; also the Tops to match.
Black braided Sets in the latest designs, including the skirt and waist trimmings.
Dull jet Passementerie and ornaments; also the Pendants and Head ng to match in endless variety.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Fancy Notion Department.**

Ladies' Card Cases in sealskin, alligator, morocco and Japanese leather from 50c to $3.
Ladies' and Gents' Pocketbooks and Portmonies in alligator, seal, morocco and snake from 10c each up to $6.50 each.
Newest designs Ladies' Traveling and Shopping Bags, every shape and color, $1 to $10 each.
Exquisite designs in Rhinestone Jewelry—breastpins, Earrings, and Necklaces, $1 to $15 each.
Choice designs in ruby and amber Jewelry; also gold, silver and onyx Jewelry in Sleeve Buttons, Bracelets, Breastpins, Necklets, etc., etc.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Glove Department.**

UNDRESSED KID GLOVES.

4 and 6-button Constanze, plain and embroidered.
4 and 6-button Perrin's, plain and embroidered.
4-button Perrin's embroidered with band at top to match embroidery.
8-button Mousquetaire, plain and embroidered, tan shades.

DRESSED KID GLOVES.

4 and 6-button Constanze.
4-button Perrin's, first quality, embroidered.
4-button Joinville plique sewn, for street wear.
Jersey Taffeta Silk Gloves, colored and black.
Jersey Pure Silk Gloves, all lengths and shades.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Corset Department.**

French-woven Corsets, 500 bones, embroidered bust, with four broad bones on each side, easy fitting, $1.50; worth $2.
The Equipoise Waists. These waists take the place of corsets; they are perfect fitting and always prove satisfactory to those discarding corsets; prices, $1.75, $2 and $2.25.
A full line of our leading makes, the Celebrated P. D. C. P. I. C. R. & G., and Thomson's Glove-fitting in all shades and lengths, also a full line of satin Corsets in all colors, from $3.50 to $7.50.
A full assortment of Children's Waists and Misses' Corsets for ages from 2 to 14 years; also Mme. Foy's Skirt-supporting Corsets.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Curtain Department.**

17 cases Nottingham Curtains in all the newest Plain Centre and Floral designs; our own importation.
4 cases Madras Curtains, very nice colors and new patterns.
5 cases Swiss Tambour and Applique Curtains; very choice patterns.
1 case Cross-Stripe Madras oriental designs; latest novelty for window and portiere Curtains.
43 pieces Beatrice Gauzine Drapery; a novelty for vestibule Curtains.
3 cases Madras Muslin, all colors, entirely new effects for sash and window Curtains.
5 cases Upholstery Fringes in all the new colorings.
15 bales Smyrna Rugs, all sizes and new designs.
350 dozen Chair Scarfs, new styles and rich effects.
Our stock of Upholsterine materials is now complete with all the newest designs in Jute, Raw and Spun Silk Tapestries, Silk and Mohair Plushes, etc.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Quilt Department.**

Direct importation of Nottingham Lace Bed Sets in handsome designs; prices range from $1.75 to $6 per set.
Novelties in Imitation Antique Lace Bed Sets from $6 per set and upwards.
Real Antique Bed Sets we have from $8.50 per set and upwards.
Novelties in Applique Lace Bed Sets from $6.75 per set and upwards.
Have received our first shipment of Spring and Summer Lap Robes in elegant designs.
Have opened our first spring shipment of Marseilles or Toilet Quilts, direct importation from Manchester, England.
Large variety of Patterns in Stamped Pillow Shams (Hill's Muslin), at 20c per pair.
Also, Stamped Bolster Shams (Hill's Muslin), at 35c each.
The Hookford Adjustable and Reversible Pillow-Sham Holder and Lifter; we are selling at 75c each.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Lining Department.**

100 pcs English Cambric, spring shades.
400 pcs Lonsdale Silesia, all the new colors.
50 pcs 40-inch English Lining Sateen, extra fine.
100 pcs Black-Back Reversable Linings.
70 pcs Farmers' Satins, new shades.
200 pcs Plain and X-Bar Crinolines.
Mme. Cavaidv's cut-waist Linings.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Handkerchief Department.**

Ladies' Hem-Stitched, Colored Border, new style.
Ladies' Hem-Stitched Colored Embroidered and Black.
Ladies' Hem-Stitched White Embroidered and Black.
Ladies' Hem-Stitched Embroidered and Tuck.
Ladies' Fancy Scolloped Embroidered.
Ladies' Scolloped Embroidered and Tuck.
Ladies' Hem-Stitched Embroidered and Revere.
Ladies' China Silk Handkerchiefs, all shades (Initial).
Gents' ¾-inch Hem-Stitched Colored Border and Embroidered.
Gents' ½-inch and 1-inch Hem-Stitched Colored Border, new style.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Gents' Goods Department.**

2 cases of Gents' Lavender and Brown Mixed Underwear; medium weight, suitable for the present season; choice goods at low prices.
4 cases Gents' White Medium-weight Shirts and Drawers at popular prices.
A full assortment of French Ecru Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers at all prices.
Full lines of Gents' Plain and Fancy Hair Hose, in French, English and German, remarkably cheap.
All the new and desirable styles of Gent's Neckwear, consisting of Teck's Four-in-Hands, Puffs, Windsors and folded ties. Every variety of Boys', Youths' and Gents' Suspenders—French, English and domestic.
Fresh arrivals of Gents' Kid and Fabric Gloves, suitable for spring wear.
Special attention has been paid to the selection of Dogskin, Cape Goat and Calfskin, for driving.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Flannel Department.**

50 pcs 31-inch Llama L. T. Suiting, our own importation.
75 pcs 27-inch Striped French Cloaking, the latest novelty.
175 pcs 25-inch Plain and Mixture All-Wool Flannel Suitings, for spring wear.
45 pcs 27-inch Missouri Fancy Stripes and Plaids, splendid value.
15 pcs 36-inch Eider-Down Cloaking, in light shades; nobby.
15 pcs 54-inch White All-Wool Lawn-Tennis Suiting, Nouveaute de Paris.
175 pcs 54-inch Merrion and Nevada Suitings, new for spring wear.
100 pcs Silk-Embroidered Flannel Skirting; all new designs.
30 pcs 54-inch Nobby Styles in La Porte Plaids for short wraps and newmarkets.
3 cases Summer Skirtings in different qualities.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Cloth Department.**

75 pcs 54-inch Sheboygan Tricots, nobby shades and splendid quality.
90 pcs 54-inch La Porte Tricots, best goods in the market.
15 pcs 54-inch English Cloakings, the latest for short wraps.
30 pcs 54-inch Scotch Cheviots, all the style for the season.
75 pcs 54-inch Boucle Cloth Cloaking, a great variety and cheap.
125 pcs 58-inch La Porte Plain Cloth, expressly made for our trade.
40 pcs 54-inch Amazone Broadcloth, our own importation.
90 pcs 27-inch Dress Corduroy, in 50 different shades, for spring wear.
500 pcs 27 and 54-inch Cassimere and Suitings for Gents' and Boys' wear, the largest and best assorted stock in the city to select from.
N. B.—Tailors are getting a liberal discount.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Silk Department.**

20 pcs. Surah Plaids.
30 pcs. Armure Plaids, new shades.
300 pcs. Check and Stripe Velvet, in all new spring shades.
200 pcs. Watered Silk, new shades and popular prices.
300 pcs. Pin-Stripe Surahs.
Checked India silk, and plain to match.
Printed India Silk, in 100 new designs.
200 new shade Faille Francaise.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's House Furnishing Department.**

Full and complete line of Baby Carriages, upholstered in imported silks, wools and plushes, with our celebrated novelty rod and parasol, $10 to $50.
Handsome and extensive line of the new mother-of pearl glassware, viz.: Vases, bowls, jugs, spooners, celeries and table sets, etc., etc.
Elegant line of new toilet sets of 10 and 12 pieces, banded, painted and hand-painted decorations, ranging in prices from $3.50 per set to $15 set.
Best Brass Library Lamps, 36 prisms and large spotted red shade, hung up, $4.98.
Elegant assortment of fancy colors and plain crystal domestic glassware.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Embroidery Department.**

Novelties in Two-Toned Egyptian Mull Skirtings, 45 inches deep.
Latest designs in 45-inch White Swiss Skirtings.
Novelties in Ecru and Two-Toned Cabale Skirtings, 45 inches deep.
A Variety of Patterns in French Hand Finished Nainsook Embroidery—all widths.
An Elegant Assortment of 22½ and 27-inch Swiss Embroidery for children's skirts.
Cream Irish Point, Embroidered in Red and Navy, 4½ to 18 inches deep.
All-over Hamburg and Nainsook Embroidery, in elegant designs, 22 inches wide.
Our Assortment of Matched Hamburg Embroidery cannot be surpassed.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Button Department.**

Our first shipment of Staple Pearl Buttons, in half fines, fines and superfines. They are the best goods manufactured and prices will be lower this season than formerly. Also
3,000 gross of Buttons, in fancy and engraved metal, cut steel, cut jets, pearl and steel, cut glass, all colors, plain and fancy crochet, etc., all our own direct importation and choice production of European designers.
Our importation of Pearl Buttons, in ball, ½-ball, cup shape, etc., in plain and carved, white, natural and all the new shades of the season, will arrive early this week.
Our purchases are so extensive this season that we enabled to offer the above lines at unusually low prices.

NOVELTIES RECEIVED DAILY.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Linen Department.**

1 case 68-inch wide Bleached Linen Damask, new designs, game patterns, spider web and morning-glories, Japanese, at $1.25 per yard. These are a novelty.
100 Turkey-Red Fringed Cloths, size 8x10, at $2 each.
100 Turkey-Red Fringed Cloths, size 8x12, at $2.50 each.
2 cases Richardson's Pillow Linens, in 40, 42, 45 and 54 inch wide.
100 doz. Huck Towels, size 17x24 inch, at $1.25 per dozen.
100 dozen Huck Towels, size 18x36 inch, at $1.50 per dozen.
100 dozen Huck Towels, size 20x44 inch, at $2.50 per dozen.
300 dozen Brown Huck Towels, size 20x45 inch, at 10c each.
50 pieces 16-inch wide very fine Twilled Crash at 12½c per yard.
1 case fine Embroidery Crash, 22½c per yard.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Lace Dept.**

All new shades in Bordered Veils.
Novelties in Black Beaded Grenadines.
White Chantilly Net, 27 inches wide.
White Chantilly Flouncing, 40 inches wide.
Latest designs in Black Spanish Guipure Net.
New patterns in Black Chantilly Net.
Handsome patterns in Black Chantilly Flouncing, 40 inches wide.
Novelties in Black Spanish Guipure Flouncing, 40 inches.
New Black Net Bead Pendants.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Underwear Department.**

We have now in our new spring stock a select line of Plain Cashmere Finished Jerseys, coat backs, with plain vests, neatly finished and excellent quality.
Infant's Merino Cloaks, long and short, handsomely embroidered.
Infant's French Flannel Cloaks, fancy, new.
A full line of Infant's and Children's Muslin and Lace Caps.
A complete line of French Needle-Work Chemise and Gowns.
French hand embroidered skirts and drawers.
1 Complete line of Fancy French Tea Aprons.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Hosiery Department.**

Ladies' Cotton Hose in hair-line stripes, broken transverse bands, Oriental designs, solid colors with blocked and vertical striped fronts; also, fast black and solid colors.
Ladies' Thread Hose, fast black and self-colors in plain, drop-stitch ribs, open-work and lace stripes.
Ladies' Fancy Lisle Hose in Roman and vertical stripes, blocked and serpentine, striped fronts woven in colors of elegant blendings.
Ladies' Pure Silk Hose, latest Parisian. Novelties in beaded and embroidered effects, open-work and corded striped ankles; all handsome rich shades.
Ladies' Plated Silk Hose, black and all the new solid colors in plain, fancy stripes, lace stripes, open-work-boot design and combinations of two colors, making a beautiful contrast.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Children's Clothing Department.**

A beautiful line of Children's Cloaks in Light Checks and Fancy Mixtures, trimmed in Fancy Braid Plaited Skirts; these goods are novelties; ages 2 to 12 years.
Also a nobby line of Short Jackets, latest designs, very stylish.
A handsome line of Boys' Kilt Suits, 2 pieces, in light stripes, checks and mixtures; perfect fitting.
A full line of 1-piece Kilt Suits in all the new shades and checks, something entirely new in cut.
A beautiful new line of Misses' Suits in all the new checks, combined with silk and velvet, ages 12, 14, 16 years; also all the novelties in Pongee Silk Cassimere and Cashmere Flannel.
Children's Gretchen Dresses in all the new shades, tan, gray, navy blue and red, combined with silk and velvet, and beautifully trimmed with Egyptian braid.

**Novelty Opening in Barr's Black Goods Department.**

25 pieces 42-inch Black French Camel's Hair Grenadines.
150 pieces 36 and 40-inch Black French Nun's Veiling, all grades.
75 pieces 36 and 40-inch Priestley's Celebrated Silk and Wool Henriettas.
50 pieces 42-inch Silk and Wool Light-weight Textures—in Clairette, Pansey, Convent, Gypsey Cloths, etc., for summer wear.
15 pieces 42-inch Black All-Wool Jacquards for Wraps, Mantles, etc.
20 pieces 44-inch Black Silk and Wool Camel's Hair and Camel's Hair Serges—this is entirely a new fabric. It has a surface which is a luxury to touch, combined with a firmness of texture and softness of fold that leaves nothing to be desired.
20 pieces 124-inch Black Silk and Wool Grenadine Frise, the latest novelty for overdresses, wraps, etc.
5 cases Black and White American and French Sateens from 12½c to 40c.

# ANNIVERSARY OPENING and DECORATION DAY, NEXT THURSDAY, at the WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO.'S,

Orders by Mail receive prompt attention. Sixth, Olive and Locust Streets, in the Great Street Railroad Center of St. Louis.


# THE EIGHTH CLUB.

## THE LEAGUE AT WORK TO-DAY ON THE PUZZLING PROBLEM.

### What Indianapolis Has Done to Secure a Franchise and Her Former History—The Revelations on the New Rules Made Yesterday—Kelly and Daly Weighing Up—Sporting News—Diamond Chat.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Base ball men from all parts of the country arrived in this city last night, and from the present outlook the lobbies and corridors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel will present an animated appearance to-day and base ball will be the absorbing topic of conversation. The meeting to-day will be to determine which city is entitled to the vacant place in the League made by the St. Louis club's withdrawal. This is preying on the base ball magnate mind. Ever since the St. Louis retirement the public as well as the managers and base ball men have been patiently waiting for the 7th of March. Now that the date has arrived the managers don't feel any easier. Early in the morning a parlor will be selected in the hotel, and in this the three leading magnates, J. B. Day, A. Spalding and Nick Young, will transact their business.

PRESIDENT HEIM

of the Kansas City, has felt the strain of waiting for this important meeting more than any other manager, because all the managers with the exception of Spalding have voted against the Cowboys' admittance. Mr. Heim is a millionaire and is a devoted lover of base ball. He has made every effort possible and done all that money will do to gain admittance to the League, but it has been of no avail. He has went so far as to offer the seven clubs the railroad and hotel expenses from St. Louis to Kansas City, but the managers objected. They say what they want is a city which is more accessible than Kansas, City so they can jump from one city to another without losing a day. Messrs. Heim & Company will strain every nerve to be counted in as the eighth club, and if they don't succeed it won't be their fault. They say money is no object. At the recent meeting in Pittsburg, when the Kansas Citys made so many offers to the League committee in session, things began to look blue for Indianapolis, but the other League managers were not present, and they made their propositions afterwards. Their preference for Indianapolis was so emphatically manifested, however, that the committee were not willing to assume the responsibility of admitting Kansas City in the face of the opposition of the majority of the League clubs. The committee then adjourned and gave the Indianapolis people until the 7th of March to hunt up backers. If they have $30,000 to-day and show a possibility of locating a club in Indianapolis, they will doubtless be admitted in preference to Kansas City. In a recent report it is stated that Indianapolis has managed to scrape up $21,000. This will not be sufficient, and unless the heads of the other clubs chip in and raise about $9,000 among them, it is likely that the idea of admitting

INDIANAPOLIS WILL BE ABANDONED.

The plans of the Indianapolis people were, if possible, to secure all the players of the Maroons and then sell Glasscock and Denny to the highest bidders. By doing this they would gain a few thousand dollars above expenses. Watkins of the Detroits should not vote for Indianapolis, as he knows very well what kind of a base ball town it is. Ten years ago Indianapolis had a nine that was almost invincible. Nolan was the pitcher, and so great was his skill that he was christened "the only Nolan." However, he proved a failure after a little while, and so did the club and at the end of the season the nine was $5,000 in debt, half that amount being due the players. McCormack, now of the Chicagos, was one of the creditors.

Since 1878 Indianapolis has several times tried professional base ball. Dan O'Leary gave the city a good club in 1882, but the stock paid very little dividends. Jim Gifford, late manager of the Metropolitans, scored a financial failure with his team in the same town, and then Watkins, now of the Detroits, tried the city in the Western League, but with only fair results. Nothing like League salaries were paid the players, while the attractions brought to Indianapolis were superior to anything that the League or Association could afford singly.

BASE BALL IN THE HOOSIER CITY.

During O'Leary's and Gifford's administrations the Association and League clubs were eligible to play there when they chose, as it was not a league ground. The Indianapolis people thus witnessed all the leading clubs of the country play and the home club had very little traveling to do and still the town could not support a low-salaried nine, and in that had very little expenses to meet. What will the present men, who are trying to get into the League, do? Why, shut down after playing a short time, and then another base-ball muddle will be experienced when the season of 1887 closes. The meeting of the American Association in Cleveland will be confined to forming a schedule which will dove-tail with the one the League men will arrange and which will have very few conflicting dates. Walter Watrous, the genial manager of the Metropolitans, has not gone to Cleveland, but he will be represented by O. P. Caylor, who will transact all his business in regard to the dates arranged. Preparations for the reception of the Brooklyn Base Ball team will begin on the Washington Park Ground to-day. The toboggan slide will be taken down and a new grand stand behind the catcher's fence erected. The nine will practice in the Fifth Avenue Casino in wet weather, so that every day Jack McMasters, their trainer, can put them through his formula.

## THE FIRST EXPERIMENT.

### A Game Under the New Rules Makes a Few Revelations.

The first local game of base ball played this season took place at the Union Grounds yesterday between the Prickley Ash and a picked nine made of some of the Maroons' players. The game was doubly interesting, first, because it had the charm that generally attaches to "first games" everywhere, and secondly because it was the first available chance that St. Louis has had of testing the new rules. The experiment, while not conducted under as thoroughly desirable circumstances as it might have been, was certainly satisfactory enough. It was practically demonstrated yesterday that the new rules are weak in certain places, in which, by the way, the anticipation was all the other wdy, and strong in certain other places in which it was expected they would interfere with effectiveness. The game yesterday proved clearly that the amendments changing the number of strikes and balls to four and five respectively were made without weighty consideration. The alteration, it will be remembered, was prompted by the hope that that increase in the number of strikes and the decrease in the number of called balls would greatly add to the batting strength of the weaker batters, not to say to that of the stronger. Yesterday it was observed that such is not the case. Men who could not secure a hit in three strikes found that the fourth chance was but little if any use at all and the number of men who struck out was quite as large as it would have been had the game been played under the old regime. On one side of the ground no less than a round dozen of batters died at the home plate with the stick in their hands, and five did the same thing on the other side. Again, notwithstanding the supposed restriction placed on the pitcher in the matter of called balls, four men only went to base on this error on one side, while the other pitcher did not give the opposition a single hit by sending the batter to first on bad pitching. On the other hand, it was observed that the new rule affecting the delivery of the pitcher had scarcely any of the handicapping effect which many pitchers have claimed for it. It was found that the pitchers could toss in with as much speed as ever, though possibly with less curve, and could throw to bases with as much safety as ever. If it is not too early to predict, it might not be unsafe to hazard a prediction that the strikes and balls rule will be changed, say to three strikes and four balls, before the season becomes gray headed.

### Base Ball Briefs.

Some Chicago experts are placing the Chicago team behind Pittsburg in the pennant race.

The "only" Nolan will probably go to San Francisco to fill the vacancy caused by Van Haltren's contracting with Pittsburg.

Sam Bittle, the pugilist, pitched for the Des Moines (Io.) team against Carpenter's Cincinnati combination at New Orleans on Thursday, and but three hits were made off him.

Bob Ferguson swears that Jim and Wally Watrous are like two doves and that harmony encircles them. But he doesn't deny the umpire longing that he was said to have had.

## CARNEY AND McAULIFFE.

### The English Light-Weight Disappointed at Jack's Tardiness.

Friends of Jimmy Carney, the English champion, feel rather disappointed at the long time which is likely to intervene before he and McAuliffe meet for the light-weight championship of the world. When Patsey Sheppard posted his $50 at the time of the McAuliffe-Gilmore battle for Carney to fight the winner, says the Boston Herald, it was understood that the fight should come off within three months from that time. Sheppard sent for Carney, who left his racing business in England entirely with his partner to come to this country, expecting that he would have his "mill" out with McAuliffe within six weeks at the latest. He came in a hurry, but had plenty of time after he got here. The articles of agreement, it is understood, were only signed last week, the battle to come off within three months from that time. Carney did not expect this, but had to agree to it. McAuliffe improves the time to spar in Philadelphia, and expects to make a sparring tour of Canada with Gilmore. Carney, while keeping in good condition, will not go into actual training until four or five weeks before the fight. Until that time comes he will have to pass the time away as best he can. If he had things his way, Carney would give McAuliffe battle within a month. The sporting men of Boston, by the way, although they have never seen him fight, think well of the English light-weight, and not a few are prepared to back him with their money against the New Yorker.

## THE KELLY-DALY MILL.

### Local Sentiment All Worked Up on the Result.

Dan Daly, the local middle-weight, and Ed Kelly, son of the veteran Tom, are to meet this evening, draw up and sign articles of agreement for their fight to a finish. It is as yet undecided whether the fight will be for $500 or $250 a side, the latter amount being the original proposition. Much speculation is indulged in as to the result, should the fight be managed with sufficient adroitness to insure its occurrence. Kelly is confident of winning and so is Daly, and both have some reason to feel in that particular way. Erroneous impressions have been caused by statements made in certain quarters concerning the weight of the two men. It was said that Kelly weighs in the neighborhood of 175 pounds and that Daly will turn the scale at about the same weight. The quotation is nearly right so far as Daly is concerned, for he has picked up and grown considerable since the little affair at Turner Hall a year ago, but Kelly will not come within twenty-five pounds of this figure. Edward stripped last night, and when he stood on the platform the weight registered at the 150-pound mark. When Daly sparred in the Turner Hall his weight was in the neighborhood of 144 pounds, and he will train down to 154 or 150 by a month's hard work. Kelly expects to bring himself down to 140 at the highest, so that his competitor will certainly have a slight advantage of him in this respect. Local sentiment is worked up to white heat on the subject, and if the fight ever takes place it will be an event in local history.

## AFTER TWELVE YEARS.

### The Irish Foot-Ball Team Win a Game from Their English Opponents.

Speaking of the recent Irish-English foot-ball game, in which Ireland won by a score of two goals to nothing, a writer in the London Sporting Life says:

"The chief events of the week, it is hardly necessary for me to say, have been the international matches between England and Ireland. The most remarkable feature of the play on which foot-ball critics have had to comment too, during the last few days, has been the victory of the Irish fifteen over the English team at Dublin on Saturday last. It is twelve years since England first met Ireland to decide the question of supremacy at the Rugby Union game. During all this time, Fortune has shown herself to be anything but fickle; on the contrary, her smiles have from the first been showered in one direction—in favor of England. With one exception, indeed, every one of the closed matches played prior to 1887, had ended in a victory for the English team, and that was at Dublin in 1882, when each side was able to claim two tries, and the honors were consequently divided. Of late, though, the Irishmen have been getting on more even terms, and their play during the last two or three years has shown a marked development. In 1885, at Manchester, as well as in 1886, England was only able to win by the bare majority of a try, and now at length, after a long series of reverses, Ireland has succeeded in breaking the spell of English triumph.

No one who has had any opportunity of appreciating the pluck and energy with which the Irish Rugby Unionists have stuck to their posts, no one who has marked the resolution with which they have labored to improve and perfect their play, can fail to congratulate them most heartily on the successful result of last Saturday's match. Footballers, indeed, of both persuasions, and whatever their nationality, will be thoroughly pleased at the well-earned victory of the Irish team. The English players themselves, I feel sure, will be among the very first to recognize the importance of the Irish win, which can have no other effect than giving a fresh and material impetus to the Rugby Union game on the other side of the St. George's Channel.

### The Gaudaur-Hanlan Course.

Two letters were received by Mr. J. A. St. John to-day seeking to make arrangements with him for the course on which the Gaudaur-Hanlan race is to be rowed. One was from the managers of a hotel at Geneva, N. Y., and the other was from the passenger agent of a new railway running to Lake Chatauqua. As neither letter, however, made any definite proposition as to terms, probably no arrangements will result from the communication.

### A Sprinting Race Arranged.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 7.—A sprinting race has been arranged between Hough of Cleveland and Taulinger of Johnstown, Pa., to take place in this city on April 4. The race will be 150 yards for $500 a side.

### Sporting Gossip.

Sullivan expected that he would be able to spar by the 14th, but he has telegraphed Pat Sheedy to cancel the date.

A strong tip is out on Libretto for the Kentucky Derby, and considerable money has been laid on him in New York.

August Schmidt, the German champion wrestler, wants to wrestle Capt. James C. Daly or the Jap. And Daly and Matty say they want to wrestle big Schmidt.

Sait, the Italian athlete, who at first seemed anxious to meet Sullivan in the Cannon-Miller wrestling match in Australia, declined at last advices to meet Cannon.

Edward Hanlan recently underwent an examination at Harvard College, and was pronounced as healthy as a man could be. He wants to regain champlionship honors and then retire from the rowing world.

Tom Donnelly, the English light-weight boxer who broke his arm in a glove contest at Clark's, in Philadelphia, the same night that John L. Sullivan broke his arm on Patsey Cardiff, has had his arm out of splints for a week or more, and hopes soon to be able to put on the gloves again.


WHY RUN ANY RISK with your Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, or indeed any Pulmonary or Bronchial complaint, when a remedy safe, thorough, and so easily obtained as Dr. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT can be had? If you have contracted a severe Cold, save your Lungs from the dangerous irritation and inflammation, which frequently brings about Consumption, by promptly resorting to the Expectorant; and if troubled with any Affection of the Throat, you will find this remedy equally effectual in affording relief from obstructing phlegm, and in healing the inflamed parts.


### They Like It.

At a meeting of the Progressive Committee of the Union Labor party yesterday the following preamble and resolution passed unanimously:

Whereas, The farming and industrial communities of the State have long suffered from the unjust and iniquitous discrimination, pooling and rebate systems practiced by the railways; and,

Whereas, House bill No. 620, now pending in the General Assembly of Missouri, contains all necessary and wise features for the proper regulation of the railways in compliance with the State Constitution; therefore,

Resolved, That the Representatives and Senators elected to the General Assembly by the United Labor party and by other labor voters of this city are hereby requested to vote for and to use all honorable efforts for the passage of said House bill, No. 620.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Kansas Legislature adjourned sine die Saturday.

Six inches of snow fell all over New England Saturday night.

Trevelyan, a British Unionist, announces he will vote against coercion.

The Texas election outrage committee adjourned Saturday sine die.

Commodore E. P. Lull of the United States Navy, died Saturday at Pensacola.

All the railways in New Brunswick are blockaded by an unprecedented fall of snow.

A convention of grass and fruit growers has been called to meet at Aberdeen, Miss., May 3.

G. Harris Heap, Consul-General at Constantinople, died yesterday in the Turkish capital. The principal has asked the Governor to investigate the Academy.

The anti-secret society leaders have issued a call for a national convention at Chicago on the 30th. The call is signed by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, Dr. James McCosh of Princeton College and others.

Fires yesterday destroyed the wholesale grocery house of A. B. Syms & Co. at Atchison, Kan., a number of business houses at Holly Springs, Miss., and C. Burckhardt's flouring mill, near Hudson, Wis.

The Dakota House killed the woman-suffrage bill Saturday, but the ladies were more successful in the Rhode Island House, where submission of a woman-suffrage amendment was agreed to by a vote of 52 to 7.

Mrs. Ruth H. Harmon, mother of Mrs. Folsom and grandmother of Mrs. Grover Cleveland, died yesterday at Jackson, Mich., aged 78. The President and wife will attend the funeral, which will be at Batavia, N. Y.

The Marquis of Salisbury, the English premier, said he hoped the retirement of Hicks-Beach would be but temporary, as his loss would be irreparable. He admitted that the Irish question paralyzed the Government's energies.

In the Savagean murder case at Mariposa, Cal., the jury convicted Peter Savagean of murder in the first degree and acquitted his wife. The punishment will be fixed at imprisonment for life. The populace is displeased and lynching is spoken of.

Joseph W. Bingham, formerly assistant editor of the Chicago News, committed suicide at Indianapolis, Saturday by cutting his throat with a razor. He was a versatile writer and well known among journalists. The cause was despondency caused by insomnia.

Harry Gross, colored, while under the influence of liquor, attempted to take six children across the Ohio River at Vevay, Ind., yesterday afternoon. His boat was run down by a barge steamer, and only two children were saved out of the whole boat load.

Walter C. Camp, the well-known athlete of Yale College, was arrested at New York Saturday afternoon on the charge of having shot George C. Smith, who was found badly wounded in Madison Square Garden a few nights before. The motive was supposed to be jealousy caused by Smith "cutting out" Camp in a love affair. Smith failed to identify Camp, who was released.


### Who Wants to Wait for Days

for the dull, old-style porous plasters to act, when Benson's relieve and cure in a few hours local rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, sciatica, and all pains and aches arising from cold and exposure? Refuse imitations under similar names. Ask for Benson's.


## A FATAL SHOT.

### Welcome Rain—Business Houses Burned—Stabbed by a Guest—Texas Topics.

AUSTIN, March 7.—The House took up the general school bill on Saturday night and the amendment changing the ages from 8 and 16 years to 7 and 18 years was defeated. Bills creating new counties were reported favorably in both houses. Mrs. Thomas Johnston, the wife of a farmer accidentally shot and killed herself on Saturday. She was in the field shooting hawks.

WACO, March 7.—Heavy rains have been reported throughout this section. The drouth commissioners state that the situation has been exaggerated, but that aid is yet needed.

LONE OAK, March 7.—A fire broke out in the business section of the town on Saturday. The loss is placed at $15,000.

BREMOND, March 7.—The residence of Mrs. S. J. Black was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

TAYLOR, March 7.—The Armstrong block was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

DENISON, March 7.—Webster Daugherty was stabbed last night by John Davis, who had been ordered to leave Daugherty's house.

niece and nearest living descendant of George Washington. Her death was very sudden.

The funeral of Mother Angella, late Superior of the Holy Cross Sisterhood, was buried at South Bend, Ind., yesterday. Emmons and Walker Blaine, sons of Jas. G., were present.

The outgrowth of the recent flat fight in the New Jersey Legislature is a damage suit for $10,000 brought by John H. Laid of Englishtown against Congressman N. J. Piddock, his assailant.

Emma Spencer, Mary McAtee and Lucy Barry were arrested at Parkersburg, W. Va., charged with murdering Richard Miller, a well-known merchant of Wood County, W. Va.

Thirty cadets at the Maryland Naval and Military Academy at Oxford, Md., have struck, dissatisfied with the management. The principal has asked the Governor to investigate the Academy.

The anti-secret society leaders have issued a call for a national convention at Chicago on the 30th. The call is signed by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, Dr. James McCosh of Princeton College and others.

Fires yesterday destroyed the wholesale grocery house of A. B. Syms & Co. at Atchison, Kan., a number of business houses at Holly Springs, Miss., and C. Burckhardt's flouring mill, near Hudson, Wis.

The Dakota House killed the woman-suffrage bill Saturday, but the ladies were more successful in the Rhode Island House, where submission of a woman-suffrage amendment was agreed to by a vote of 52 to 7.

Mrs. Ruth H. Harmon, mother of Mrs. Folsom and grandmother of Mrs. Grover Cleveland, died yesterday at Jackson, Mich., aged 78. The President and wife will attend the funeral, which will be at Batavia, N. Y.

The Marquis of Salisbury, the English premier, said he hoped the retirement of Hicks-Beach would be but temporary, as his loss would be irreparable. He admitted that the Irish question paralyzed the Government's energies.

In the Savagean murder case at Mariposa, Cal., the jury convicted Peter Savagean of murder in the first degree and acquitted his wife. The punishment will be fixed at imprisonment for life. The populace is displeased and lynching is spoken of.

Joseph W. Bingham, formerly assistant editor of the Chicago News, committed suicide at Indianapolis, Saturday by cutting his throat with a razor. He was a versatile writer and well known among journalists. The cause was despondency caused by insomnia.

Harry Gross, colored, while under the influence of liquor, attempted to take six children across the Ohio River at Vevay, Ind., yesterday afternoon. His boat was run down by a barge steamer, and only two children were saved out of the whole boat load.

Walter C. Camp, the well-known athlete of Yale College, was arrested at New York Saturday afternoon on the charge of having shot George C. Smith, who was found badly wounded in Madison Square Garden a few nights before. The motive was supposed to be jealousy caused by Smith "cutting out" Camp in a love affair. Smith failed to identify Camp, who was released.

## LOCAL NEWS.

The spring course of the Missouri Medical College began to-day.

The St. Louis Medical Society held its regular meeting Saturday night.

R. J. Lackland fell at Fourth and Olive streets Saturday and broke his arm.

The funeral of Dan H. Bartlett took place from the Centenary Church yesterday.

A gasoline fire did $15 damage to the furniture at 200 South Fourteenth street yesterday.

Dominic Ginnocchio, the murdered saloon-keeper, was buried from 1401 Pine street yesterday.

The Young Ladies' Sodality received

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

| | |
|---|---|
| One year, postage paid | $8 00 |
| Six months | 4 00 |
| Three months | 2 00 |
| One month | 65 |
| One month (delivered by carrier) | 65 |
| By the week (delivered by carrier) | 15 |

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

| | |
|---|---|
| One year, postage paid | $1 00 |
| Six months, postage paid | 50 |

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Editorial Rooms | 501 |
| Business Office | 558 |


MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1887.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—"Monte Cristo."
GRAND—Miss Fortescue.
POPE'S—Geo. C. Miln.
PEOPLE'S—Oliver Byron in "Inside Track."
STANDARD—"On the Rio Grande."
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

THE coming week will probably show whether the legislation of Missouri is dictated by the people or by the railroads.

THE Globe-Democrat's petition against the railroad bill could be greatly strengthened by leaving out about half the names.

Now that the coal pool has been successfully maintained during the coldest winter on record, the ice men are preparing to put on the screws.

IS THE Greeley-Burnham Grocery Company which is getting up petitions against the railroad bill, the company which runs a grocery store or the company which does not run the Narrow Gauge railroad?

IN MAINE, when the other crops fail, the granite crop is always a certainty, and the ice crop is nearly always reliable, but in St. Louis the price of ice is to be advanced because the last winter was so cold that it was hard work getting hands to harvest the crop.

IN CONSIDERING the rival propositions of the Merchants' Bridge Company and of the St. Louis Tunnel & Railway Company, the Municipal Assembly has only one consideration to take care of, viz.: Which proposition will do more to build up the prosperity of St. Louis?

STATE SENATOR MCGINNIS relieved the monotony of his vapidity on Saturday by an attempt to amend the anti-pass bill so as to forbid the issuing of passes to newspaper employes. There are some people who, when they do get an idea in their heads are more stupid than they were before.

SOME of the ice-dealers, who have recently formed a pool to keep up the price of ice, have signed their names to a petition to the Legislature against the railroad bill. A fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind, and there is a natural sympathy between the monopolists who are trying to squeeze the public on the price of ice and the corporations that object to all restrictions on pools and rebates.

THE merchants' petition against the railroad law is headed by the President of the St. Louis County Try-weekly Narrow Gauge, a concern that has called out more complaints from the public in proportion to mileage than even the rival road which is proverbially paved with good intentions. As the Narrow Gauge is not considered a railroad by those whose hard luck compels them to use it, and as it has never discriminated in favor of anybody in its disregard of public convenience, the appearance of its President at the head of a petition against salutary railroad legislation must be looked on as an exhibition of what is commonly termed "gall."

THE question of railroad legislation in Missouri is an important one in itself, but it is equally important as a test of the secondary question whether it is in the power of the people to enact any legislation against the wishes of the railroad corporations. It ought not to be possible to raise such a question in a State where the suffrage is free and universal, but the history of Missouri legislation under the new Constitution raises a grave doubt as to whether the long-continued public indifference and the growing corporate strength have not resulted in handing the control of railroad legislation over to the railroads themselves. The question will probably be determined this week.

NO MAN of his generation in America talked to more people than HENRY WARD BEECHER, or uttered more bright thoughts tending to quicken and cultivate the humane and sentimental side of the American character in a money-getting, materialistic age. It is easier to point out the need than to fully estimate the softening and spiritually elevating effect of the teaching a country gets from its poets, sentimental writers and pulpit orators. But it is certain that in a field where there were many and brilliant workers, Mr. BEECHER outshone them all, and probably did more than any of his contemporaries to mould and direct public sentiment on some of the gravest ethical and political questions of his time. Leaving his work as a theologian and religious teacher to more competent critics, the secular press can say that a great social light goes out from among us when he dies, and that its clear and cheering radiance will be sadly missed by multitudes who have long looked to it for comfort and inspiration.

## A DANGEROUS SITUATION.

The election of CHARLES H. PAGE, Democrat, as one of Rhode Island's two Representatives in the Fiftieth Congress is a notable event for several reasons. He will be the first Democrat to sit in either house from that State since the Republican party was organized, and his election renders the House of Representatives practically incapable of electing the next President, at the very time when there is an unusually strong probability that such election will be thrown into the House.

When no candidate receives a majority of the electoral votes, the Constitution provides that the House shall elect one of the three highest candidates voted for, the delegation from each State casting one vote as the majority thereof may determine, the votes of a majority of the States being required to elect. So, if no new State be admitted in time to participate in the election of 1888, the votes of twenty States in the House will be required to elect the next President, should no one receive a majority of the electoral votes. With both the Rhode Island members the Republicans would control the delegations of precisely twenty States in the Fiftieth Congress. But with the delegations of both New Hampshire and Rhode Island evenly divided between the two parties, their votes will not count, and the Republicans will control only nineteen delegations in the House and the Democrats only seventeen, neither being able to elect, unless the opportune death of a Democrat in either the New Hampshire or the Rhode Island delegation shall give one of those States to the Republicans.

When the House fails to choose a President before the 4th of March next following the failure of the electoral colleges, then the Vice-President elected by the Senate is authorized by the Constitution to act as President, "as in the case of the death or other Constitutional disability of the President."

It is not easy to magnify the dangers and temptations likely to grow out of this situation between a Democratic House and a Republican Senate in the next Presidential election. Not for sixty years past have the materials for a strong third party been more abundant. At no former time was there more formidable preparation to make the most of them. Never before was the relative strength of parties or the state of public feeling more likely to produce a triangular contest likely to throw the election into the House, and never before was that body in a worse shape for undertaking the election of a President.

If the Republicans would stop the nonsense of dividing Dakota in order to get four Senators instead of two; if they would only propose to bring Dakota in as a whole and by the regular process, they could deprive the Democrats of any justification for keeping her out. Bringing her into the Union in time for the next Presidential election would give the Republicans two more Senators and control of a possible election of the next President by the House. Perhaps they prefer that the election shall be devolved on the Senate by the failure of the House. But accidental vacancies might give the Democrats control of three more delegations in the House, and that would insure the election of a Democrat.

## QUIBBLING.

It is astonishing what a respect for the Constitution has been suddenly developed by the interests which for the past ten years have kept the railroad clauses of the Constitution a dead letter. As long as the plainly expressed wish of the people could be thwarted by the potent persuasion of the lobby, the Constitution was ignored as completely as if it had never been adopted. The corporations created by the act of the State, endowed with franchises beyond the reach of private ownership, holding millions of dollars of subscription directly voted by the people and paid out of the proceeds of general and local taxation, holding other millions raised by fictitious issues of stocks and bonds and maintained by arbitrary rates and regulations, worked their will uncontrolled and paid no attention to the Constitution of the State except to override it and annul it.

Now, when at last the public sentiment on the subject of railroad legislation has grown too strong to be resisted, and there is a prospect of the passage of a bill to enforce the plain expressions of the Constitution, these same railroad interests are found displaying a superstitious reverence for the document they have so long despised. The Constitution says that "the General "Assembly shall pass laws to correct "abuses and prevent unjust discrimin-"ation and extortion." This the General Assembly has been prevented from doing until now by the influences which have blocked all legislation on the railroad question. But when the General Assembly frames a law to prevent unjust discrimination and extortion, we are treated to a hair-splitting argument, based on a strict interpretation of the Constitution, to the effect that the General Assembly cannot delegate its authority to fix maximum rates, that the provisions of the Constitution are mandatory, and that it would be showing disrespect for the framers of the Constitution to pass the only bill which has any prospect of passing at this session.

This suddenly awakened zeal for the Constitution comes too late. The protection of the Constitution will no longer be entrusted to the interests which have continuously nullified it, and the public sentiment which proposes to enforce its long-forgotten provisions refuses to share in the suspicious scruples which thinly veil an attempt to extend the railroad control over the State legislation for another biennial period.

UNDER the GOULD management in St. Louis his railways centering in this city have systematically obstructed every attempt to obtain better terminal facilities. His promises in the matter of the Union Depot and of the Iron Mountain connection have been openly broken, and his representatives have fought every development of competition which promised to benefit the city. Now, when his failure to comply with the reasonable demands of the public has compelled the organization of a competing bridge company, he appears before the Municipal Assembly with a request for a franchise, in which the concessions offered are nullified by the evident purpose of the bill which is to defeat competition. The situation presents an opportunity for the Municipal Assembly to make better terms than we have hitherto obtained in the long record of dealings with the various Gould interests, and it is to be hoped that the opportunity will be improved.

THE Globe-Democrat yesterday did great injustice to the Fair Association and to its Board of Directors by its report of the resignation of Mr. WALSH, which it describes as the result of a personal disagreement between him and the President. The fact that Mr. WALSH was not present at the meeting shows that the report was incorrect, and the records of the Fair Association show that the board is harmonious, as it has been for years. The matter would not ordinarily call for notice, but just at present the Fair Association has been made the object of a malicious attack at Jefferson City, and as no means will be left untried by its enemies to injure it, the people who appreciate its value owe it the recognition of timely defense and justice.

THE defence of the bill at Jefferson City to deal with trustees' sales as legal advertising is based on the following clause in the bill:

"Provided, however, that unless such paper shall publish such advertisements at the same rate at which it may at the time publish judicial notices under contract, the publication may be in any other paper in the city."

That is just where the job comes in. The question of rates should not be left to the newspaper at all. Unless the law provides absolutely for the legal rate, it should let the whole matter alone.

### Killing St. Louis.

From the Carthage Patriot.

In his harangue before the Legislative Committee on Railroads O'Day said that the Frisco road was essentially a St. Louis road. A gentleman of this county who has been a large shipper of cattle referred to this boast the other day in conversation with a Patriot reporter, and, said he: "If the Frisco is a St. Louis road, it is like a good many other things which St. Louis has and must tolerate because she can't help it. I know," he continued emphatically, "that the Frisco, under the manipulation of O'Day, has destroyed the cattle trade of St. Louis—at least from the west, for that trade, which was formerly very heavy from this county, has dwindled down to almost nothing. Our cattle, hogs and sheep mostly go to Kansas City. High-priced tariff rates have driven almost everybody away from St. Louis, and that market has been comparatively broken down by the unconscionable rates charged."

"Yes," broke in a bystander, "it has nearly destroyed the Southwest grocer's trade between St. Louis and the Southwest, and it may be said that the dry goods trade, rightfully belonging to St. Louis, has suffered much by the enormous rates that have been charged, and in fact the back door trade of St. Louis is being distorted from St. Louis to Kansas City, Chicago and New Orleans, by the arbitrary and outrageous rates charged by this 'St. Louis road,' and its fellow-pooler, the Missouri Pacific. Why, gentlemen, you can hardly imagine how the current of general commerce has been diverted from St. Louis by this high-priced railroad."

### Carlisle and Hoar.

From the New York Times.

Mr. Carlisle is the last man whom it is either fair or wise to attack in the manner Mr. Hoar attacked him yesterday. He is one of those Democrats who have earned the contempt of Gov. Hill as well as the anger of Senator Hoar by being better than this party. He is conspicuously upright, honorable, patriotic, and unselfish. He has very distinct limitations, but they are not in the direction Mr. Hoar intimates. So far from being arbitrary and aggressive, he is too impartial to use the full power he possesses. It is not the rudeness with which he overrides opposition that he is to be blamed for; it is rather the hesitation he shows in fighting his opponents. If he had been the usurper Mr. Hoar says he is, or had had the temper of one, he never would have put Mr. Randall in the powerful position he enjoys, and Mr. Hoar would now be howling because the tariff bill had been revised.

In short, Mr. Carlisle is nearly everything the Massachusetts Senator says he is not, and is in very slight degree what Mr. Hoar declares him to be.

### Another Railroad Senator.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Mr. Rufus Blodgett, who was elected yesterday, has acted with the Democratic party, but he is the representative of the railroad companies, and goes from their employment into the service of his State. There is not a particle of doubt that he will continue to be a railroad employe. His election, by the aid of the Republican party, over Mr. Abbett is a railroad victory, and is a defeat of the people and of the interests of the people.

This result has been accomplished by a brazen defiance of party obligation and of the ascertained will of the majority on the part of two or three men elected as Democrats, and by the shameless acquiescence of the Republican members of the Legislature in their treachery. Were Mr. Blodgett a Democrat equal to the honors and responsibilities conferred upon him, the first thing he would do would be to fling his credentials in the faces of the conspirators who have done him the discredit to make him the profiter by their double treachery.

### Jesse James, Jr., Hurt.

From the Kansas City Journal.

Jesse James, Jr., the son of the noted bandit and train robber, fell from a fence at the Morse School about 10 o'clock yesterday morning and sustained quite painful injuries. At the morning recess several lads, among whom was young Jesse, were playing on the school grounds when one of them made a proposition to "back out" his companions by walking on a high fence. On one side of the fence is a cut about twenty feet deep through which the Belt Line Railroad passes. Jesse was among the first to mount the fence, and he walked quite a distance without any mishap, much to the marvel of his companions. Before he had walked ten feet he lost his balance and pitched headlong over the fence and down the embankment. He was taken home in a hack, and it was found his right shoulder had been fractured and his arm broken. The lad is just 12 years old and resides with his mother on Nineteenth street near McGee street, where she has been leading a quiet life since a short time after her husband's death. The boy is said to be quite apt in his studies and is well advanced for one of his age, although a daring spirit occasionally asserts itself in him.

### War Taxes at Home and Abroad.

From the New York WORLD.

We can pity the people of Europe who are crushed down and impoverished by the enormous cost of war preparations supposed to be necessary to protect the lives of the nations. Yet we have found our own statesmen ready to pursue a policy which would compel the people of this favored country to bear the heavy burden of war taxes in time of peace for fifty years to come. And we see a Congress pledged to reduce taxation and abolish the surplus about to adjourn with taxation as burdensome as ever and with the surplus in condition to swell to larger and larger proportions.

## MEN OF MARK.

MR. GLADSTONE is engaged on another work on Homer.

CONGRESSMAN S. S. COX's book on Constantinople is to be published this spring.

GOV. TAYLOR of Tennessee has announced his intention of pardoning all persons in the penitentiary under the age of 15.

THE aggregate of Federal salaries paid in New York City is $2,500,000, and the aggregate of municipal salaries is about $10,000,000.

MR. DANIEL MANNING has decided not to go to Europe for the good of his health, but rather to stay at home for that very reason.

CHARLES L. VALLANDIGHAM, son of the celebrated Clement L. Vallandigham, has cut loose entirely from the Democratic party and has announced himself in favor of John Sherman for President.

At the age of 120, there being absolutely no doubt about the figures, Obadiah Vincent has been forced to enter the Cumberland, Ill., Poor-house, because blind and unable to support himself any longer.

THE will of Edward Kuehn, who died suddenly, in Omaha, a few days ago, provides that his body shall be cremated and his ashes placed in a silver urn and placed over the bar of a popular Omaha saloon.

N. O. SHELNUTT of Jackson County, Ga., was hanged twice by a mob in January last, and still lives to tell the tale. He says that it is a great mistake to think that death by hanging is painful. "There is no pain about it," he says, "and a man can die mighty easy."

GEN. BOULANGER, the bellicose French Minister, when engaged in debate, drinks only sugared water. Bismarck drinks brandy and water. But Boulanger, on being recently questioned on his taste, answered that one can keep a cooler head on sugar than on brandy.

CRAIG TOLLIVER, the Rowan County (Ky.) desperado, has been in Cincinnati purchasing dry goods to the amount of $2,000. He is now a deputy sheriff of the county he has terrorized, is a peaceful and law-abiding citizen, and has a successful business. He never drinks whisky and has given up carrying a revolver.

A. H. WINCHESTER, a West Virginia landowner, has given about 60,000 acres in Randolph County, West Virginia, as a hunting and fishing preserve for the use of a sportsmen's association which includes Pittsburgers, Virginians, New Yorkers and Ohio men. It will be the greatest hunting park east of the Yellowstone, and the membership fee of the association has been placed at $1,000.

## WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

A LOUISVILLE colored woman recently sold her grandchild to a white woman for $150.

MISS MARY BOOTH, the editor of Harper's Bazaar, is going abroad for rest and recreation.

IT is rumored that Miss Ethel Chase, the daughter of Mrs. Kate Chase, is anxious to go upon the stage.

IT is said that Mrs. Folsom prefers to be called "Mrs. Cleveland's mother" rather than "the President's mother-in-law."

THE daughter of Gen. George H. Sheridan, the orator and wit, is a member of Richard Mansfield's "Prince Karl" company.

MLLE. ZEELE DE LUSSAN, who is the prima donna of the Boston Ideals, is said to bear a remarkable resemblance to Mme. Patti, both in face and manner.

THE maiden name of Mrs. Rose Winans was Neva Whistler. She is a relative of Whistler, the artist, and was called Neva because she was born in St. Petersburg.

"OUIDA," who is now staying in London, goes a great deal into society, and is said to be pursuing a special study of English society and art for literary purposes.

AMELIA SCHMIDT, a Sister of Charity and a nurse in the Franco-Prussian war, was arrested by a New York policeman for begging money enough to pay her room rent.

A WOMAN in Wolf Pit Township, N. C., angry at her husband, threw the poker at him as he sat holding their baby in his arms, and it hit the little one on the head and killed it.

AMERICAN prime donne are reported to be holding their own very well in Italy just now, and the past season, it is said, has brought out an unusual number of budding operatic artists.

PARISIAN society is now exercised over a series of negro balls that are being given at the gay capital under the patronage of several ladies of noble blood from Zanzibar and Ethiopia.

THE widow of Col. "Tom" Scott, the railroad magnate, now lives in regal state in Philadelphia. She was once a poor Pittsburg girl, and earned her own living by painting photographs.

MRS. JOHN ARTHUR, the aunt of Miss Nina Van Zandt, who has married Anarchist Spies by proxy, married her husband when he was 50 years old, and after he had sued in vain for her mother's hand.

IN Paris this season fashion decrees that ladies must put away neck ornaments and leave the neck bare, but en revanche diamonds are plentifully sprinkled over the corsage and in the hair.

IRISH home rule is advancing in Great Britain. Its latest phase is a communication from the Leicester Liberal Club, England, to the young Irish girl who knocked down the bailiff with a shovel in the late Glenbeigh evictions, inclosing a guinea to her for the possession of the shovel that it might be hung up in their club-room with a green ribbon attached to it.

## THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

### What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The WORLD says: "The Tribune remarks that the 'Republican Senate is willing to trust the Democratic Administration with the expenditure of $23,000,000, but the Democratic house is not.' It is not a question of trust, but of necessity, of policy, of justice to the people. The Republican Senate was willing to trust the Administration with the expenditure of eight times $23,000,000, as proved by its votes. Its motto was 'anything to get rid of the surplus; all means to prevent reduction of the bounties of protected monopolies. The Democratic House properly refused to squander the surplus, though it had proved itself incapable of reducing the taxes that produce it. It voted all the money that can be economically and wisely used to carry on the work of reconstructing the navy from the ruin into which it fell under the Republican rule. It avowed its willingness to make similar provision for the manufacture of heavy guns, but it refused to vote millions blindly for guns that might prove worthless or to enrich a ring of steelmakers. The Republicans of the Senate simulated a war scare, which they did not feel, in order to get rid of the surplus. The Democrats of the House, unable to reduce war taxes, prevented their perpetuation for another generation."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Mr. Cleveland's attitude toward Congressmen as individuals is said to have undergone a great change. His first estimate of those gentlemen, whatever might have been the precise and peculiar circumstances of his political preferment, made his arrival in Washington much like that of a newly made widow in a strange town. She knows not its inhabitants. She is unacquainted with its interests or customs. The extraordinary state of her own feelings and her absorbtion in her own status forbid the natural curiosity which the newcomer gradually feels in his surroundings upon a change of residence. Even the friendly advances of the kind-hearted neighbors, efforts to extend their hospitality and draw the solitary visitor into sharing their interests are shunned and rejected, until heart and brain gradually expand and new and unexpected hope springs up. But now, as a distinguished Democratic politician said the other day, 'Mr. Cleveland is beginning to take notice.' He does not shrink from contact from Congressmen as he used to do. A beginning of a happy change has appeared over his political seclusion of two years ago, and who can wonder at his desire to regain a great popularity upon reflection that this new state of affairs is greatly owing to her influence."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Intelligent members of the Knights of Labor who know how great has been the suffering of thousands of workingmen thrown out of work by orders of their chiefs, must read with many misgivings, if not with indignation, the description of the luxurious mansion in Philadelphia which has been bought with their money for the use of the organization's general officers. Not long ago, the Executive Board called upon for a contribution from each member to be used in assisting strikers who were in great want. Many of those who responded must feel that the $500 spent for carved wood, stained glass, rich rugs, frescoes, plush, costly chandeliers, and all the elegance of this sumptuous office, might better have been used for the victims of the Executive Board's unwise policy. So long as the organization's chief officers display this extravagance, it is not probable that the walking delegate will mend his ways."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The House, in its efforts to saddle on the tax payers the sum of $25,000 unlawfully spent by Attorney-General Garland and his assistants in the Pan-Electric business, practically caused the defeat of the deficiency appropriation bill, for, of course, the Senate would not vote for a palpable job like that. Randall and his followers, therefore, must shoulder the burden of the blame for the failure of this important measure. That so many items had to be inserted in the bill is the fault of the Democratic Administration in every direction. The appropriations for the year were larger than ever before, yet they were not enough, despite the fact that the Democratic party, previous to taking possession of the Government, declared that an era of retrenchment was at hand which should be in pleasing contrast to extravagant expenditures of the Republican office holders. To talk of this kind of economy in the items and total amount of the deficiencies bill will be sufficient answer."

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SANFORD.—"Jess."

SUBSCRIBER, St. Charles.—Eugene Weigel is Park Commissioner of St. Louis.

SUBSCRIBER.—The Kansas Legislature adjourned sine die last Saturday, the 5th.

J. M.—The night school at the Polytechnic is now closed. You must be fairly advanced to attend.

INTERESTED.—It is a case of trespass to peddle in a building where a notice is posted forbidding the same.

SEVERAL SUFFERERS.—A petition from the neighbors will be of no use as a means of removing a coal yard.

STUDENT.—The word generation has no meaning as a measure of time, and any dispute over it is frivolous.

E. G. H.—You will have to consult some other authority. It is not our province to touch upon such questions.

J. BERNARD.—There is no school of architecture in this city. The best way to learn is to serve an apprenticeship in an architect's office.

KNICKERBOCKER.—The present English Minister is Edward J. Phelps. His predecessor was J. R. Lowell. Ex-Gov. Thomas M. Waller of Connecticut is Consul-General to London.

COWBOY.—1. In Texas, New Mexico and Arizona the increase would be from 60 to 80 per cent; in Colorado and Utah, 50 to 60 per cent, and in country north, 40 to 60 per cent. 2. Western Nebraska is a good ranch region.

A SUBSCRIBER.—The system you mention is not generally known. Bryant's, Nelson's and Crittenden's systems are generally used. Business colleges are good institutions and they use various methods of book-keeping.

A SUBSCRIBER.—You should ask the young lady if you may call, verbally and in some such form as this: "Miss ——, will you allow me to call on you?" It is best done when you are parting from her after having met her at the house of a mutual friend.

A. J. B. (Pottawatomie County, Kan.)—1. If a ball player signs a contract with a club he is the property of that club as long as its president reserves him. This is according to the rules of the National agreement. 2. Players cannot sign with clubs they select because the rules of the national agreement forbid them to do so.

### Fag End Democrats

From the Chicago Herald.

The monopolists have no trouble in controlling the Republican party solidly, but this would avail them nothing in Congress or in the New Jersey Legislature if they did not also control a contemptible little fag end of the Democracy.

### He Should Have Borrowed.

From the Hudson Republican.

A young man who attended the Land League fair says the young ladies coaxed him to spend all the money he had with him, and then wanted him to borrow from them and spend more.

### That's Not What They Tell Their Wives.

From the Journal of Education.

Some men seem to be fond of hugging delusions, and it may be they got in the habit because girls are such delusive creatures.

### That's Her Quickest Way Out.

From the Norristown Herald.

The woman whose favorite hymn is "I would not live alway" has spent $239 for patent medicines during the past ten years.

# DICK DENIED.

## HOW MR. LANCASTER FIGURED AS A GUARDIAN.

### A Claim for Fees Rejected by the Court—The Surveyor's Method of Acting as Guardian—Judge Woerner's Decision in the Locke Estate—The Evidence Summed Up Showing the Administrator's Course—Opening of the March Term in Probate—The Civil Courts.

The March term of the Probate Court commenced this morning and Judge Woerner handen down some important decisions in matters taken under advisement from last term. Great interest was manifested in an opinion delivered in the matter of the estate of Joseph Locke, deceased, a claim of the administrator, Richard D. Lancaster, for extra allowance. His claim was for services rendered by him as the guardian of the intestate, who was of unsound mind. In the final settlement by the guardian, with himself as administrator, the estate was without representation in respect of the guardian's personal claim, so that no conclusive judgment could be rendered thereon by the court. Hermann A. Haeussler was therefore appointed by the court to represent the estate on the hearing of this claim. The evidence showed that upon the removal of Robert L. Jones as guardian of Joseph Locke, R. D. Lancaster was appointed as his successor. As such he

INSTITUTED SUIT

against the former guardian and his sureties which resulted in a judgment against them in the sum of $22,600, which, however was reversed by the Supreme Court and remanded to the Circuit Court for a new trial now pending; Locke died during the pendency of the case in the Supreme Court, and his administrator was substituted as plaintiff. It was shown that Mr. Lancaster's services as guardian were rendered constantly and with vigor and were worth from $25 to $50 per month independently of the handling of the money. On the other hand it was shown that he deposited the money of his ward in his own name, not distinguishing it from his own or of the firm of which he was a member; that he accounted for no interest on the money; that he shared with his partners the commissions for the collection of rents and discounts on advertising, fees for making deeds on property sold and also received a commission of 5 per cent on the amount of disbursements. In the opinion of the witness, who had been appointed to conduct the defense for the estate, the compensation actually allowed to the guardian was a full remuneration for his services. The statute provides no compensation for a guardian of an insane person. A vigorous adherence to the letter of the law would result in denying him any compensation whatever. The common law affirmatively

DENIES COMPENSATION

to any trustee. Judge Woerner says, touching compensation: "The hardship of a rule which occasionally allows scant and insufficient compensation in small estates requiring extensive services and very liberal pay in large estates giving less trouble is small in comparison with that attendant upon the absence of any rule the consequence of which is to put it into the power of a grasping trustee by his assiduity in impressing the Judge with the merit of his services or by finding witnesses of liberal and extravagant views to do so, to obtain undue advantage over men of equal or greater merit in discharging their duties, but whose conscience is not so elastic and whose modesty prevents them from aggrandizing their merits. It seems plain that the latter course will afford a much greater scope for injustice than the former, and that estates in the aggregate of cases will suffer by the absence of a rule fixing the rate of compensation. The law of Missouri, as interpreted by the Supreme Court, sanctions the rule of 5 per cent as properly applied to compensate a guardian for the collection and payment of debts existing at the date of the appointment, but not for the receiving and disbursing of money in the prosecution of a business carried on in behalf of the ward.

In this case, as the claimant carried on no business for the ward, but collected the estate for the payment of the ward's debts, applying the residue to the support of the non compos and his family, and paying the same over to himself as administrator, it follows that the 5 per cent. rule is not unreasonable, but no ground is shown upon which the claim for extra compensation can be allowed."

### The Nofsinger Child.

Judges Rombauer and Thompson are sitting to-day in the Court of Appeals to hear the evidence in the Mabel Nofsinger habeas corpus case. This is a contest for a little girl born nearly three years since at the Fitzporter lying-in establishment. The petitioner, Mrs. Maggie Nofsinger, claims that her child was given by Fitzporter to a saloonkeeper on South Sixth street, who undertook to adopt it, and that the child has been reared by Mollie Lambert, who keeps a house of ill-fame on the same street. Mrs. Nofsinger went to California, and upon her return to this city took steps to recover her child. She applied recently to the Circuit Court, where the case was heard twice before Judge Lubke, who held that the testimony was insufficient to show that the child in the custody of Mollie Lambert, was the daughter of the petitioner. There were other children born at the Fitzporter place about the same time and the lower court held that further proof was necessary. The case was then taken to the Court of Appeals to solve the problem of identity.

### The Walker Estate.

Judge Woerner to-day rendered a decision of importance in the Probate Court in the matter of the estate of Isaac Walker, deceased, on a motion for an order to pay a creditor. The petitioner obtained judgment in the Circuit Court against the administrator in 1885, many years after the expiration of the time allowed by statute for proving claims assignable to any of the statutory classes, and in the same year presented a transcript for classification in the Probate Court. It was ordered to be paid in the course of administration. The effect of the order was to make the judgment payable out of any assets coming into the hands of the administrator available for payment of debts after satisfying the costs of administration and debts assigned to any of the six classes enumerated in the statute.

It was incumbent upon the creditor to show that the administrator had at the time of becoming chargeable with notice of the claimant's demand, assets of the estate or that he received such subsequently for which he had not accounted and that such assets were available for the discharge of the claim.

Under the views entertained of the law governing the rights of creditors who prove their claims after the second year of administration, the Court holds that the claimant in this matter has made out no case authorizing an order on the administrator to pay.

### The Pfeil Conflict.

Judge Woerner to-day, in the Probate Court, rendered a decision in the matter of the estate of Adam Pfeil, deceased, a citation against an executor for alleged concealment of property. The informant and the members of the family who testified in her behalf evidently stated what they believed to be true, although there was considerable conflicting evidence. It is clear to the Court, however, that no case was made out authorizing a judgment against the executor.

### The Husband's Damages.

Dickson Cunningham, the husband of the lady who was injured by jumping from a street car at the Poplar street crossing on Fourth street one morning in August, 1885, entered a suit to-day for $10,000 damages against the People's Railway Company, Chouteau avenue line. His claim is based on medical and nursing expenses and the loss of his wife's services caused by the accident. Mrs. Cunningham, with other passengers, became alarmed at the approach of a locomotive on Poplar street and jumped from the car. She sustained personal injuries of a permanent character and was given a verdict for $25,000, which Judge Valliant set aside as excessive.

### Wheat Traders Suspend,

CHICAGO, Ill., March 7.—Buckley & Co., a small firm of wheat traders, suspended this morning. They had been operating on the bear side.

## THE COTTON OIL TRUST SCHEME.

### H. O. Armour Denies Forming an Alliance With the Trust Company.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Times, this morning, says: Mr. H. O. Armour, last evening, confirmed the denial telegraphed from Chicago Saturday of the report that the firm of Armour & Co. had formed an alliance, or compromised with the American Cotton Seed Oil Trust Company, by which Armour was to purchase the cotton seed oil used in the manufacture of lard from that monopoly. He added that Phil Armour had not even entered into any negotiations looking to such an agreement and denied emphatically that contradictory reports had been sent out by his firm. He said there was no statement of the status of affairs to be made further than that already published. The Armour side had adopted but one course from the beginning, and that aimed at the establishment of mills to supply their own oil. From men interested in the American Cotton Seed Oil Trust Company it was learned last night that definite overtures had been made to the Armour concern, offering oil at reasonable rates for a long time, but they would say nothing in regard to the success of the move. They admitted that the opposition of the Armours was serious. The Trust Company had been formed as an absorbent affair and its certificates would be unsteady at low quotations as long as it was known that the Standard Oil Company was not interested in the venture. Strenuous efforts were made to obtain the co-operation of the Standard Oil Company and they were at least partially successful. On the strength of this the certificates immediately booked into the sixties. The opposition of the Armours was entirely unlooked for and it knocked the props from under the certificates. There is no longer any concealment of the fact that the Trust Company proposed to get a monopoly of more lard production of the country, and that its managers approached Phil Armour with an offer to buy out that branch of the establishment. It was the absorption of the refinery of N. K. Fairbanks & Co. that roused Mr. Armour's attention to the fact that his business was in danger, as the present output of lard contained fully 20 per cent of cotton seed oil. It is known that Phil Armour is averse to entangling alliances and his scheme to build large cotton seed oil mills in the South can no longer be dismissed as a bluff. It is a matured plan to fight the Trust Company with the strongest kind of competition.

## A FEASIBLE MEASURE.

### The Oil Bill Introduced in the Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 7.—The bill introduced in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, Friday, providing that no oil or gas well shall be drilled on any tract within a distance of 300 feet of the boundary line, except it be on the boundary line itself, in which case the product of the well shall be equally divided between the adjoining land owners, is the first feasible measure that has ever been suggested by which the excessive production of petroleum could be prevented by law. It has been the history of all oil producing territories that a large proportion of the land owners, in order to save their oil themselves, have been forced to develop territory which they would have preferred to have remained undeveloped until some more advantageous time. There has always been a class of producers who are determined to get all the oil possible out of land in their control in as short a time as possible, no matter how large the total daily product of the region is, or how low the market prices rule. To do this they have strung wells so close to their boundary lines that not only the oil on their own lands was drained, but the deposits on the other side of the line were drawn upon as well. The latter might belong to persons who desired to let the territory lie idle for some time, but if they did so the chances were that when they came to utilize it by drilling they would find it in a great measure drained dry by the enterprising operators on the other side of the line.

If a law such as the one proposed had been passed five years ago over 50,000,000 barrels of oil would have been saved to the oil regions, by keeping the supply within the demand, and thousands of acres of oil territory now exhausted would have been still untouched by the drill. The bill will be bitterly opposed by a large class of producers, however, and the fight against it will be made on the ground that it is unconstitutional.

## GAVE HER UNCLE THE SLIP.

### A Wealthy Young Lady Elopes With the Man of Her Choice.

HAVANA, N. Y., March 7.—Society here is excited over the elopement of a wealthy young lady a niece of the prominent lawyer, Hull Finton, who has also an office in New York. The young lady is Miss Elizabeth Cornelia Lawrence, and she is understood to have property valued at $75,000. Her parents are dead and she has been living with her uncle, Mr. Finton, who is her guardian. He sent her to Cook's Academy here, where she met Walter Jones. When it was noticed that the young people were growing fond of each other, Mr. Finton was informed and remonstrated with her. The telegram from Canandaigua, announcing the marriage was not expected by intimate friends. She claims that her uncle has been unnecessarily severe with her; that he wanted her to marry a young man named Hodgman, belonging to a wealthy family in Bath, Steuben County, and she would not accept his attentions. The warm friendship with Jones continuing, she claims her uncle threatened to send her to a convent. Walter Jones having asked her to marry him, she determined to do so. She removed her wardrobe secretly, article by article, from the mansion her uncle occupied, and Saturday morning took a Northern Central train for Watkins "to get her teeth filled." She did not stop at Watkins, but with young Jones by her side went to Canandaigua. There they were married by Rev. Mr. Babcock, an Episcopalian minister. The bride wore two sacques and three dresses at the ceremony. After the ceremony the couple went to the home of Mr. Jones in Penfield, N. Y.

## GREATLY EXAGGERATED.

### Col. R. D. Hunter on the Reports of Cattle Losses in the West.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Col. R. D. Hunter of St. Louis was seen yesterday at the Hoffman House. He is the old President of the National Cattle Growers' Association. He took from his pockets letters received from the Northwest, from which he read extracts showing that the reports of the destruction of cattle in the Northwest have been much exaggerated. He says: "My son-in-law is in constant communication for me with the big cattle growers in Wyoming, Montana and other localities. In letters received from him to-day he tells me the same thing that I have stated to you. The reports that come here about the destruction of cattle, come from the fact that travelers from the Northwest see large numbers of carcasses along the lines of railroad and take it for granted that this represents the condition of affairs all over the country, whereas, it is only the result of the weather, cattle crowding the railroad routes and there dying."

HOW SUPPLIES ARE

"How are the hotels a
no farms or settlements a
is a wilderness?"

"The supplies are brou
Portland, Oregon, or poi
and hauled over mounta
no expense is spared in m
their accommodations
fortable, as are to be fou
of the East. The Gove
bring in cows, beeves, sh
so that we have th
meat, butter and
fresh vegetables. Fruit
from a distance in refrige
tell you of a great many
be seen there, but I do
too much of the POST-DI
besides, would be anticip
ka, who has been sent th
WORLD, and who will sho
its readers at length all a

The Hendri

At the meeting of the H
day evening a special com
ed to examine the books
Mr. Merrill introduced a
ing the collection of mo
Committee, and asking
sessment for primaries
more than 10 per cent of
the case of fee offices th
based on the estimated ne

## A MUGWUMP OPINION.

### The New York Times' Review of President Cleveland's Administration.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Times closes a long editorial review of President Cleveland's first two years in office as follows: "Any one who takes the trouble to reflect what was hoped and feared of Mr. Cleveland two years ago, and to compare with that the condition into which the executive branch of the Government, so far as it is subject to the influence of the President, has been brought, must acknowledge that there is solid ground for the deep and widespread confidence he has unquestionably inspired. Of this confidence the evidence is overwhelming. The votes of men who now regret that they did not support him, and who are grateful that he was elected, constitute a political force that, if it could be registered to-day, would be of immense significance. Its chief significance would be in the proof that a man who dares do his duty faithfully can defy the politicians of either party or both."


MR. W. C. STEIGERS

will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 558.

## TTON OIL TRUST SCHEME.

**ur Denies Forming an Alliance th the Trust Company.**

, March 7.—The Times, this morn- Ir. H. O. Armour, last evening, he denial telegraphed from Chi- y of the report that the firm of had formed an alliance, or com- h the American Cotton Seed Oil ny, by which Armour was to pur- otton seed oil used in the manu- lard from that monopoly. that Phil Armour had not ed into any negotiations ch an agreement and denied em- hat contradictory reports had by his firm. He said there was of the status of affairs to be than that already published. ide had adopted but one course nning, and that aimed at the es- f mills to supply their own oil. erested in the American Cotton Company it was learned last definite overtures had been e Armour concern, offering able rates for a long time, but ay nothing in regard to the suc- nove. They admitted that the the Armours was serious. The ny had been formed as an ab and its certificates would be w quotations as long as it was the Standard Oil Company was d in the venture. Strenuous made to obtain the co-operation ard Oil Company and they were partially successful. On the this the certificates immediately the sixties. The opposition of was entirely unlooked for and it props from under the certificates. longer any concealment of the Trust Company proposed to get a more lard production of the that the managers approached with an offer to buy out that establishment. It was the absorp- finery of N. K. Fairbanks & Co. Armour's attention to the business was in danger, as the ut of lard contained fully 20 per n seed oil. It is known that Phil erse to entangling alliances and build large cotton seed oil mills can no longer be dismissed as a matured plan to fight the Trust h the strongest kind of competi-

## EASIBLE MEASURE.

**Introduced in the Pennsylvania Legislature.**

O, Pa., March 7.—The bill in he Pennsylvania House of Repre- riday, providing that no oil or be drilled on any tract within a 00 feet of the boundary line, ex- on the boundary line itself, case the product of the be equally divided be- adjoining land owners, is the measure that has ever been sug- hich the excessive production of ould be prevented by law. It has tory of all oil producing territor- ge proportion of the land owners, save their oil themselves, have to develop territory which they e preferred to have remained until some more ad- time. There has al- n a class of producers emined 76 get all the oil possible in their control in as short a time no matter how large the total t of the region is, or how low the s may be. To do this they have so close to their boundary lines ly the oil on their own lands , but the deposits on the other line were drawn upon as tter might belong to persons who et the territory lie idle for some they did so the chances were that me to utilize it by drilling they k in a great measure drained the rising operators on the other side

h as the one proposed had been ars ago over 50,000,000 barrels e been saved to the oil regions, the supply within the demand, s of acres of oil territory now ld have been still untouched by e bill will be bitterly opposed ass of producers, however, and nst it will be made on the ground constitutional.

## HER UNCLE THE SLIP.

**Young Lady Elopes With the Man of Her Choice.**

Y., March 7.—Society here is ex- elopement of a wealthy young t the prominent lawyer, Hull Fin also an office in New York. The is Miss Elizabeth Cornelia Law- e is understood to have property 000. Her parents are dead and living with her uncle, Mr. Finton ardian. He sent her to Cook's , where she met Walter Jones. noticed that the young people of each other. Mr. Finton d and remonstrated with her. The n Canandaigua, announcing the s not expected by intimate s that she left her uncle been secrecy with her; that he wanted a young man named Hodgman, wealthy family in Bath, Steuben he would not accept his atten- warm friendship with Jones he claims her uncle threatened to a convent. Walter Jones her to marry him, she deter- so. She removed her wardrobe le by article, from the mansion cupied, and Saturday morning rn Central train for Watkins "to filled." She did not stop at with young Jones by her side andaigua. There they were mar- Mr. Babcock, an Episcopalian he bride wore two sacques and at the ceremony. After the couple went to the home of Mr. field, N. Y.

## ATLY EXAGGERATED.

**unter on the Reports of Cattle Losses in the West.**

, March 7.—Col. R. D. Hunter of seen yesterday at the Hoffman the old President of the National rs' Association. He took from tters received from the North- hich he read extracts showing rts of the destruction of cattle in st have been much exagger- says: "My son-in-law is ommunication for me with the wers in Wyoming, Montana and s. In letters received from him s me the same thing that I have u. The reports that come here estruction of cattle, come from travelers from the Northwest see s of carcasses along the lines of take it for granted that this e condition of affairs all over the reas, it is only the result of the le crowding the railroad routes ng."

## MUGWUMP OPINION.

**rk Times' Review of President eland's Administration.**

, March 7.—The Times closes a review of President Cleveland's s in office as follows: "Any one he trouble to reflect what was ared of Mr. Cleveland two years ompare with that the condition the executive branch of the so far as it is subject to the f the President, has been ust acknowledge that there round for the deep and onfidence he has unquestionably this confidence the evidence is s. The votes of men who now ey did not support him, and who that he was elected, constitute a e that, if it could be registered d be of immense significance. Its ance would be in the proof that a es do his duty faithfully can defy a of either party or both."


S. W. C. STEIGERS

erchants wishing to contract for n POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 564.


# YELLOWSTONE PARK.

**THE FEATURES AND ATTRACTIONS OF THE GREAT PLATEAU DESCRIBED.**

**An Interesting Interview With Mr. Charles Gibson of St. Louis, President of the Yellowstone Park Association—The Nature and Objects of the Association—Improvements of the Park and Attractions for Tourists.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Mr. Charles Gibson of St. Louis, President of the Yellowstone Park Association, was seen by the POST-DISPATCH correspondent at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, and in response to the request that he explain the nature and objects of the association, said:

"My associates are T. B. Casey of Minneapolis, Minn., who is the Vice-President; M. D. Carrington, Toledo; Frederick Billings of Vermont; C. B. Wright of Philadelphia, and a few others. The aim of the association is to do all that is necessary to secure the development of the park, and its enjoyment by the public, except building of railroads and bridges, maintenance of peace and other matters performed directly by the Government."

"Can you tell the readers of the POST-DISPATCH something about the size, situation and character of the Park, its hotels, settlement, etc?"

"The park is about as large as the State of Connecticut, and it lies about midway between St. Paul, Minn., and Portland, Oregon. Its situation is west-southwest from St. Paul. The association has four hotels and will have another large one ready next season. There are no settlements, farms or homes within the limits of the park. The park proper is a plateau between 7,000 and 8,000 feet above the sea, surrounded by high mountain ranges, and about 130 miles in circumference. To the east of this plateau there are mountain regions, but these are little known at present. The hotels are about twenty miles apart, and so located that all accessible portions of the park may be conveniently visited by the guests."

IMPROVED PORTIONS OF THE PARK.

"How much of the park is inaccessible to tourists, and why?"

"Fully one-half, and the most interesting half at that. Congress has thus far failed to appropriate money to build roads in that part of the reservation, though application has been made to Congress to do so. Capt. Kingman, engineer officer in charge, has made surveys and estimates and the Interior Department has repeatedly requested Congress to make appropriations. The Legislatures of Montana and Dakota have just passed memorials to Congress for the appropriations, and the Legislature of Minnesota has a memorial pending before it to the same effect."

"What are the main features of the park?"

"Along the western side of the park for a distance of about sixty miles are hot springs, geysers and paint pots. There are, perhaps, several thousand of them. There is a road through that region. In the center is the Yellowstone Lake, about twenty or thirty miles in extent, and the highest large lake on the continent. It is the head of the Yellowstone river, and, in reality, of the Missouri river. Fifteen miles below the lakes are two falls of the Yellowstone, one 164, the other 360 feet in height, and at the lower falls is the Grand Canyon, the most unique and splendid scenery in the world. Mount Washburn, 10,000 feet high, is a little further on. From its summit you see the Yellowstone River, although about one-half of the park lies on the side. The entire region of the park, with the exception of a few very small patches scattered here and there, is totally unfit for cultivation. The Association has been compelled to drive cows out of the park to get pasturage for them for winter, so that it is neither good for farming nor pasturageuses."

"How many tourists visited the park last season, compared with former years?"

"Largely more than double."

"How is it with the game?"

PLENTY OF GAME.

"There has been very little poaching since I have been there. Game has greatly increased in number and becomes, as it were, tame. Hunters claim that whenever game is started anywhere in the region of the park it runs into it as if it has instinctively learned that it is safe within its borders. As to kinds of game, there are black and cinnamon bear, and perhaps a very few grizzlies, few buffalo, large herds of elk, too, and mountain sheep, some mountain lions, wildcats, eagles, pelicans, geese, ducks, and, generally, the game indigenous to the Rocky Mountains, but the game is mostly in that part of the park where there are no roads, and, therefore, is not much seen by tourists."

"Are there any boats upon the lake?"

"No; the Government has made no roads to it. Tourists can visit only half of the park. The association and the authorities put boats upon the lake and will do so whenever the road is finished. Trout abounds in the various mountain streams and also in the large lakes."

"How long does it take to make the tour of the park, and what are the means of transportation?"

"Until this time it has taken five days, but next season it will be arranged for four days. Transportation is by stages, carriages and horseback."

"What is the best season for going to the park?"

"Any time from the first of July to the middle of September, or a little later. The temperature is reasonably warm in the day, but always cool at night, and at some hotels there is fire every night of the year."

"How does the tourist get to the park?"

HOW TO REACH THE PARK.

"From St. Paul on the roads over the Northern Pacific, which pass through the lake regions of Minnesota, the great wheat farms of Dakota, and the bad lands. There are first-class sleepers and first-class dining cars on the entire distance. Visitors to the park leave the Northern Pacific at Livingstone and take the Yellowstone Railroad which runs to Cinnabar, at the northern line of the park. Visitors can also go up over the Union Pacific from the south, but they have to stage it a hundred miles, consequently only a few seek the park by that route."

"Are there are any Indians in or near the park?"

"There are none within the park. They believe that it is the abode of evil spirits, and do not like to go there. In fact, they will not even talk about it. That was the reason why it remained practically undiscovered until about fifteen years ago. The Northern Pacific Railroad, however, runs through the Crow reservation, this side of the park and, of course, there are Indians there, but they are so well guarded by the soldiers that there is no danger to be apprehended from them. Telephone connections are established and maintained between all hotels, and are free to the guests. There is a telegraph line to the park but not within it as yet."

HOW SUPPLIES ARE OBTAINED.

"How are the hotels supplied as there are no farms or settlements and the whole region is a wilderness?"

"The supplies are brought from St. Paul or Portland, Oregon, or points along the railroad and hauled over mountains in wagons. But no expense is spared in making the tables and other accommodations complete and comfortable, as are to be found in the best hotels of the East. The Government allows us to bring in cows, beeves, sheep and other things so that we have the very best milk, meat, butter and everything except fresh vegetables. Fruit, of course, is brought from a distance in refrigerator cases. I could tell you of a great many wonderful things to be seen there, but I do not want to take up too much of the POST-DISPATCH's space, and besides, would be anticipating Lieut. Schwatka, who has been sent there by the New York WORLD, and who will shortly, no doubt, tell its readers at length all about the park."

### The Hendricks Club.

At the meeting of the Hendricks Club Saturday evening a special committee was appointed to examine the books of the late treasurer. Mr. Merrill introduced a resolution condemning the collection of money by the Central Committee, and asking them to levy no assessment for primaries and on nominees no more than 10 per cent of a year's salary, in the case of fee offices the assessment to be based on the estimated net increase for a year.

## THE OLEO LAW.

**Farmers and Dairymen of the East Dissatisfied with It.**

NEW YORK, March 7.—The Tribune this morning says: "The oleomargarine law has not proved such a boon to the farmers and dairymen of the Eastern States as they expected. It has, to be sure, put an effective quietus upon the trade in bogus butter, but it has not caused the high prices for genuine products that the friends of the law predicted. Butter has for some time been selling as low, and in some instances even lower than at this time a year and two years ago. This fact causes much disappointment among butter men and has led some to think that after all the law might as well never have been passed. How mistaken is such a notion was shown yesterday by Assistant Dairy Commissioner Van Valkenburg in discussing the results of the new law.

"It is true," he said, "that State dairy butter is no higher now than it was two years ago at this time. The reason, however, of this is plain. Previous to the enactment of the law thousands and thousands of cows throughout the country were allowed to go dry throughout the winter, because, in many instances, butter would only bring 6 or 7 cents a pound to the farmer. But when the oleomargarine law was passed the price of genuine butter went up all over the country. The dairy business was stimulated to a high degree, and enough butter was produced to keep down prices here. I estimated that over $3,000,000 worth has been produced. This shows whether the butter business has been benefited or not. Then think what the law has done for the consumer, in giving him good butter for the price which he has heretofore been compelled to pay for the bogus article. This is, after all, the great gain. The recent strikes have also done much to depress the butter market."

"How about the oleomargarine trade in this city?"

"Well, I think we have got it pretty well under foot. Of the 1,000 grocers in this city and Brooklyn, not 200 have taken out licenses to sell the stuff. In round numbers, I should say that not one-tenth as much oleomargarine is now sold as before the passage of the law."


**1,000 Clocks $1.20 to $100.**

The finest stock ever shown, adapted for all places where a clock can be desired. Call and see them.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., *Cor. Fourth and Locust.*


## INDIANA POLITICS.

**President Smith Urged for Appointment as Judge Turpie's Successor.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 7.—It was learned last night that several prominent gentlemen have written to President Cleveland, asking that President Smith of the Senate be appointed Judge Turpie's successor as District Attorney, and that the Governor has signified his purpose of calling an extra session of the Legislature if this appointment be made. Representative Patten's selection as warden of the Southern Prison, Dr. Shiveley's appointment to a position on the State board of Health, and Smith's resignation to accept the District Attorneyship, should the appointment be made, will cause three vacancies to be filled by election, but each of the Districts is solidly Democratic, and there would be no change in the political status of the Legislature. This would require thirty days, and the extra session would be called to meet at the end of that time, the Democrats conceding Robertson's right to preside over the Senate during its continuance. A strong effort is being made for Smith, but Judge Turpie is understood to oppose it, because his contest and Smith's confirmation would both be before the Senate at the same time. Others, who are equally prominent Democrats, however, regard this as the only way out of the muddle.


**ONLY $5.00 PER SET.**

Solid silver teaspoons, four different patterns from which to select. Call at once and purchase.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., *Cor. Fourth and Locust.*

☞ *Solid Silver Thimbles, 25 cents each.*


## A BIG RIVAL.

**The New Cotton Oil Company to Compete With the Standard.**

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—The new cotton oil company which is to compete in the manufacture of cotton seed oil with the Standard Oil Company was chartered in Camden, N. J., on Saturday with these officers: President, Henry C. Butcher of Washington Butchers' Sons of this city; Manager, Frederick Oliver of Oliver Bros., Columbia, S. C.; Secretary and Treasurer, John Oliver of the same firm; Engineer, Daniel Tompkins of D. A. Tompkins & Co., Charlotte, N. C. The capital is $5,000,000, of which $4,000,000 has already been subscribed by Philadelphia capitalists. The company is authorized to build mills at Norfolk, Va., Wilmington N. C., Charleston, and Columbia, S. C.; Savannah, Macon, Augusta and Rome, Ga.; Mobile, Montgomery, Demopils and Sheffield, Ala.; Jackson and Meridian, Miss.; New Orleans and Shreveport, La.; Memphis, Tenn.; Houston, Galveston, Dallas, San Antonio, Tex.; Little Rock, Ark., and other cities at Kansas City, Chicago, Philadelphia, Camden, Jersey City and Hoboken. Work will be begun soon in the mills and the refineries, and the most improved machinery will be used in them.


BLUE MOUNTAIN Jamaica Coffee fresh roasted in St. Louis and not stale from Boston. Why buy imitation Java and Mocha from the East when you can get the finest of all coffee here for less money. Put up exclusively by James H. Forbes, 413, 415 and 417 Franklin avenue.


## AN ATROCIOUS MURDER.

**A Jealous Lover Murders His Sweetheart and Shoots Himself.**

BELMONT, Mich., March 7.—A most atrocious murder, committed about one mile southwest of here last evening, has thrown the village into a fever of excitement. L. Ecklesdafer, aged 26, went to the home of Miss Lena Obitz, with whom he had been keeping company, called her into the garden and shot her three times, one bullet passing through the heart, another through the neck and the third through her head. He then returned to his home, half a mile distant, and shot himself through the left lung. He is lying at the point of death, with but little chance of recovery. The only reason known for the crime was his extreme jealousy. It is alleged that he compelled her at the point of a revolver to endure his attentions for over a year. The lady was 18 years of age and was very popular.


**Solitaire Diamond Rings.**

See the splendid values we offer at $15, $20, $25, $35, $40, $50, $75, $100, $150, $200 and $300. The finest goods and the lowest prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., *Corner 4th and Locust.*


### The Snow Blockade.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 7.—The snowstorm of Saturday night was the most severe for railroading this winter on the Ontario & Western Line. It was necessary to call out the snow plows north of this place. While trying to force its way through a bank near Trout Brook, Delaware County, a plow jumped back and went over an embankment thirty feet high into Beaver Kill Creek, carrying with it several men. None of them were killed, but two were painfully injured. Travel was resumed last night.

### North St. Louis.

For the first time in its history there were no letters advertised at North St. Louis Station. A Post-office on Saturday—a tribute to the efficiency of the officials.

The United Labor party held a rousing meeting yesterday afternoon at the hall, Thirteenth and Benton streets. Among the speakers was James Barrigo, who delivered a sledge hammer speech with telegraphic rapidity, showing the need of unity among workmen in politics.

Mrs. Lucy E. Parsons, the wife of the doomed Chicago anarchist, will arrive here next Friday, and on the following evening will address a commune festival to be given by the International Working People's Association at Stelle's Hall, 13th and Biddle streets. The object of Mrs. Parsons and the Internationalists is to raise a defense fund of $15,000 for the anarchists.

# MONTAGUE'S MATINEE.

**THE BOSTON EDITOR DOES AND EXPLAINS MIND-READER BISHOPS' TRICKS.**

**The Theory of Mind-Reading Pretty Well Exploded—A Delicate Sense of the Touch and "Muscle"—Reading the Secret of Bishop's Mystifying Tricks—The Dagger Act.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Muscle-reader Charles Howard Montague satisfied as many people as could get into Dockstader's Theater last night that he can do the tricks which "Mindreader" Washington Irving Bishop does, and explain them, too. And he pretty nearly exploded the theory that there is any mind-reading in the work. Harrison Grey Fiske was picked out as chairman of the committee to assist Mr. Montague. The audience named Henry Guy Carleton, Dr. Moses, W. P. Thompson, Lew Dockstader, V. Gribayedoff, Morris Minton, John Sever, Nat Goodwin and nearly a dozen others. Ex-Senator Grady was asked to go on the stage with the committee, but did not want to. The first test was the mock murder which everybody who has seen Bishop or Dockstader in his burlesque, or who has only read the papers for the last three weeks, knows all about. Dr. Moses stabbed a gentleman near the front and hid the dagger in a coat on a seat near by. Mr. Montague did not find Dr. Moses a good subject to help him discover the dagger, and after scurrying all over the house, he tried another committeeman. He was useless, too, and John Sever was tried. Mr. Montague wheeled and twisted him all over the house and finally got down to the spot where

THE DAGGER WAS CONCEALED.

There was a long tarrying there, but no finding. It was all because the subject did not know the precise fold of the coat where the dagger lay, and when he said so aloud to the house, the audience roared to think the searcher had come so near only to have to give it up at last. But they were satisfied, for if Mr. Montague had searched the coat, he would have got the blade. Mr. Montague stepped behind the scenes and then the tragedy was re-enacted by Mr. Dockstader and Mr. Carleton. Mr. Montague came back and feeling Mr. Dockstader's pulse, rushed him straight to the center row on the west side in the orchestra seats, found the glittering knife in a coat pocket, jumped two rows ahead and stabbed his man like a Buffalo Bill Indian. It took just forty-five seconds. In picking up the dagger he cut his hand almost to the bone. The time when the act was done had been written on paper. Mr. Montague took hold of F. L. Lavenbury's hand and moved the hands on a big clock face to 9 o'clock. That was the figure written unknown to him on the paper. The audience cheered and clapped their hands with pleasure at the Boston Editor's success. Mr. Thompson shook his impressionist locks over several groups with the audience, and with two gentlemen of the committee to help him, took a ring, a handkerchief and a pin from three men, tied them up in a handkerchief and hid the stolen property. Mr. Montague did not see any of the proceedings, but with "Impressionist" Thompson for his subject, he traced his way to the hidden bundle and distributed the three articles—the first in nine minutes, the second in five and the third in one minute. Again the muscle-reader went behind the scenes. Four committeemen

HID A DAGGER.

Mr. Montague took hold of one end of a long wire and they of the other end. He then pulled them upstairs and got the dagger in a dark passage way under the roof. The spectators shouted with delight. It took eight minutes. Sir John Kay wrote four numbers on the back of a blackboard where Mr. Montague could not see it. One of the committee looked at them and stood with the reader on the opposite side of the board. Mr. Montague kept his left hand on the subject's wrist and wrote four figures. He made three changes and left the number standing 9,432.

It was correct. The audience was quite well convinced that the Boston newspaper man was just as clever as the English mysterious exponent of Bishopism, and when he explained how he did the tricks there was not any doubt left at all in the minds of most everybody there. He said that the whole thing depends on a delicate sense of touch, and the fact that when a subject is thinking honestly, earnestly and intently of the presence of an object in a secret place, it is easier for him to go there than go anywhere else.

HOW IT IS DONE.

"A dagger is in the right hand opposite the corner of this room," he said, "and I lead a man off the stage. As long as I lead my man in that direction the muscles in his wrist, which I am feeling, offer no resistance. The next subject will be he who is trying neither to help nor to thwart me. When I get to a place where a turn is necessary, and I turn in the wrong way, the subject will involuntarily offer a slight resistance. I feel that and move in the opposite direction. If I pass the point the muscles of my guide will move and I halt. So I gradually locate the object. Mr. Bishop had been cultivating his sense of feeling for ten or fifteen years and can tell quickly the thought of the leader through the involuntary motion of the muscle he is touching. The resistance of four muscles holding a wire will be greater if I go in a wrong direction than mine will be, so that method is quite easy. To write a series of figures, which I have done, I depend on this system. In a square diagram certain figures are started from certain points. The '9,' the '6' and the '8' are all started from the same point. This is in the upper right corner of the square. I move my chalk in a curve across the upper part of the square. This curve includes all the points from which figures are started. The man is thinking intently of a '9.'" I describe the curve beginning in the upper left hand corner and moving to the right. If I detect no resistance when I begin to move back from the upper right hand corner, I know the figure is one of this three. I try one of them, and can detect myself, if in error, by the involuntary resistance of the subject's muscle before the figure is complete. So I try till there is no resistance. Then I know I am right. The '7' starts from the upper left-hand corner, the '4' from a point just to the left of the middle of the upper part of the square, and the '1,' '2,' '3' and '5' and the '0' from the middle point. The same principle of resistance applies to all of these."

He gave lots of other explanations and the audience was completely satisfied.


**We Only Charge $1.50**

for 100 finest visiting cards and finely engraved copper plate, and $1 for 100 cards from plate. We execute the finest wedding invitations at the lowest prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., *Cor. 4th and Locust.*

☞ *All the latest styles of writing papers.*


### Cutter—Carter.

Cards have been received in the city announcing the marriage of Miss Marguerite Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Carter, to Mr. Frederick J. Cutter, to be celebrated Wednesday, March 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 505 West Fifty-third street, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Cutter will be at home at Marietta, O., after May 1. Mr. John H. Carter, the bride's father, was formerly connected with St. Louis newspapers, and the family at that time resided in St. Louis. He is known as "Commodore Rollingpin," a name assumed by him in the publication of a humorous almanac.


**Silk Umbrellas, $2.50 to $15.**

The finest stock ever shown, for both ladies and gentlemen. Call and see them at

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., *Corner Fourth and Locust.*


### Alton Atoms.

The Hudson Packet Company expect to erect a new levee warehouse in April.

The School Board wants to replace No. 3 with a new building the coming year.

Mayor Coppinger will not return to Springfield until after Tuesday's Council meeting.

It is out that Pat Ward is a candidate for City Clerk. No other candidates are mentioned yet.

The ordinance authorizing the Springfield Company to erect electric light poles will be adopted by the Council Tuesday.

Gov. Stanard of St. Louis had considerable difficulty in adjusting his late loss by fire here. A satisfactory settlement has been made.

## READY FOR THE FRAY.

**The Railroad Bill—Doings of the State Legislature.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 7.—This afternoon the Joint Internal Improvement Committee's railroad bill came up in the Senate for third reading and passage last night and this morning caucuses were held, and secret conferences were indulged in by both the friends and enemies of the measure and a great deal of work was attempted. The Democratic Representatives, who have the success of the bill at heart, met and counted noses. One of the gentlemen who attended the meeting informed the POST-DISPATCH correspondent that, by the most careful calculation, he could count upon at least 65 Democratic votes, and had reasonable grounds for supposing that ten out of the fifty Republican members would come to their support and pass the bill. Every absent vote counts against the bill, for the reason that seventy-one votes are required to carry it through, and it is highly probable that every member who dodges the question will be placed prominently on record in some one of the many speeches which it is expected will be made. The most important report in circulation to-day is that Republican Senators and Representatives will hold a caucus this afternoon or evening, provided, of course, the bill is not beaten in the Senate, and another and final effort will be made to drive the independent Radicals into line

AGAINST THE BILL.

Mr. Kelly of Johnson County is the most prominent obstruction in the Republican channel. He says he will not be dictated to upon a subject of this nature by a party caucus, and claims the right to exercise without interference his privilege to vote as he pleases upon all questions of a political character. A Republican Senator, late last night that if the bill passed the Senate this afternoon the Republican Representatives would be asked to support a substitute which will be offered by a Republican member. He expressed the opinion that the bill would not pass the House if Republican votes were required to accomplish that end. In the Senate, he said, the bill would not get over sixteen votes.

Chairman Harmon of the Senate Committee, which framed the bill, said this morning: "I feel confident of the final passage of the bill in the Senate, and believe that it will also go through the House."

"How many votes do you claim in the Senate?"

"Well, it all depends. If the bill passes it will do so with a majority of about six votes; but if it is defeated the majority against it will not be over one or two. What I mean by that is that some half-dozen Senators, now looked upon as doubtful, will vote with what they think is going to be

THE WINNING SIDE.

Some of the Senators will vote against the bill if their votes will make up the number necessary to defeat it, but otherwise they will refrain from showing their hands by voting with the majority."

In anticipation of an attempt by railroad Senators to defeat the bill in the Senate this afternoon by absenting themselves from the session, thereby making it difficult not only to get the required constitutional vote of eighteen, but even to get a quorum, the Senate showed what might be expected of it by supporting the request of Senator Allen for a "call of the Senate." A quorum happened to be present, however, and a number of honorable Senators who failed to show up in their seats this morning, were thereby saved the indignity of arrest by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

THE SENATE.

In the Senate this morning, Senator Allen of Kansas City, expressed the opinion that a quorum was not present, and he asked for a call of the Senate. The doors were ordered closed, and a count of noses disclosed the fact that Senator Allen was mistaken, a quorum was present, and the absent Senators was accordingly saved from arrest.

Senator Woods introduced a resolution amending the rules by making Mr. Jos. Rutherford Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms for the balance of the session at a salary of $5 per day.

Senator Johnson of Montgomery made the point of order, which was sustained, that the resolution must lie over one day.

Bills were taken up and passed as follows:

An act providing for the teaching of the higher branches in the country district schools.

An act providing for the levying of special taxes upon persons benefited by the opening and grading of new streets in St. Louis and Kansas City.

An act giving to counties owing railroad debt the benefit of county and State railroad taxes.

An act providing that two-thirds of the revenue received from dramshop licenses in townships in debt shall be paid into the township fund.

An act providing for the punishment by confinement in the penitentiary for not less than two years any person or persons who shall be guilty of intimidating laborers or employes of corporations for the purpose of keeping them from work.

Senator Allen's bill changing the jurisdiction of the St. Louis and Kansas City courts from $2,500 to $5,000 failed to pass.

The Senate took a recess.

THE HOUSE.

After the presentation of three petitions asking for the passage of the game law bill, the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the general appropriation bill. The provisions of the bill providing for the payment of the running expenses of the various State departments of the normal school and the courts of appeals were taken up. With the exception of increasing by $4,000 the appropriation for the Kansas City Court of Appeals and the addition of a clause appropriating $1,000 for the expenses of the next presidential campaign, that part of the bill considered this morning was adopted without alteration.

The House took a recess till this afternoon.

## RAIDING THE ROBBERS.

**An Attempt to Cleanse a Street Which is a Disgrace.**

Officers Dunn and Hutton made quite a raid on Almond street females Saturday night. Week before last it was reported that a man had been robbed of between $60 and $70 in the house No. 223, kept by Belle Anderson, alias Maggie O'Donnell. Saturday there was another report of a man being robbed at the house, which is filled with the worst class of women. Officers Dunn and Hutton raided the place and arrested the keeper and seven other women, as follows: Florence Newman, Nellie Ryan, Josephine Goss, Kitty Garrity, Minnie Welsh, alias Keeshan, Maggie Smith and Mollie Ward. They were all charged with being inmates of a disreputable house, while the Anderson or O'Donnell woman was charged with being a keeper. The three first named were fined $10, and the other cases were continued.

The same night Dunn and Hutton arrested Sue Spencer, of 213 Almond street, for knocking down drunken men in a saloon on the northwest corner of Third and Almond streets. When the officers arrested her she abused them in the strongest terms. Judge Cady this morning fined her $20.


**Went to the Work-House.**

Tim Radan was before Judge Cady this morning on charges of disturbing the peace and resisting an officer. Yesterday he got more liquor aboard than was healthy for him, and struck and knocked down Mrs. Maggie Dozier, a lady whom he met walking along Chestnut street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. When Officers Freese and Fitzgerald undertook to arrest him, Radan made quite a fight. In court this morning, he said Mrs. Dozier brushed up against him as she passed him on the street, and that was why he knocked her down. Judge Cady fined him $25 on each charge, which will keep Radan in the Workhouse something over three months.


### A Minister Murdered.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 7.—Rev. Grant Belmont, a Baptist minister, was found dead Saturday evening on the bank of a stream in the Chickasaw Nation. He is believed to have been murdered. There was a wound on his head, and his pockets were turned inside out. There are indications that the body had been flung into the water above and was washed ashore.

### The Chicago "Boodlers."

CHICAGO, March 7.—An order for a special Grand-jury was entered in the Criminal Court by Judge Anthony, to-day, on motion of State's Attorney Grinnell. The special panel is expected to consider the charges of corruption against certain members of the Cook County Board and County Contractors.

# GOULD AND THE 'FRISCO.

**THE RAILROAD DECLARES THAT HE HAS NOT BOUGHT THE ROAD.**

**He Has as Much as He Can Do to Take Care of His Present Properties—C. P. Huntington Thinks the Purchase Likely—Denials by Officials That Any Transfer Has Been Made—Who Holds the Stock—Possible Combinations.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Mr. Jay Gould assured his acquaintances yesterday that there was no truth in the reports which came from St. Louis announcing his purchase of the control of the St. Louis & San Francisco Company.

"The newspapers have been imposed upon," said Mr. Gould.

"Don't you want the road?" asked one inquirer.

"Well, if I did I guess I would not have much trouble in getting it. The owners would be pretty glad to sell out, if I am not a good deal mistaken. However, I prefer to keep my money yet awhile."

Mr. Gould, continuing, insisted that he was out of every business affair save the care of properties already in his hands. He was not buying new railroads; he needed none, he declared.

Wall street men who discussed the reported transfer of the control were divided in opinion, and there were veterans who intimated that however ardently the story might be denied to-day it might get confirmation tomorrow. There is such a thing as a deal becoming known too soon sometimes. Mr. Gould has long been credited with designs on the property.

MR. C. P. HUNTINGTON,

who is a large holder in the St. Louis & San Francisco road and one of its directors, said that very likely Mr. Gould had done what was reported.

"If I were in Mr. Gould's place," continued Mr. Huntington, "I would have endeavored to join the 'Frisco Road to the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain. Such connection would insure greater harmony in management, because these railways would thus become a unit. I spoke of the matter some time ago to Mr. Gould, but as to whether the scheme really has been accomplished I don't know. I saw Mr. Gould yesterday morning at his house, not upon this matter, but about something else. He did not tell me anything about having got the 'Frisco road. The news came to me from the papers this morning. If it is true I have no fault to find, for I would as willingly have Mr. Gould in control as any other man."

Edward F. Winslow, President of the St. Louis & San Francisco road, said: "The office where transfers of stock would be recorded is in this city, and I know positively there has been no material transfer in the last two years. I don't believe there has been any such deal consummated as the newspapers in St. Louis seem to have discovered. Safeguards against such are quite large. Mr. Gould has not always attended directors' meetings, but has been represented by proxy. When he has been present he has never made a suggestion as others have, and I don't know that there has come up any question on which there has been an issue or a split in the board. There is no ground for the statement that Mr. Gould has or will have, equally with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, control of the Atlantic & Pacific, and leased lines from the Colorado River to Mojave in California, and the benefit of the traffic contract existing between the Atlantic & Pacific and the Central and Southern Pacific roads from Mojave to San Francisco. The St. Louis & San Francisco and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe each at one time held half the stock of the Atlantic & Pacific, and though some sales have been made, the holdings of the roads possibly remain equal, and both have substantially half interest in the Atlantic & Pacific with free right to run their trains over its tracks. The country tributary to the St. Louis & San Francisco is being improved steadily, and this increases the value of the road. Two years ago the stock was quoted at less than half its present price.


**Spectacles and Eye Glasses**

accurately fitted by the best opticians. Prices $1 for steel, $5 for gold, and finer.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO. *Corner 4th and Locust.*


### Local Labor.

The brick workers will hold a conference tomorrow night to discuss wage subjects.

The United Order of Carpenters have called a mass meeting for 7:30 o'clock to-night at the Central Turner Hall, Tenth near Market street. The session will be an open one, and every carpenter is especially invited.

At the quarries work is going on steadily. At one or two there has been a little wage trouble, but it was speedily settled, and now the laborers are working quietly on the ten-hour system. At all the city quarries $2.50 per day is universally paid.

Owing to the small attendance at the meeting of St. Louis Union, No. 12, of the Furniture-Workers Saturday night the question of a proposed advance in wages was not discussed, but a mass-meeting has been called for next Sunday afternoonat the St. Louis Hall, Broadway and Biddle street. Good speakers will be in attendance, and the questions of wages and the trade in general will be handled in detail. The general union of the Furniture Workers now has a membership of about 30,000.

The Smith, Beggs & Rankin Machine Works, Second and Clinton streets, has started in on the ten-hour plan, and is operating 193 men. Last year, owing to the dull business, the men worked only eight hours. This spring the employes urged that on the eight-hour system they were getting too little pay, and on Saturday the managers accorded the requests of the employes. The ten-hour plan will be continued in force as long as business will warrant it. The mechanics at those works receive all the way from 20 to 22½ cents per hour, according to their skill.


HOT COFFEE

WILL BE MADE EVERY DAY IN

BARR'S

HOUSE-FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

To show the practical working of Frank Ricker's Celebrated

ONE-MINUTE COFFEE & TEA POTS

This wonderful invention leaves every housekeeper without an excuse for having poor coffee or tea on the table, or not having Hot Coffee ready at ONE MINUTE'S notice.

Pulverized Royal Java and Mocha Coffee can be procured from all first-class grocers.

WM. BARR DRY GOODS COMP'YS

H. F. Department, Basement, Sixth, Olive to Locust Streets.


## AMUSEMENTS.


PEOPLE'S ★ TO-NIGHT. ★ Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees.

EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE.

OLIVER BYRON

Supported by the Charming Artiste, KATE BYRON, in the Powerful Romantic Drama,

INSIDE TRACK

With a Most Beautiful Love Story, the Delight of the Ladies, and the Most Thrilling and Realistic Fire Scene ever introduced in a drama.

GRAND SOUVENIR OCCASIONS: Monday and Friday Evenings, March 7 and 11, and Wednesday Matinee. Every lady having a reserved seat in the orchestra for Monday and Friday evenings, March 7 and 11, will be presented with a handsome charm, a fac-simile of Jerry's Lantern, as a souvenir of Byron's Unequaled Success. Every child buying a low-door ticket for the Wednesday Matinee will receive a beautiful Toy Lantern, also fac-simile of the one used by Jerry in the drama.

Sunday, March 13—PATTI ROSA in Lotta's plays, "Bob" and "Zip."

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

MONDAY, MARCH 7.

First appearance in St. Louis of

MISS FORTESCUE!

| | |
|---|---|
| Monday | W. S. Gilbert's Gretchen |
| Tuesday | Moths |

### LODGE NOTICES.

SPECIAL MEETING.—Officers and members of Illinois Lodge, No. 268, K. of H., East St. Louis: You are requested to meet at the Hall this (Monday) evening, March 7, at 7:30 p. m., to make arrangements for attending the funeral of Brother Charles Schaffner.
M. B. SHERIDAN, Dictator.
Attest: JAS. SAWYER, Reporter. 33

LAFAYETTE COUNCIL, No. 392, American Legion of Honor—Companions: A regular meeting will be held Tuesday evening, March 8, 1887, at hall, s. w. cor. 9th and Franklin av. Companions of sister councils courteously invited.
Attest: ROBERT TERRY, Secretary. JAMES F. DUGAN, Commander.

STELLA COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, meets every Tuesday at their hall, corner of Broadway and Benton. Visitors are fraternally invited. MATT PARK, JR., Chancellor.
C. H. PELLET, Recorder.

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

#### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A line of goods to sell on commission in city. F 21, this office. 67

WANTED—Position as drug clerk; two years' experience. Address T 19, this office. 37

WANTED—Position by a young man to do any kind of office work; best of city ref. given. Add. J. F., 3118 Brantner Place. 37

WANTED—To travel in Western Texas, Colorado, Old or New Mexico this season for a reliable house; has had six years' experience in Old Mexico. Address Post-office box 152, Navasota, Tex. 37

#### The Trades.

WANTED—An experienced foreman in the line of furniture; one served many years with large firm in the East, can furnish good recommendations, is looking for situation in his line with responsible party. Address H 21, this office. 38

#### Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man to take care of horses; is good hand with horses; sober and industrious; can give good reference. 218 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo. 39

WANTED—Situation by a coachman of steady habits; one who thoroughly understands the care of fine horses, harness and carriages; city refs. Address 927 N. 6th st. 39

#### Boys.

WANTED—A home for a boy 12 years old; no objection to the country. 1221 Lucas av. 42

#### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By two young Englishmen situation in any capacity. Address B 20, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by German widow, good plain cook, in small family. Add. C 20 this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by a German man aged 34; understands the care of horses, carriages, gardening, housework; first-class reference. Add. B. Lindner, 2026 Pine st. 43

WANTED—Sit. by experienced male nurse as private nurse for sick or invalid; no objections to travel or the country. Ad. or call at Sisters' Hospital, Bacon and Montgomery sts. Andrew G. Newquist.

### HELP WANTED—MALE.

#### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—At once two wide awake young men; a liberal salary to the right party. 1424 Franklin av. 54

WANTED—Man to assist on advertising department; must be well dressed and of temperate habits. 11 N. 8th st. 54

WANTED—First-class counter salesman and an outside salesman; apply 10 a. m. Union Pacific Tea Company, 720 N. Broadway. 54

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORT-HAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. This is one of the largest, best equipped and most successful schools of its kind in the United states. Students are preferred by business men, who are constantly calling at our office for clerks, book-keepers, short-hand writers, etc. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President, corner Broadway and Market sts.

#### The Trades.

WANTED—Job press feeders. 813 Locust; 3d floor. 58

WANTED—Four patternmakers. Hotchkiss Pattern Works, 544 Dickson st. 58

WANTED—Three first-class tin roofers and jobbers at Edw. F. O'Toole, Baden, North St. Louis.

WANTED—All carpenters wanted to attend a mass meeting at Central Turner Hall, 10th and Market sts., Monday evening, March 7, at 7:30. Business of the utmost importance to all. This will be an open meeting. All carpenters are expected to attend. By order of Unions.

WANTED—Four good carpenters at 6th and Elm st. at once. 58

#### Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—First-class cook. Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 56

#### Waiters.

WANTED—Colored waiter and bellboy. Apply Lafayette Park Hotel. 57

WANTED—At 202 S. Broadway, waiters; $9 per week to first-class men. 57

#### Laborers.

WANTED—10 shovelers on Easton av., west of Three Mile House, in the morning. A. Herzog.

WANTED—At once, ten laborers; steady work to good men. Western Steel Company, Carondelet. 59

#### Boys.

WANTED—Good bundle boy, 9 N. Broadway. 61

WANTED—A good strong boy. Apply 415 Chestnut st. 61

WANTED—A good strong boy used to store work. S. Myers, 621 Market st. 61

WANTED—A boy to fit pictures, must have experience. Am. Art Co., 8th and Pine sts. 61

WANTED—Strong boy at candy factory, 314 N. 4th st., up-stairs; one that has had experience making drops. 61

WANTED—A good boy about 15 or 16 years old to drive grocery wagon and make himself useful in store; German preferred. Apply at 2200 Washington av. 61

WANTED—A strong German boy (must understand and speak English) to keep a small building clean and assist in the house; only such who are willing to work need apply and bring reference to 214 N. 21st st., before 9 a. m. or after 4 p. m. 61

#### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A man to wash dishes and work about kitchen. 1706 Lucas place. 62

WANTED—German farm hand over 30 years of age. Address O 19, this office. 62

WANTED—Ten young men at stage door, Grand Opera-house, 6:30 p. m., Monday. 62

WANTED—For our night lines, two young men to learn telegraphing; permanent situations; $75 to $100 monthly. Apply to Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 62

WANTED—Several "hustlers" to attend building associations and sell new Building Association Journal; nearly 10,000 building association members in St. Louis and all will buy. Office, 509 N. 3d st. 62

WANTED—A middle-aged man, located outside large cities, to represent in his locality a responsible house; monthly salary $70 to $100 at start. Manufacturer Supt., Lock Box 1,585, New York. 62

WANTED—For March 14, 5 young men to engage with the Union Tel. Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 and $125 per month. Ap. Supt., 102 N. 3d; take el. Take elevator. 62

WANTED—By Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., a steady and reliable man as agent on salary and commission; material help and assistance given to a suitable man until position is worked up; no previous experience necessary. Apply to J. O. Connor, Asst. Supt., room 503, 104½ N. Broadway, from 8 to 12 Tuesday. 62

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

#### General Housework.

WANTED—Situation to do light housework and take care of children. Call or ad. 1103 N. 19th.

WANTED—A girl wants a place to do general housework in a small family; please call at 2306 Biddle st.; call for 2 or 3 days; best reference. 48

WANTED—Situation by elderly German woman to take care of baby or do light housework; small salary. Apply 1400 N. 12th st., up-stairs. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

#### Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—Situation as cook. Address S 20, this office. 49

WANTED—Situation as cook; city or country; best of reference. 922 Monroe st. 49

WANTED—Situation by two German girls, one as cook and the other as housegirl; would prefer to go together. 2901 E. Bell st. 49

WANTED—A young German woman wishes situation to cook, wash and iron, or do general housework. Address R 20, this office. 49

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

#### Stenographers.

WANTED—Will pay $20 for a permanent situation by an experienced lady stenographer. Address D 20, this office. 45

#### Housekeepers.

WANTED—A refined young lady desires situation as housekeeper; no objection to children; object, a home; willing to leave city; best ref. exc. Address K 20, this office. 47

### HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

#### Housekeepers.

WANTED—A young white woman for working housekeeper. Call at barber shop, 410 Spruce st.

#### General Housework.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, at 2113 Walnut st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2831 St. Louis av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 414 Market st., up-stairs. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for housework. 2600 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl to assist in general housework. 1107 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. Call 3714 Finney av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework, small family. 2314 Market st. 66

WANTED—A neat German girl for general housework. Apply at 2811 Clark av. 66

WANTED—Colored woman for general housework. Apply immediately, 2023 Wash st. 66

WANTED—At 1131 Washington av., a good girl for housework; must bring good references. 66

WANTED—German or colored girl for general housework; three in family. 3516 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework, no washing or ironing; three in family. 20 .. 35th.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, two in family; at 1537 Benton st., bet. 16th and 17th.

WANTED—A good colored woman for general housework; small family; good wages. 1088 S. 18th st. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do the general work for a family of three; to go to Benton. Apply to 2304 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; family of two; reference required; German preferred. Inquire at 1829 Cass av. 66

WANTED—For general housework in a family of three, a woman with a child, to go a short distance in the country. Apply 3149 Pine st. 66

#### Cooks.

WANTED—Girl for vegetable cook at 414 Market st., up-stairs. 68

WANTED—A good meat and vegetable cook at Lovely Restaurant, 607 Market st. 68

WANTED—A German girl to cook and do downstairs work; no washing or ironing. Apply at 3835 Delmar av. 68

WANTED—A competent girl for cook and general housework; German preferred. Apply at once at 2945 Easton av. 68

WANTED—Neat, respectable girl in American family for cooking and general housework; must be first-class; good wages. 1747 California av. 68

#### Nurses.

WANTED—Young nurse girl at 1123 Channing av. 70

WANTED—A neat, competent and trustworthy girl to nurse baby the day; reference required. Call at 2021 Olive st. after 6 p. m. to-day.

#### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A girl at 2350 Hickory st. 71

WANTED—A girl. Apply 815 Chouteau av. 71

WANTED—Girls to sew straw hats. Apply 904 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—A No. 1 dining-room girl. 1414 Lucas place. 71

WANTED—Young lady waitress at restaurant, 915 Olive st. 71

WANTED—Lady compositors. Address L. M. McMillin, 100 W. 9th st., Kansas City, Mo. 71

WANTED—Experienced trimmer. Apply immediately at Sonnenfeld's Millinery Department, Famous. 71

WANTED—For our night lines, two young ladies to learn telegraphing; permanent situations; $75 to $100 monthly. Apply to Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 71

WANTED—For March 14, 5 young ladies to engage with Union Tel. Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines and take offices paying $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 and $125 month. Ap. Supt., 102 N. 3d; take el. Take elevator. 62

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made; no photo-painting, no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, Crescent Art Co., 19 Central st., Boston Mass., Box 5170. 71

WANTED—Lady agents for Mrs. Campbell's Self-Adjusting, Extension Bust Corset. Best fitting custom-made Corset in America. Elastic sections; never breaks down. Also combination underskirt and bustle with removable hoops; transparent silk aprons, bibs and sleeves; "Daisy" Hose Supporters; Improved "Queen Protector" reduced to $1. Full line furnishing goods. Ad. with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 464 W. Randolph st., Chicago. 71

#### DRESSMAKING.

LESSONS giving in cutting by Mme. Cassidey's easy method. 623½ Olive, up stairs. 72

#### WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Reliable canvassers on the instalment plan for bed spreads, damask and lace curtains, blankets, rugs, table cloths, hanging lamps, etc.; ready and steady employment and good commissions. W. L. Fontaine & Co., 1812 Franklin av. 73

#### WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Young man with $150 acquainted with the city millinery trade. Address R 20, this off.

WANTED—Partner; an electrician with little capital and afraid of work. Ad. G 21, this office. 23

WANTED—Partner with $1,000 to $1,500 to increase established manufacturing business; pays 200 per cent. Address N 19, this office. 23

#### MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$1,000 to $1,200 for 3 years, 6 per cent; no commission. Add. L 18, this office. 25

#### BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Room, with or without board by lady; cash in advance; strictly confidential. Address F 19, this office. 29

WANTED—Room and board by young lady employed during the day; terms reasonable. Address A 21, this office. 29

WANTED—Two young men engaged down town require room and board in a respectable private family; must be west of Beaumont and north of Chestnut st. Address B 21, this office. 29

#### HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A furnished room, with privileges of practicing on violin; state price. Address J 20, this office. 21

WANTED—By man and wife, no children furnished flat or house of 3 or 4 rooms; rent must be reasonable; please state terms. Address E 20, this office. 21

#### LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Large yellow dog, mastiff. Return to 1540 S. Grand avenue, and receive reward. 30

LOST—A silk hat, with light blue hat crown, Sunday night; reward if returned. Address A 20, this office. 30

LOST—A collie dog; color, brown; collar bears tax No. 1924. A reward is offered for his return to 2703 Lucas av. 30

LOST—$25 reward—White fox terrier dog, brown marks, on March 3. Return to 805 Grand av. and get reward. 30

LOST—A small yellow dog; brass collar, with license of 1886 and 1887; suitable reward offered. J. Baron, 122 S. Broadway. 30

LOST—On Saturday, between Madison and Wright and 14th and 20th, one child's kid, spring-heel shoe; return to Officer Crump, Fourth District Police Station and receive reward. 30

LOST—A pair of opera glasses, Saturday afternoon, either at Pope's Theatre or on white car (Union Depot line). Finder will be liberally rewarded. Leave at grocery store corner S. 11th and Carroll. 30

$10 REWARD—Lost—Fox-terrier dog yesterday at 5 p. m. on Olive, near Compton av.; white, with brown marks. Return to 805 Grand av., corner Morgan st., and get $10. 30

#### ALL SORTS.

A SQUARE DEAL

Is given everyone that buys Carpets, Furniture, Stoves and any household goods of Staley, 1009 Olive. Cash or on credit. 32

#### DANCING.

PROF. R. MAURICE ADAMS, teacher of dancing, Euterpe Hall, corner Jefferson av. and Walnut st.—Class for new pupils, Monday and Friday evenings and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons; practicing party every Wednesday evening. 76

### PERSONAL.

**Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.**

PERSONAL—I will be in Thursday. Nin. 1

PERSONAL—Gussie J. N. E. corner 15th and Olive st., Tuesday, 8 p. m., sure. B 19. 1

PERSONAL—Young widow desires acquaintance of gentleman who could assist her at once. Address S 19, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A middle-aged gent desires the acquaintance of a working girl; object, social amusement. Address P 19, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted, by refined a lady of 35, the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman who will assist her financially. Address O 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted by a gentleman, the acquaintance of a young lady or widow, one who is sincere; object, social amusement. Ad. E 21, this office.

PERSONAL—A gent spending part of his time in the city desires the acquaintance of an attractive young widow; object, social amusement. Address R 19, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A middle aged Southern lady of refined manners wishes the acquaintance of an honorable business man, able and willing to assist her at once. Add. S 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A young gent, recently from the East, wants to meet a pleasant young lady who will accompany him to places of amusement. Address, making appointment, H 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of 32 years wishes to form the acquaintance of a nice young widow; object, social amusement; strictly confidential and trustworthy. Address D 21, this office.

PERSONAL—G 11: Got your second note from old place; if you can't meet me at 13th and Market this or any evening at 6 o'clock, why write again (give some address); no more personals. H—s. Address M 19, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted by two young men of good standing, acquaintance of two good-looking young ladies, between the ages of 16 and 18, of irreproachable character and fond of social amusements; no professionals. Address W 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Middle-aged gentleman, stranger in city, desires acquaintance of refined widow lady not over 35 years; object, sociability and friendship; no street appointments; state where interview can be had in strict confidence. Address F 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Refined, highly connected young widow, having important business East, desires to meet an honorable gentleman traveling that way, who will assist her to get there; ref. confidentially exchanged. Address G 20, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., medical and electric treatment; also electro-magnetic hand baths and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants.

### PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

FOR one week only, tape worms removed and rheumatism cured free. 211 S. 14th st. 74

FOR one week more tape worm and rheumatism cured free. Don't fail to use our Worm Powders for your children. King Remedy Co., 1015 South Broadway. 74

If you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash will do well to call on or address 74 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

TRY Mme. Cassidey's ready cut waist linings. 623½ Olive, Room 13, up stairs. 74

TRY an oyster omelette; something fine. Wm. G. Milford's oyster parlors, 209 N. 6th st.

WE simply ask you to call and see us before purchasing Carpets, Furniture, Stoves, or any household article. Staley, 1009 Olive. 74

AND masquerade costumes, wigs and beards for rent. A Fuegen, 521 Walnut st., People's Theater.

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS $1

H. B. Crole & Co., Printers, removed to 813 Locust.

MLLE. FRANKIE of Denver, clairvoyant, business M. and test medium. 1125 Pine st. 74

MME. ELWOOD, wonderful magnetic healer; mass. sage treatment, baths. 703 Chestnut; open evenings. 74

MADAME SILVA, massage and magnetic treatment, and magnetic hand baths; this treatment is good for many ailments. 1425 Pine st. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent mind reader; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board: charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING,

MEDIUM AND REAL ASTROLOGER, at 2009 Olive st. Five thousand dollars to any one who can equal him in telling the past, present and future, causing speedy marriages, bringing separated lovers, giving advice in all affairs, been advice is invaluable. He tells consulter's name in full, and is the only person that can do so. Prof. Warring asks no questions and uses no cards or any humbug business of a profession. Open Sundays. SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO PAY. Fee—Ladies, 50c; gents, 50c. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. 74

### FINANCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; no publishing advertisement will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and other security; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500 at 6 per cent on city real estate. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

### HORSES AND VEHICLES.

#### For Sale.

CARRIAGES for fall and winter.—W. J. Russell, 1514 and 1516 Olive st., general agent for Columbus Buggy Co.; Perry Road Cart and Hitchcock Sleigh Co.; families desiring to purchase fine carriages are invited to visit my repository and examine the work; latest designs and superior quality at very reasonable prices; will trade or sell on monthly payments. 12

FOR SALE—A light covered business wagon, good as new, for $125; very cheap. 1714 Market st. 12

FOR SALE.

25 Head of the Finest Horses ever in one stable in the State of Missouri, consisting of four pair of closely-matched coach-teams. Two of the teams are toppy, stylish and fine enough for the President of the United States. Also, combined saddle and harness and single drivers. Parties wishing to buy can better visit our stables before March 10; we will ship East at that time.
COL. D. S. HARRIS,
CLARENCE HARRIS,
12 Columbia, Mo.

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

Two fine, large work mules, 17 hands high, sound and in good condition; will work single or double; will be sold cheap, as owner has no use for them. Apply at "Brown's Hide House," Bismarck and Anna sts. 12

#### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 90c. T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal.

FOR SALE—Cheap, two vault doors and a fancy house safe. 22 S. 3d st. 5

FOR SALE—Choice brown Leghorn chickens. L. A. Magill, 4475 Kossuth av. 5

FOR SALE—Machinery; 1 screw-cutting engine lathe; 1 large bolt and pipe threading machine; 1 large iron planer, weight 11,000; 1 small hand-planer, also lot of machine shop and blacksmith tools, lot of pulleys, bolts and screws, etc.
A. J. ACKERMAN & CO.,
1113 N. 16th st.

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

O. K. COAL dealer delivers nine bushels of good coal to any part of building for $1; sells 2 and 4-horse loads at lowest market price. Office at 922 N. 12th st., C. F. Wuesteney, Prop. 5

1009 | AT STALEY'S | 1009

You will find a choice stock of Carpets, Furniture, Gasoline Stoves and household goods. Sold for cash or on credit. 5

FOR CASH OR ON TIME

payments at cash prices, everything to furnish a room, a house, or a hotel. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st. 5

### PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office and residence No. 203 S. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty.

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

13 S. 14TH ST.—Second story front room; also one room for light housekeeping. 13

121 N. 7TH ST., (s. w. cor. of Pine.)—Nicely furnished, front room, second story; rent moderate. 13

404 S. 7TH ST.—Nicely furnished room suitable for man and wife; rent cheap. 13

708 N. 18TH ST.—First floor; three rooms; all conveniences 13

806 S. 8TH ST.—Nicely furnished room; private family. 13

816 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms; one $9 and other $12. 13

922 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for ladies or gentlemen. 13

1015 CHESTNUT ST. — Nice furnished second floor front rooms to gents at $1.50 per week.

1223 WASHINGTON AV.—Three or four nicely unfurnished rooms, second floor, suitable for housekeeping. 13

1315 MADISON ST.—Three rooms and basement. Inquire of Mrs. G. Fauley, 1501 Benton st.

1424 MORGAN ST.—Neatly fur. room, $6; three large fur. or unfur.; handsome residence.

1512 WALNUT ST.—Large stable; suitable for 3 horses; $3.50. 13

1756 CHOUTEAU AV.—One nicely furnished front room. 13

1919 FRANKLIN AV.—Two rooms, 2d floor; water; $6.50 per month. 13

2331 MADISON ST.—Four rooms on first floor and basement; water inside; all in good order. Apply at 2223 Madison st. 13

2347 SCOTT AV.—Four rooms on first floor; water, gas and bath; nice front and back yard, marble mantels; $16 per month. Apply next door, west. 13

2720 WRIGHT ST.—Three rooms, second floor, $8; near Lindell Park. 13

2925 OLIVE ST.—Three beautiful rooms, furnished, en suite, third floor, $30; single, $12, $10 and $8. 13

FOR RENT—One large front room furnished or unfurnished, southeast corner of 17th and Olive. 13

FOR RENT—Nice, light unfurnished room; $4 per month; private family; Lucas av. near Beaumont. Address M 20, this office. 13

WANTED—A young man as room mate; reasonable rates; central location; references exchanged. Address C 21, this office. 13

### FOR RENT—FLATS.

3756 LACLEDE AV.—Four-room flat and use of laundry. Inquire within.

### FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

616 MARKET ST.—House with 22 rooms very low to paying tenant. Apply on premises. 14

1429 OLD MANCHESTER ROAD—For one year from April 1, four-room house, large stable, chicken-house; all kinds of fruit; close to street and steam cars; $20 per month.

4226 N. 11TH ST.—7 rooms, bath, gas, large front, side and back yards, laundry; good location and neighborhood. 14

### TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

714 FRANKLIN AV.—Formerly occupied by the Globe Clothing Company.

804 CHESTNUT ST.—Half or whole of a nice office on 2d floor. Jas. M. Loring or Keeley & Co., 703 Pine.

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—Second and third floors (six rooms). Inquire at Laclede Gaslight Company's office. 17

FOR RENT OR SALE—One large 3-story factory; brick building, with boiler, engine and main shafting; in good condition, on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. Krembs, 622 Park av. 17

### SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House and lot, Webster station, Missouri Pacific R. R., near depot. Apply 19 N. 6th.

### IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—$4,500 will buy an almost new 2-story stone-front house, 8 rooms; hall, bath, gas; in western part of city. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—House 1517 S. Compton av., brand new 2-story brick house of 7 rooms, with hall, bath and gas; lot, 32feet x125. This house is on Compton Hill, and streets are all made, and is three blocks from Lafayette av. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Lot 147x153 feet, n. e. cor. Page and Pendleton avs.; nice high ground, and houses building all around this lot; price $22 per foot; expect this lot to advance to $30 in six months' time; Pendleton is 2,000 feet east Taylor av.
KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—A choice 50-foot lot on Olive st. with improvements, also four detached stone front dwellings on Lucas av.; the property of a non-resident, which we are ordered to sell low down. Apply to JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 7 206 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—A beautiful $10,000 residence—Has saloon parlor, 4 sleeping rooms, bath; in the very best style, with all modern improvements; lot 35x155, No. 3944 Belle av., on hill west of Vandeventer; high and healthy; open daily for inspection from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. See gentleman in charge. 7

### TRUSTEE'S SALES.

WHEREAS, John Pearson by his certain deed of trust, dated 27 June, 1883, recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 712, page 24, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered six (6), seven (7) and eight (8), in block one (1) of subdivision of southeast quarter of block twenty-seven (27) of the St. Louis common, as per block number 1,370, together with the improvements thereon. The said property hereby conveyed having a front of seventy-five feet (75 ft) on the north line of Shenandoah street by a depth northwardly of one hundred and twenty-five feet (125), and bounded as follows: On the north by an alley, on the south by Shenandoah street, on the east by lot 5, in said block 1,370, on the west by lot No. 9 in said block 1,370, which said conveyance to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of all of said notes. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on
MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1887,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the County of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above-described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.
AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

LADIES' PENNYROYAL PILLS.

"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH." The Original and only Genuine. Ask your druggist for Chichester's English; take no other, or send 4c (stamps) for particulars by return mail. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles, Safely, Privately.

Disease Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produces some of the following effects: Nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, invited and strictly confidential.

A Positive Written Guarantee given in everyon. Medicines sent everywhere by mail or express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

200 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. In postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, the physology of reproduction, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c. Address as above. Dr. Whittier.

### BOARDING.

102 S. 7TH ST.—Room, with board, $5 and $6 per week, or $1 and $1.50 per day. 18

1016 N. 16TH ST.—Elegant furnished front room with first-class board for two gents; $12. 18

1118 PINE ST.—Front room, with board, $4 per week; trans. $1 a day; day bdrs. wanted. 18

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—For rent, two furnished rooms on second floor; day boarders wanted. 18

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable furnished rooms with board; day and transient accommodated. 18

1504 PINE ST.—Room with board, $4 per week; also two hall rooms. 18

1510 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room for gent and wife or two gents, with board.

2713 DAYTON ST.—Nicely furnished front room suitable for two gents, with board; home comforts; private family; reference exchanged. 18

2829 CLARK AV. — Second-story back room, with or without board; gents only; ref.

3756½ LACLEDE AV.—Two furnished rooms, with or without board. 18

ST. JAMES HOTEL gives board and room at from $8 to $10 per week, and from $30 to $40 per month. 18

### CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—45x80 feet, w. s. Ninth st., 35 feet north of Montgomery; price, $1,200.
KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

FOR SALE—50x120 feet s. s. Garfield av., 250 feet west Grand; streets made; nice and high, and a very nice block. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

FOR SALE—35x135 feet, s. s. Locust, just west of Garrison; can be had at a bargain, as owner is a non-resident and needs money.
KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—50x160 feet on Taylor av., corner Lucky st., one block from Easton av. and street cars; nice, high ground, and make a nice suburban home; price $22 per foot. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

FOR SALE—25x109 feet, s. s. Olive st., bet. 17th and 18th streets, and joins house 1716 Olive. This lot will be sold at a bargain, and will be worth double the price asked in 3 years. Keeley & Co., 703 Pine.

REAL ESTATE

PRICE CURRENT

MARCH.

FISHER & CO.,

714 CHESTNUT.

### PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Texas land—279,000 acres in the Panhandle; $1.25 to $2.50 per acre; nine miles front on the Rio Grande in Presidio County, $1.25 per acre; the O. O. ranch in Clay County, Big Witchita runs through it—$20 per acre—also, the Snyder ranch in Hockly County. Extra choice ranches; 157 sections in Pecos County. J. E. Elgin, 806 Chestnut st. 6

HO FOR TEXAS!—Our excursion of Texas land buyers will leave St. Louis for Waco on March 8, 7:35 p. m., and Cairo 9 a. m. March 9. For further particulars apply to J. E. Elgin, 806 Chestnut st. 6

### FARMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT

A SMALL FARM

In St. Louis County for 1 or 2 years; good house and stable. Address T 20, this office. 80

### BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Post-Dispatch route for $650 cash. Apply at 1420 N. 9th st. 4

FOR SALE—Restaurant cheap; nice business; parties want to leave city. 1020 Franklin av. 4

FOR SALE.

A plumbing, tinware and stove business in a live Western town; no competition; good trade chance. Address P. O. Box 45, La Junta, Colo. 4

### MUSICAL.

BAND instruments, cornets, guitars, banjos, violins, mandolins, flutes, clarionets, music boxes, music rolls, music books; closing out sale, at half price. E. A. Benson, Music Store, 621 Olive st. 27

ONE DOLLAR—20 pieces of sheet music for $1, slightly damaged. Call soon, or remit by mail $1 and 10 cents for 20 pieces and use the same to you. E. A. Benson's Music Store, 621 Olive st. 27

### BOOKS.

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

### STORAGE.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored, money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

STORAGE.

Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.

stored on the best terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient in city; an itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping furniture, pianos, pictures, glass and queensware a specialty; moving done at low rates, with care at our large fire-proof warehouse.
WM. O. LANGAN & CO.,
81 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.

### Boulanger and the Sneak Thief.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

The interest attaching to the recent actions of the French Minister of War, M. Boulanger, recalls an experience that official had with a thief while sojourning in this city during the Yorktown celebration in 1881. M. Boulanger was at the time a guest at the Continental Hotel, and one night awakened to find a thief in the act of securing his watch from the bureau. The General lost no time, but jumping from the bed and seizing his sabre held the intruder at bay while calling loudly for a "gendarme." The regular officer of the house was sent up by the clerk, but as he was not in full uniform M. Boulanger refused to surrender his prisoner to him. A policeman was sent for, and upon his arrival the thief was delivered into custody. He was escorted to headquarters, given a hearing and immediately sent into court, where, before noon, he had been tried, convicted and sentenced to five years in the Eastern Penitentiary. M. Boulanger was astonished at the rapidity with which the officials of America in cities dealt with their criminal classes. He intended sailing for home the day following the attempted theft, but had concluded to miss one steamer rather than have the thief escape punishment, and the promptness with which the fellow was railroaded formed the subject of a letter of thanks to the Chief of Police from the Minister. The fellow served his full term, less the usual commutation on account of good behavior while in prison.

### The Opal as a Popular Gem.

From the Baltimore American.

The opal, which, ever since the days when Sir Walter Scott wrote his romantic story in which this stone figures so extensively, and which, in these later days, is supposed to bring ill luck to the wearer, is growing to be one of the most highly favored and most costly of the precious jewels. The ban under which it has rested for so long a time has been removed, and where a few years ago they could be bought for comparatively low prices, are now bringing fabulous sums. A well-known jeweler showed me a necklace of opals, which, he said, was cheap for $30,000. This necklace is now the property of the wife of a Brooklyn millionaire. The central opal in the pendant is alone worth $2,000. I might hardly be believed when I say its magnificent color and luster dimmed the magnificent diamonds that were set with it. I saw at this same place an opal that was to be set in an engagement ring, which was valued at $1,500.

## CRAWFORD AT THEM.

### THE THORN IN THE SIDE OF THE WABASH PURCHASING COMMITTEE

**Has Another Chance to Excoriate the Receivership Administration of the Wabash—How Funds Have Been Diverted From Paying to the Support of Non-Paying Lines—Judge Thayer's First Sitting in the Famous Wabash Case.**

Henry Crawford, the Chicago lawyer, whose representations to Judge Gresham in an application for the appointment of a receiver to have charge of the Chicago division of the Wabash was the basis of that judge's sensational assault upon Gould and the receivers of the entire Wabash property, was in the United States Circuit Court this morning and argued before Judges Brewer and

...l Krews' name was on the watch, ...presented to LaMotte that he was ... All the property stolen by him ...n recovered.

## ...LLED HIS SWEETHEART.

### Whose Brother Will Testify Strongly Against Him.

Henry Landgraf, charged with ...e first degree, was taken up in ... court this morning. The panel ...en jurors was selected, and from ...e challenges will be made and ...try the case chosen. Landgraf ...man who killed his sweetheart, ...on March 5, 1885, in front of his ...ouse, No. 2922 Lemp avenue, ...as jealous of the attention received from other young ...on the evening of the ...ed her to accompany him to his ...use. As they were leaving for ... they got outside the house, he ...with misconduct, and drawing ... fired point blank at her ... ball entered under the ...cting an injury from which she ...ty Hospital ten days later. After ...ot Landgraf ran away, but was ... the room where he had hidden ... boarded at No. 908 St. Charles ... his victim was employed as a ...

...feature of this case is that the ...ense against the defendant is his ...pb Landgraf, in front of whose ... crime was committed. He has ...used to leave the city, and has ...ined to have the girl's death ...andgraf's defense is that the ... by malpractice at the City Hos... ...tions of Drs. Addelsberger and ...of New York City, but then as ... City Hospital, will be introduced ..., alleging that the girl was pro... ...right when Dr. Dean of the ...mpted to extract the ball and ... In his deposition Dr. Addels... ... that he believes this to be the ... the operation was unnecessary, ...r's deposition is by no means as ... is not willing to swear that the ...ed her.

## ...E OVER UNTIL MAY.

### ...ed Case of the State vs. David ...s. Fotheringham.

...inal Court this morning, after ... of jurors, etc., had been fin... Attorney Clover stepped to the ...ressing the Court, said:

...or, the case against David S. ... may be continued for the de... ...ent. Mr. Harvey, one of his ...k, and Gov. Johnson, the other, ... the trial of a murder case in ...nty, and has only been engaged ...here to enable him to come here ...ease continued."

...Honor," said Gov. Johnson, "I ... the Court in Lawrence County ... long enough to enable me to ...have this case continued. Mr. ... sick and I don't know when he ... be out. We have all our wit... ...believe both sides would be ready ... it not for my engagement and ...illness. The case will have to, ... over until the May term of ...

...lemen," remarked Judge Nor... ...will call here a few days before ... the clerk will set the case for ... in the term you may select. ...mber of witnesses from outside ...his case, and they are brought ...setting of the case at great ex... ...e next time it comes up I want to ...rial."

...m is the express messenger ... known, was indicted for the ...ss robbery in which Jim Cum... ...ers figured.

## ...ORRIBLE SUICIDE.

### Young Man Ground to Pieces ...e Chicago Waterworks.

...arch 7.—A horrible suicide was ... waterworks on East Chicago ...rday forenoon. A young man ... of age, and dressed like a labor... ...cumstances, entered the build... ...g the engines and walked ...t looking at the machinery, ... south end of the room, he ...e guard rail, and for some mo... ...d the huge walking-beam on the ...ose and fell. He glanced hur... ...lm, and while no one was near ...l boy, he deliberately took off ... throwing it on the floor, stood ...d-rail, and stood for a moment ...ng in his purpose. He looked ...ds he saw the great beam of ...cending, he clasped his shoulders ...rew himself into the "crank-... the head of the heavy ...ls body was literally ground ...o sound was heard to escape ...face was disfigured beyond ...d hardly a bone in the body ...en. There was nothing on the ...t could be identified. There ...ark of the initials "C. P." on ...inned to his vest was a badge ... was a member of the Scan... ...men's Association. The body ...the morgue. This is the third ... occurred at the water-works.

## ... Dunder's Orphans.

Free Press.

...'s you, is it?" queried Sergt. ...day as Mr. Dunder entered ...ation.

...I like to say a few words."

...ief I vhas crazy?"

... exactly crazy, but very ...

...$10 bill!"

...can see from here that it is ... Canadian bank. How did ...

...ranger come in my place ...asks if I vhas Carl Dunder. ...ght. Somepody tells him ...ing money to build an ...h. Dot vhas shust like me. ...rted und charitable, und ...peaks vhell of me. He like ...lum along a leedle by sub... ...ve been green."

...pelief. If he like to gif me ...ke it. He hands me dis ten ...I shange him so queek it ...shtand oop. I doan' find ...ours dot he vhas a proken ...nt!"

...dle shtill! Doan' let him ...pers. Dot vhas a shoke on ...ing to walk around und ... If I like to telephone you ...has it?"

...0."

...f you hear dot telephone ...know it vhas me. und dot ...der corpse until der wagon

## ... Cleveland's Admirers.

...ce Sentinel.

...e rigidest rules in all the ... of the capital that the wife ...t shall not accept attention ...eman outside of the Cabi... Cleveland is trampling on ... goes out to ride with Mr. ...n, the venerable philan... recently celebrated his ... and has been a guest ... The other morning ...orcoran rode out to Oak ...dent's country place, and ...of hours with Mrs. Folsom. ... bride has no warmer ad... ...old gentleman, who seems ...ately express his admira...

...er attentive follower in the ...e Bancroft, who seems to ...n's rival. He has not been ... her so often, but keeps ... flowers. Mr. Bancroft's ... He invents them and has ... the world of flowers. The ...look with envy on the lib... ...llants are taking, but at... ...e President's wife are ...lemen less than 80 years

## ...hat They Do Not Fast.

...Free Press.

...ot that the people of Paris, ...onsume about fifty tons of ...


SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.

## SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,

### NO. 307 OLIVE ST.

We make a specialty of dividend-paying mining stocks. We execute orders in all mining stocks that have a market value. Small Hopes, Great Hopes and Adams bought and sold.

## REGULAR DIVIDEND PAYERS

## GRANITE MOUNTAIN and SMALL HOPES Mining Companies

We make a specialty of the above stocks, also Adams Mining Company Stock. Investors will find it to their interest to call on us, whether desiring to buy or sell.

## SAM'L. A. GAYLORD & CO.

Stock Brokers.


## MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 7, Wall street, 11 a. m.—The new week on the Stock Exchange opened dull, with a tame, and uninteresting market, which, however, was generally firm, first prices showing advances of from ⅛ to ½ per cent over Saturday's closing figures. The only active stocks were Western Union and Richmond & West Point, the remainder being dull. After some slight hesitation prices became firm, throughout the list and Richmond & West Point advanced ⅞ per cent, and others from ⅛ to ½ per cent. There was a recession of small fractions from the best figures reached, but at 11 o'clock the market is very dull and steady.

NOON—Money is easy at 3@4 per cent. Bar silver, $1.09¾. The stock market had a spurt of activity after 11 o'clock, in which Western Union and Lackawanna were most conspicuous, and the former advanced ¾, and the latter ½ per cent. The gains in the general list, which was firm, were for insignificant fractions only. The advance was not fully maintained later in the hour and at noon the market is dull and barely steady. Government bonds: Threes, 109⅝; do 4s, coupon, 125½; do 4½s, coupon, 108⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 124½.

1 p. m.—The stock market was firm and dull during the final two hours of the afternoon, but after 2 o'clock it became moderately active and Western Union, Northwestern, St. Paul and Jersey Central advanced sharply. The general list closed at about the bes ftigures of the day.

BOSTON, March 7.—Mexican 4s, 58½@58¾; do 5s, 63½@64; scrip, 87@88; common, 14¾@15. Calumet and Hecla, 220@221; Huron, 3¾@4; Allouez, 1½@2.

LONDON, March 7, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 100 13-11 for money and 106 1-16 for the account.

4 p. m.—Consols closed at 100 13-16 for money and 101 1-16 for the account.

### New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

| STOCKS. | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Closing. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Canada Southern | 58⅞ | 59⅜ | 58⅞ | 59⅜ |
| Canadian Pacific | 60¼ | 60¼ | 60 | 60¼ |
| Central New Jersey | 69½ | 71⅛ | 69½ | 71⅛ |
| Chesapeake | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ |
| C., C., C. & I. | 48⅝ | 49 | 48⅝ | 49 |
| do pfd | 108½ | | | 108½ |
| C., B. & Q. | | | | |
| C., R. & P. | 138 | | | 138 |
| C., St. L. & P. | 91½ | 92⅛ | 91½ | 92 |
| C., C., C. & St. L. com | 115½ | 116⅛ | 115⅛ | 116⅛ |
| Del., Lack. & West | 134¼ | 135½ | 134¼ | 135½ |
| Del. & Hudson | 101⅞ | | | 101⅞ |
| Denver & Rio Grande | 25 | | | 25 |
| Erie | 25¼ | 25½ | 25 | 25¼ |
| East Tenn. pfd | | | | |
| Eval. | 33⅝ | 34⅛ | 33⅝ | 34 |
| Ft. W. & C. | 73 | 73⅛ | 72½ | 72½ |
| Ft. Wayne bond | 99⅛ | 99⅛ | 99 | 99 |
| Houston & Texas | | | | |
| Illinois Central | | | | |
| Ind., B. & West | 23 | 23½ | 23 | 23½ |
| Kansas & Texas | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 61½ | 62⅛ | 61⅝ | 62⅛ |
| Manhattan Central | 90½ | | | 90½ |
| Mich. Central | 108½ | 109 | 108½ | 109 |
| Mich. & Tex. | 31½ | 31½ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ |
| Manhattan Elevated | 156½ | | | 156½ |
| New York & New Eng. | 61⅛ | 62⅛ | 61⅛ | 62⅛ |
| New York Central | 113¾ | 113⅞ | 113¼ | 113⅞ |
| N. Pacific com | 28⅛ | | | 28⅛ |
| do pfd | 59¼ | 59⅝ | 59¼ | 59⅝ |
| Northwestern | | | | |
| Oregon & Trans | 32 | 32½ | 32 | 32½ |
| Oregon & Trans Co | 102 | | | 102 |
| Ohio & M. com | 27⅞ | 27⅞ | 27½ | 27½ |
| Pacific Mail | 55⅛ | 55¼ | 55 | 55 |
| Phila. & Reading | 37⅝ | 37⅞ | 37¼ | 37½ |
| Pullman Palace Car | 147½ | 148 | 147 | 148 |
| St. Paul & Duluth com | | | | |
| do pfd | | | | |
| St. L. & S. F. com | 34 | 34 | 33¾ | 33¾ |
| do 1st pfd | | | | |
| do 2d pfd | 67½ | 67½ | 67¼ | 67¼ |
| St. L., K. C. & Man | 115 | 115 | | 115 |
| Texas & Pacific | 27⅞ | 28 | 27⅞ | 27⅞ |
| Texas & Pacific Income | | | | |
| Union Pacific | 58⅞ | 58⅞ | 58⅝ | 58⅝ |
| Wab., St. L. & P. | 17¼ | | | 17¼ |
| do pfd | 29½ | | | 29½ |
| Western U. T. Co. | 77⅝ | 77⅞ | 75⅞ | 77⅛ |
| West Shore Bonds | 102⅞ | 103 | 102⅞ | 102⅞ |

ENGLISH CONSOLS — Cash—Opening, 100 13-16; closing, 100 13-16.

Account—Opening, 101 1-16; closing, 101 1-16.

### Mining Stocks.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Granite | $63 00 | $65 00 |
| Small Hopes | 8 25 | 8 75 |
| Adams | 2 75 | 3 00 |
| Sheridan | 30 | 35 |
| Chacous | 1 30 | 1 35 |
| Yavapai | 80 | 85 |
| Mexican Improvement | 1 35 | 1 40 |
| Ideal | 40 | 45 |
| Laclede | | 5 |
| Quincy | | 5 |
| West Granite | 95 | 1 00 |
| Home | 5 00 | 5 50 |

### Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

| | WHEN DUE. | INTEREST PAYABLE. | BID. | ASK. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 ⅝ cent bonds | ..... | M. A. N. & F. | 100⅛ | 100⅝ |
| 4½ ⅝ cent bonds | 1891 | J. S. D. & M. | 111⅝ | 112 |
| 4 ⅝ cent bonds | 1907 | J. A. J. & O. | 127½ | 128 |

RAILWAY BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s | 1888 | Feb. and Aug. | 102⅝ | 103 |
| Mo. Pac. Consols | 1920 | May and Nov. | 115¼ | 115½ |
| Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s | 1891 | Jan. and July | 109⅝ | 110½ |
| Mo. Pac. 3d | 1905 | May and Nov. | 123 | 124 |
| No. Mo. 1st m 7s | 1895 | Jan. and July | 116½ | 117¼ |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1896 | Feb. and Aug | 108 | 113¼ |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1896 | June and Dec. | 106 | 111¼ |
| K. P. D. Ex. 6s | 1899 | May and Nov. | 104½ | 105½ |
| K. P. Consols | 1910 | May and Nov. | 98⅛ | 99½ |
| St. L. & M. 1st 7s | 1892 | Feb. and Aug | 111 | 111½ |

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| City 4s sterling, 10-20s | 1902 | May and Nov. | 101½ | 103 |
| City 4s sterling, 10-20s | 1902 | Jan. and July | 102½ | 103½ |
| City 6s sterling, 10-20s | 1900 | June and Dec | 103½ | 104½ |
| City 5s | 1900 | Jan. and July | 109 | 110 |
| City 6s currency | 1887 | Various | 101½ | 102 |
| City 6s gold | 1892–93 | Various | 110½ | 111 |
| City 6s sterling | 1898 | June and Dec | 117 | 118 |
| City 6s water | 1887 | June and Dec | 101½ | 102 |
| City 6s water | 1890 | June and Dec | 107½ | 108½ |
| City 6s water | 1892 | Apr. and Oct. | 110½ | 110 |
| City 6s bridge approach | 1892 | June and Dec | 110⅝ | 111½ |
| County 6s gold | 1895–96 | Jan. and July | 114½ | 116 |
| County Park | 1905 | Apr. and Oct. | 123 | 125 |

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Clearings | $3,266,245 |
| Balances | 422,244 |

## COMMERCE.

### NOT SO STRONG.

### Wheat Drops Down Along With Corn—Provisions Also Weaker.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, March 7, 1 p. m.—What opened at about Saturday's close, 82c for May, and hung around that price for sometime. The steadiness was due to the heavy buying by Hutchinson's brokers, but as soon as this pressure was removed the price gradually declined ½c, when fresh buying orders took a great deal. The scalpers, however, filled the buyers up and a further decline to 81c followed, at which price much more stuff was wanted than was bought, and as soon as the buyers balled out the crowd, the rally was quick and the transactions not heavy. The tone of the market to-day has been very nervous, the scalpers in particular, who were inclined to sell, covered on the slightest sign of an advance, while those who were on the bull side unloaded with just as little provocation. The realizing on this morning was very heavy and should we find a weak spot after the steady advance, we believe the long side the one to be on. The market closed firm.

Corn opened very strong, but the pressure to sell was too much for the bulls and, aided by a weak wheat market, it slowly sagged to 39⅝c. The effect of the interstate bill, it is thought, will be to largely increase the movement of corn from the country. It was a noticeable feature that the receivers were free sellers to-day. The close was somewhat influenced by the strength in wheat.

Ribs were dull and trading was scattered, except at lowest prices, where better buying was developed. Lard was irregular in price and for the most part was quiet and closes tame. Exports of pork, lard and bacon last week all show a fair increase over corresponding week last year.

### Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

| ST. LOUIS: | Closing Saturday. | Highest To-day. | Lowest To-day. | Closing To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT. | | | | |
| Mar. | 81 | | | |
| May | 83½ | 83⅛ | 81¼@⅜ | 82⅝ |
| June | 84⅛ | 83¼ | 82¼@⅜ | 82¼@⅜ a |
| July | 82¼ | 80⅝ | 80⅝ | 81⅛ b |
| Aug. | 80⅛ | 82⅞ | 80⅞ | 82 |
| Sept. | 84¼ | 83⅞@84 | 83½ | 83½ a |
| CORN. | | | | |
| Mar | 35½ | | | 35 b |
| April | 36 | | | 36⅛ b |
| May | 37⅛ | 37 | 36 | 36⅛ |
| June | 38¼ | 37⅞ | 37¼@⅞ | 37¼ b |
| OATS. | | | | |
| May | 28¾ | 28⅝ | 28⅝@¾ | 28⅝ b |
| CHICAGO: | | | | |
| WHEAT. | | | | |
| May | 82⅛ | 83¼ | 81 | 83⅛ |
| June | 83⅛ | 83⅝ | 81⅝ | 83⅝ |
| July | 84 | 83½ | 82½ | 83½ |
| CORN. | | | | |
| May | 41½@¼ | 40⅞ | 39⅝@¾ | 40⅝@½ |
| June | 42⅛ | 41¾ | 40½ | 41⅝ a |
| July | 43⅛ | 42⅞ | 41½ | 42⅝ a |
| OATS. | | | | |
| May | 29½ | 29 | 28⅝@¾ | 29 b |
| June | 29 | 29½ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ b |
| PORK. | | | | |
| May | 21.00 | 21.00 | 20.50 | 21.00 a |
| June | 21.00 | 21.00 | 21.00 | 21.00 a |
| LARD. | | | | |
| May | 7.65 | 7.75 | 7.47 | 7.60 b |
| June | 7.70 | 7.72 | 7.55 | 7.65 |
| SHORT RIBS. | | | | |
| May | 8.57 | 8.62 | 8.45 | 8.57 |
| June | 8.60 | 8.65 | 8.50 | 8.60 b |

NEW YORK—Wheat—April, 93c b; May, 93⅞c a.; June, 94¼c; July, 94⅝c; August, 94⅞c. Corn—March, 49⅞c; April, 49⅞c; May, 49⅞c; June, 49⅞c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 86½c b.; June, 87¼c; August, 86½c b.

### Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

| PORTS. | RECEIPTS. Wheat. | RECEIPTS. Corn. | SHIPMENTS. Wheat. | SHIPMENTS. Corn. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 13,262 | 91,885 | 69,090 | 231,522 |
| Milwaukee | 13,975 | 1,440 | 5,833 | ..... |
| Baltimore | 35,361 | 99,731 | 60,000 | 150,577 |
| Toledo | 20,315 | 3,060 | 35,307 | 21,788 |
| New York | 119,900 | 18,150 | 13,537 | ..... |
| Chicago | 13,905 | 123,031 | 46,145 | 77,719 |
| Kansas City | 5,000 | 21,500 | 5,500 | 8,500 |
| Detroit | 28,809 | 6,869 | 62,865 | 11,083 |
| Duluth | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Minneapolis | 242,480 | ..... | 48,160 | ..... |
| Philadelphia | 28,589 | 21,669 | 76,058 | 3,395 |

### Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

| | Wheat bu. | Corn bu. | Oats bu. | Rye bu. | Barley bu. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| To-day | 3,096,028 | 3,348,605 | 352,983 | 44,056 | 40,511 |
| Sat'dy | 3,117,654 | 3,419,624 | 358,920 | 44,056 | 41,501 |
| | No. 2 Red. | No. 2. | No. 2 | No. 2. | No. 2. |
| To-day | 2,741,856 | 2,871,014 | 300,961 | 35,742 | ..... |
| Sat'dy | 2,748,982 | 2,940,536 | 306,898 | 35,742 | ..... |

### Visible Supply of Grain.

| | March 6, '87. | Feb. 26, '87. | March 7, '86 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 55,781,463 | 57,627,225 | 51,277,577 |
| Corn | 15,734,300 | 14,394,015 | 12,969,057 |
| Oats | 4,483,585 | 4,736,016 | 2,023,214 |
| Rye | 413,358 | 428,348 | 673,686 |
| Barley | 1,853,511 | 2,042,011 | 1,255,560 |

### St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Latest mail advices from abroad report favorable weather in England, France and Germany for the wheat plant.——The bulls assert that Phil Armour bought 10,000,000 bu wheat in Chicago last week. If he is no more successful in running the wheat market now than he was last summer the bears will not be skinned very badly.——Odessa's grain market is reported as active for wheat, while rye and corn were rather dearer, owing to their scarcity. Stocks of wheat are rapidly diminishing.——American millers are seeking through the government at Washington to effect the removal of 75c duty on American flour imported into Brazil.——The wheat market started in this morning as though there would be a desperate struggle between the bulls and bears for supremacy.——The steam flouring mills of Germany complain incessantly that the new grain duty has ruined them, the steam mills of Hungary, which were to have been the sufferers, are getting on as well as ever.——A couple of small failures were reported in Chicago this morning.——Minneapolis millers fear the effect of the new interstate railroad law will be to place them at a great disadvantage as compared with the mills at Milwaukee, St. Louis and mills nearer the seaboard.——"They report cables 3@6d higher," said W. L. Green of McCormick & Co., "but upon investigation I find this is on California wheat, which is controlled by a clique. Red winter is ½d higher and no trade, which makes me suspicious of the deal."——E. J. Worthington, Chicago, telegraphed Francis, admitting that visible decreases 2,500,000. I believe that unless something new develops wheat will be a sale on all the swells to-day. Cables were firm, but all I have seen bring selling orders."——"Let May wheat alone," is the pointer now sent out by the bears.——"One thing that is liable to knock the bulls out," remarked a trader, "is that there are too many bull cliques in wheat. There are the California clique, the Cincinnati clique, the Armour clique and one other, and they are not working together, are distrustful of one another, and are liable to try to unload on one another at any time."——Changes in stocks of wheat at the different markets were: Decrease—St. Louis, 230,600 bu; Minneapolis, 105,200; Kansas City, 29,600, Detroit, 268,200; Toledo, 155,400; Indianapolis, 24,500; Buffalo, 69,000; Oswego, 8,500; Montreal, 5,000; Albany, 1,400; New York, 573,400; Baltimore, 86,500; Toronto, 12,000; Chicago, 367,500; Mississippi River, 43,500. Increase—St. Paul, 45,000; Boston, 16,100; Philadelphia, 63,700; Milwaukee, 19,800.——The report on the visible supply shows a decrease of 1,846,000 bu in wheat, 400,000 bu in corn, 153,000 bu in oats.——This is a little early to make a prediction on the next visible of wheat, but it seems safe enough to place it at less than 1,500,000 bu decrease. That rail wheat shipped from Detroit, Chicago and other points should be arriving at the seaboard this week and export purchases have been checked by this advance.——It will be noticed that the decrease in stocks of wheat at the seaboard has been confined to New York principally. Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston during the past two weeks have either decreased only a small amount, or have increased slightly.——J. B. M. Kehlor received a cable from Liverpool this morning, which stated that, while they noted the state of our market, their own was dull and depressed, and "we can buy your flour 6d per 100 lbs cheaper from second hands than you will sell it."——Private telegrams from Chicago read: "Sell no May wheat. It is an Armour deal."——New York reported 10 loads wheat taken for export. It is curious how New York enjoys a monopoly of this export trade. You never hear of any other seaboard market that is able to work any wheat for export.

Wheat bulls received almost as great a dump this forenoon as the twist they gave the bears Saturday. The cables received were firm and higher, but the weather bright and mild, a perfect spring morning. The bears had gotten over their scare, and the bulls were not so confident and all the markets on this side were weak and declining. Longs placed a great deal of confidence in the visible supply showing a large decrease, but the comparatively small falling off in New York's stock was a surprise and discouragement that caused a right sharp break in prices when reported. Another tumble took place when the 1,800,000 bu decrease in the visible was reported, and the market was hammered to 1⅛@2c below the highest early rates. Late came a reaction on reports of large export buying in New York. May advanced hopeantly, and had so few sellers that buyers had no difficulty in bidding it up, and it closed firm at 1⅛c lower than Saturday's close, while the more deferred months were like lower. Spot No. 2 red was lower and dull, only 15,000 bu and four cars selling this side to local millers at 80¼@80½c, and worth, at close, 80¼c East and 80¾c this side.

Corn was weakened by the decline in wheat and the small decrease in the visible supply, and sold off ⅛c, but recovered ¼c late and closed firm. There were few who would trade and the market was dull and heavy all the time. Spot grades were firm. No. 2 selling in a small way in A. at 28¾c, which was bid for U.; 28½c for St. L.; No. 3 had 27½c bid for C.

Rye quiet, but firm, sellers holding No. 2 at 54½c, only drawing a bid of 53c, but later C. sold at 53½c.

Flour was not so strong nor so active, but rather could be called easy and slow, and this was to be ascribed to the drop in wheat. Buyers held off, and while sellers asked steady rates they found it very difficult to realize them. Patents, $4.25@4.50; straights, $3.90@4.10; clears, $3.60@3.85; medium, $2.80@3.30; low grades, $2.20@2.60. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.50@2.65; XXX, $2.80@2.90; Family, $3.20@3.30; choice, $3.50@3.65; fancy, $3.75@3.85; extra dio, $3.90@4.05; patents at $4.25@4.50. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.10@3.20 ⅌ bbl.

Cornmeal—Firm at $2.10@2.15 for city orders del., pearl meal, $2.50; grits and hominy, $2.60@2.75.

Bran was quiet and irregular. Sacked 63c at mill, 64@65c this side, part f. o. b., and 66½c f. o. b. east track.

Hay—Receipts were large and the market fully 50c per ton lower, while the feeling was easy and only a fair local demand. The range: This side—Prairie, Illinois and Iowa, $7@8; Kansas, $9@10.50 for prime to fancy; mixed timothy, $10@11; prime to fancy timothy, $11@14—top rate for large bales. East track stock sells $1@2 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions were dull and drooping, with but a small business and lower prices failing to draw the buyers. Cured dry salt c'ribs were offered to arrive at 8.30c c. and f. here, but the first bid heard of was only 8.15c. Boxed 20-day dry-salt c'ribs, 8¼c f. o. b.; loose f. o. b. on orders—shoulders, 6½c; longs and c'ribs 8.35c, and shorts 8.55c. Packed bacon and shoulders, 6¾@7c; longs, 8⅝@8¾c; c'ribs, 8¾c; shorts 8⅞@9c. Old standard mess pork, $15, and new hard side, $18. Prime steam lard, 7⅛@7¼c; fancy, 7¾c, and second brands, 7¼c. Country lard, 6@6½c ⅌ ℔ for small lots in irregular packages. C. S. c. hams, 10½@14c. Breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher; $4.25@4.75 per half-bbl; dried, 12c; selected, 15c per ℔; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Choice, 4c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¾@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less; choice cake, 4@4½c. Grease—Brown, 2½@2¾c; yellow, 3@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c per bbl on E. Ds. and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.13 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria, $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead firm for refined, of which 200 tons sold at $4.25, but common could be bought at $4.20.

### St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat excited, selling ¼c higher on a sharp advance in Chicago, but with free selling and closing off from the top. Corn better also, and firm, but quiet. Oats dull. Chicago curb for May wheat 83c.

### Cotton.

Liverpool spots were firm and in fair demand, but futures went off 1-64d and were dull. This rather unfavorable report from abroad was probably the cause of New York showing some weakness most of the session, but it recovered late and closed 1@2 points higher for the new crop and 6@8 points higher for the old crop options, while spots were quiet and 1-16c higher at 9¾c for middling. Port receipts were large, amounting to 21,712 bales for three days, exceeding last year's for same time by 2,300 bales, but exports were 54,926 bales, doubling last year's and the stock has decreased 32,800 bales since last Saturday to 739,638 bales. This is a very encouraging feature of the market. Locally the feeling was firm and middling and above were put up 1-16c. The demand continued good and 2,200 bales sold, mainly for export. Mr. Felix Hare of Berlin was on the floor to-day. He reports trade as good on the other side, owing to the fear of trouble between the powers.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, 7¾c; good ordinary, 8¼c; low middling, 8 15-16c; middling, 9¼c; good middling, 9 9-16c; middling fair, 10⅛c; fair, —; stained, ½@¾c below white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts to-day, 483 bales; since September 1, 1886, 386,514 bales, against 427,139 bales same time last year. Shipments to-day 601 bales; since September 1, 1886, 327,749 bales, against 323,505 bales same time last year. Stocks at compresses and warehouses to-day, 68,781 bales, against 105,243.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

NEW YORK—Futures closed firm; March, 9.80c; April, 9.82c; May, 9.90c; June, 9.98c; July, 10.04c; August, 10.10c; September, 9.76c; October, 9.55c; November, 9.45c; December, 9.47c. Sales, 113,100 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 5-16d; Orleans, 5⅜d. Sales, 12,000 bales. Futures closed dull; March, 5 16-64d; March and April, 5 16-64d; April and May, 5 16-64d; May and June, 5 17-64d; June and July, 5 19-64d; July and August, 5 20-64d; August and September, 5 22-64d; September and October, 5 16-64d.

### Country Produce.

APPLES—Season nearly over and market dull at $2@3.25 for fancy, and $2.50@2.75 for good to choice per bbl; damaged and inferior, $1.50@2.

STRAWBERRIES—Supply exceeds demand. Sales at $1@1.25 per gallon.

ONIONS—Dull, but steady; yellow sold at 75 @95c and red at 90c@$1 per bu.

POTATOES—Seed varieties scarce, firm and wanted; other varieties quiet. Burbank ranged at 52@60c for Northern to 57@58c for Eastern; peerless at 55@60c; Beauty of Hebron, 57@62c; rose at 65@70c.

NEW SOUTHERN VEGETABLES—Green peas, $3 per 3-peck box; beets, 50@60c per doz bunches; cucumbers, $1.25 per doz for choice; tomatoes, 75c@1.25 per peck box.

DRIED FRUIT—Weak and very slow. We quote: Apples—Sun-dried, quarters range from 3@4¼c for Southern, and to 4@4¾c for Western; peelings and cores, 2@3c. Evaporated at 7 to 10c. Peaches—Nominal at 4@6c. top for new halves. Blackberries, 9@9½c.

EGGS—Receipts, 1,993 pkgs. Firm and in good demand at 12½c per doz.

BUTTER—Receipts, 21,538 lbs. Demand fair from the local trade for choice and fancy; values firm. We quote: Creamery—Choice and fancy, 25@28c, to 29c, Elgin more. Dairy—Common and near-by make, 10@12c; medium and good, 15@18c; choice, 20@24c, and a shade more for selections in a small way. Ladle-packed, 16@20c, as in quality. Role—Near-by at 10c for common, to 15@16 for choice; Northern, 15@18c as to quality.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream, 12@12¾c; Illinois do, 11@11½c; skims, 3@3½c for hard and 7@8c for choice; Young America, 13¾c.

LIVE POULTRY—Steady, but demand and supply small. Old chickens ranged at $1.50@1.75 for cocks, $1.75@2 for mixed to $2@2.25 for hens; springs, $2 to $4 per doz; turkeys at 5½c ⅌ ℔ for gobblers, to 6c for hens. Ducks, $2@3.

DRESSED POULTRY—Steady, but very quiet. Chickens at $1.25@2.25 per doz. Turkeys—Large gobblers at 7c; hens at 7½c ⅌ ℔. Ducks $2@3; geese nominal.

GAME—Steady and demand fair. We quote: Ducks—Mixed, 75c; teal, $2; mallard, $2.50; snipe, $1.75.

VEALS—Quiet. Choice fat sold at 5@5½c; poor at 4@4½c, and heretics at 3@3½c ⅌ ℔.

HIDES—Quiet and easy for green, steady for dry stock. We quote: Green salted No. 1 at 7¾c; No. 2 at 6½c; bull and stag, 5c; uncured, 1c ⅌ ℔ less than cured; glue, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 15½c; No. 2 at 12½c; bull and stag, 10c; dry salted, 12c; damaged, 10c; glue, 7c.

DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 23c; salted, damaged and meaty, 5@8c less; green, 10c.

SHEEP PELTS—Green, 50@90c for fair to choice large; dry, 40@70c; small lambskins, 30@50c; shearlings, 15@20c for green, 10@15c for dry; Texas and Territory, 10@12c ⅌ ℔.

FEATHERS—Firm and easy. We quote: Prime, live geese (white) at 42c in large sacks, and 42c in small sacks (stock largely gray, 5c ⅌ ℔ less than prime white); unripe, quilly, etc. 30@35c; mixed and old, 10@30c; chicken (dry picked), 4@5c; duck, 20c; tare 3 and 10 per cent.

BEESWAX—Steady at 21c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Firm. Quote: Red tipped and common, 3@4c; choice self-working, 4@4½c; choice short green, 4½@5c; crooked, half-price.

GRASS SEED—Clover quotable at $3.75@3.90; timothy at $1.70@1.78; German millet, 75c@1; common millet at 55@65c; red top at 30@40c; Hungarian at 60@70c.

COTTON SEED—Selling at $10.50 per ton.

HEMP SEED—Nominal at 05c pure test.

FLAX SEED—Best bid 97c for pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime are worth $1.25.

WOOL—Market quiet and unchanged. We quote:

| UNWASHED—STATES. | Medium. | Coarse braid | Low, sandy. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mo., Ill., Ark., etc. | 26 | 19@21 | 17@19 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 21 @22 | 16@18 | 14@16 |
| Texas & Indian (12 mo. | 22 @25 | 20@22 | 16@18 |
| Territory (6 to 8 mo. | 22 @23 | 16@18 | 13@16 |
| Colorado, New Mexico, etc. | 21 @22 | 17@19 | 13@17 |
| Montana, Wyoming, etc. | 22 @25 | 17@20 | 15@18 |

| UNWASHED—STATES. | Fine. Light. | Fine. Heavy. |
|---|---|---|
| Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, etc | 21 @23 | 17 @19 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 18 @20 | 14 @18 |
| Texas and Indian (12 mo. | 24 @25 | 18 @21 |
| Territory (6 to 8 mo. | 80 @21 | 14 @17 |
| Colorado, New Mexico, etc. | 23 @25 | 16 @17 |
| Montana, Wyoming, etc. | 20 @23 | 15 @18 |

Burry and Cotted—Slightly, 2c to 3c off; moderately, 4c to 5c off; hard, 11c to 15c ⅌ ℔; black, 16@23c. Tub—Choice, 37c; fair, 33@35c; low, 30@32c.

FURS—Steady and quiet. We quote as follows: Inside prices for Southern and outside for Western.

| | No. 1. Large. | No. 2. | No. 2. | No. 4. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Race'n | 60@ 65 | 45@ 50 | 30@ 35 | 5@ 10 |
| Mink | 50@ 55 | 35@ 40 | 20@ 25 | 5@ |
| Bear'r | 5 50@6 50 | $3 50@4 00 | $2 50@3 00 | 25@ 75 |
| * Otter | 5 00@6 00 | 3 00@4 00 | 2 00@2 50 | 25@ 75 |
| † Fox | 75@ 80 | 50@ 60 | 25@ 30 | 5@ 10 |

* Cased. † Red and Gray Fox

| DESCRIPTION | Price. | DESCRIPTION | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Skunk, short stripe | 40@ 45 | Badger | 50@75 |
| Skunk, broad and white | 10@ 12½ | Skunk, black | 60@70 |
| Wolf, No. 1 | $ 1 00 | Skunk, narrow | 20@25 |
| Wild Cat | 15@ 25 | Pole Cat | 10 |
| House Cat | 5@ 10 | Muskrat, winter | 10@13 |
| Bear, black & brown | 25@1 00 | Opossum (trash out) | 10@15 |

4@10 to 25 per cent is usually deducted on otter, skunk, mink, fox, etc., when "open," and on coon, beaver, bear and other articles when "cased."

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Wheat ⅝@⅞c lower and heavy with a fair business. Sales, 1,728,000 bu No. 2 red May, 92¾@93½c; 872,000 bu do June, 93¼@94c; 96,000 bu do July

## CITY NEWS.

WIDE open for spring business in every one of their forty-two departments are D. Crawford & Co. Loaded up with thousands of bargains not to be duplicated elsewhere at any price.

SAVE the pieces! "10c Royal" glues 'em. Broken glass, china, furniture, toys, etc. Dr'g'ts.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

## FLOATED OFF.

### The Big Steamer City of Chicago Ashore on the Bar at West Hampton, L. I.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WEST HAMPTON, L. I., March 7.—As. Capt. Franklin Jessup of the Potonk Life Savings Station was patrolling the beach at daylight yesterday morning, he discovered a big ocean steamer ashore on the outer bar near the station. There was a heavy sea running and a driving snow-storm prevailed, but the vessel was riding easily and seemed to be in no danger. He soon ascertained that the vessel was the City of Chicago of the Inman Line, which, under the command of Capt. Watkins, sailed from Liverpool for New York, February 22. Summoning his men, Capt. Jessup had his life-boats taken down to the beach, but the surf was so heavy that it was an impossibility to launch any of the boats. The efforts of the life savers were witnessed by those on the steamer and they soon set up signals notifying Capt. Jessup that the vessel was in good condition, and that her commander and his crew and passengers felt no alarm as to her safety. The life savers then attempted to get a line to the vessel, but this, too, was found to an impossibility for the reason that the lines parted from the ball as soon as the latter was fired from the mortar. One line did go over the vessel, but it parted as soon as the crew put any strain upon it in an attempt to tighten it. The life-savers could then do nothing but stand and watch the vessel which seemed to ride easily without any heavy pounding. The commander then sent aloft some further signals, notifying those on shore that everybody on board was in the best of spirits and felt no uneasiness whatever. As the tide rose the vessel became much easier, and, although heavy seas were such that it seemed an impossibility to those on shore that she could escape injury, she still continued

SHOWING HER REASSURING SIGNALS,

notifying them that she was doing well and was not damaged in the slightest. Finally, in the afternoon about 1:30o'clock, the tide raised her from the bar, and with a farewell signal to those on shore, the steamer slowly moved away and proceeded on her journey to New York. The City of Chicago was reported outside the bar at Sandy Hook shortly after dark. The fog was too thick for her to proceed any further, and she anchered. She had on board seventy-eight cabin and 437 steerage passengers. On her way to this city she was met by wrecking steamer I. T. Merritt, which had started down to West Hampton to her assistance. The Merritt brought up to this city the Chicago's 500 bags of mail. She was built in Scotstown in 1883 by Connell & Co., for the Inman Steamship Company of Liverpool, England. She is an iron vessel, 3,386 tons burden, and is classed A No. 1 in the English and American Lloyds for ten years. She is 430 feet long, 45 feet broad and 33 feet deep, has four decks, seven bulkheads and compound engines. She is not fast, and was built more as a freight steamer, although she has accommodations for a number of first-class and steerage passengers. Last fall the City of Chicago, with other steamers of the Inman Line, came under control of American capitalists, of whom Peter Wright & Co. are the representatives in this city and Philadelphia.

## AN EARTHQUAKE!

### The Shock Will Be Felt by Shoe and Clothing Dealers

**At 9 O'Clock—To-Morrow—At 9 O'Clock.**

500 Children's jacket and pants' suits at 75 cents.

1,500 Children's better grade suits at $1.25, $2 and $3.

1,000 pairs knee pants at 20 cents.

500 Men's all-wool corkscrew suits at $7.50.

100 dozen 4-ply linen collars at 50 cents per dozen.

55 dozen men's stiff fur hats, worth $2.50, at $1.25.

50 dozen boys' polo caps at 10 cents.

10 dozen left of re-enforced linen bosom white and percale shirts at 35 cents.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

## MARRIED ON THE SLY.

### The Son of Tiffany, the New York Jeweler, Pleading for Parental Forgiveness.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 7.—A stylishly dressed young man called at the residence of Rev. Ensign McChesney, 280 Fourth avenue, last Tuesday, and introduced himself as Burnett Y. Tiffany. He asked the clergyman if he would perform the marriage ceremony between himself and a young lady of his choice, Miss Emma N. Pierson of Morristown, N. J. He had passed his twenty-first birthday, he said, and the young lady was also of age. The minister agreed to marry them, and the young man returned with his bride leaning on his arm. Witnesses were called in and the ceremony which made Miss Pierson Mrs. Tiffany was quickly performed. After the ceremony the young groom told the minister he was the younger son of Charles L. Tiffany, the wealthy head of Tiffany & Co.'s jewelry house, and was employed in his establishment. Witnesses affixed their signatures to the marriage certificate and the happy young couple departed on their honey-moon. They did not go far, however, for early next day young Tiffany appeared at his father's place of business, and told a story of his secret marriage to his father's confidential secretary. He implored that gentleman to break the news to his father and ask his forgiveness. The secretary lent a sympathetic ear to the young man's tale, but strongly advised him to plead his own cause with Mr. Tiffany, Sr. The young man acted upon the advice and told his father of the wedding. The scene between the father and son when Mr. Tiffany leaned of his son's marriage was not as stormy as might have been expected, but it ended by Burnett's leaving his (father's) presence without the desired forgiveness, his parents refusing to see the young bride whom they did not know and had never heard of. Since then several interviews have taken place between father and son at the former's residence, 255 Madison avenue, but Mr. Tiffany, pere, has not yet been brought to view the young man's matrimonial venture with favor. Friends of the young man, however, do not believe the father can persevere in the part of the stern and relentless parent, when he sees his pretty young daughter-in-law. In the meantime the young man and his bride are hovering near in anticipation of the happy moment, and are spending their honeymoon quietly in this city. Mr. Charles L. Tiffany was seen at his home yesterday, but declined to talk of his son's marriage other than to say that he had been greatly surprised. They had known nothing of their son's attachment to the young lady, who was, in fact, a stranger to them. When asked if he was disposed to forgive and receive the wedded pair, he refused to say. The young man, it is said, is dependent on the salary paid him in his father's establishment.

### Washington and Baltimore Ladies,

Since the report of the chemical analysis by Prof. J. Morrison of Washington and Prof. P. B. Wilson of Baltimore that Zonweiss Cream is free from anything injurious to the teeth, are using it with satisfaction.

### A Medicine Man Assigns.

The Simmons Medicine Company made an assignment Saturday to Horatio D. Wood. Mr. C. F. Simmons, who is the proprietor of the concern, says the assets are $100,000, and the liabilities, outside the amount due himself, $35,000. He says the failure is due to the action of the State Savings Association in refusing to release any of $49,000 worth of securities held for a debt of $6,000.


# THE SOOTHSAYER

Warned Cæsar of the

## IDES OF MARCH,

And we warn you of the Winds of March—with favorable chances of a mild blizzard thrown in, to vary the monotony and give life that variety so necessary to its spice and pleasure; and there will also be days in March when "Old Sol," putting on an extra ton or two of coal, will warm things up. Now, RIGHT HERE is the place we wish to throw in a little good advice, gratis: "Buy a SPRING OVERCOAT—BUY IT QUICK, and BUY IT FROM FAMOUS. It will cost you but little, fit you like a coat of paint, and save you a doctor's bill. We'll prove it. We'll say your name is M. Brown. You find the weather a little pleasant, and leave off your heavy overcoat: result—next morning you are sick; can't get out of bed, and send for Doctor Put-you-out-of-the-way-quick; he feels your pulse, looks wise—and gives you a dose that would kill the man in the moon; he calls several times and then sends in his bill:

M. Brown, Dr.:
To Doctor Put-you-out-of-the-way-quick;
To 10 visits at $2 ..... $20.00

★ ★ ★ ★

Buy a SPRING OVERCOAT from Famous—$10 will get you a beauty—you'll save $10, get the best of the doctor and have enough left to treat your wife to a new spring bonnet.

☞ Seriously, kind friends, we are showing the largest line of these goods in the city—low in price and elegant in fit, style and fabric.

COME AND GET ONE.

FAMOUS
JOSEPH SPECHT & CO.
NINETEENTH CENTURY DEALERS
IN CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, FURNISHING GOODS, MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, WRAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, RUBBER GOODS & GARMENTS.
BROADWAY & MORGAN, ST. LOUIS, MO.


## TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

### AN IRON MOUNTAIN TRAIN CRASHES THROUGH A TRESTLE BRIDGE.

**Thirty Passengers Imprisoned in a Submerged Smoking-Car—They Escape Being Fatally Mangled to Face Death by Drowning—One Man Killed and Several Injured—Miraculous Escapes.**

A few minutes after 10 o'clock on last Saturday night, the Texas Express train on the Iron Mountain Road crashed through a trestle at Victoria, a point about three miles north of De Soto, Mo. The train left the Union Depot in this city at 8:30 o'clock, made up of a baggage and mail car, three coaches and three sleepers, all well filled. The rain which fell all day Saturday extended many miles south and was very heavy in Jefferson County. The gullies through the hills on the eastern front of the county collected the rainfall and guided it towards the Mississippi, swelling into torrents in the creeks and deep ravines. Just above Victoria, the water poured down Joachim Creek in a flood, sweeping away the foundations of the Iron Mountain trestle which bridges a natural ravine at that point. Shortly after 10 o'clock, the Texas express, No. 603, ran onto the trestle, which gave way without warning. Engineer Kelly felt the engine suddenly sink and, quick as thought, turned the air-brake to the last notch. This fortunate action retarded the train from rolling on to complete destruction and broke the connection between the passenger coaches and the forward part of the train. With a grinding crash that was heard a mile from the track the thirty-five-ton engine went down in the torrent, which roared through the narrowed limits of the ravine. The mail car followed the engine-tender, the rear of which struck the forward end of the car, throwing it over towards the opposite bank and demolishing the forward part. The baggage and express car plunged down into the flood where the mail car fell, but was caught by the torrent and whirled away to a point nearly 2,000 feet from the trestle. The smoking-car then crashed down over the break in the trestle. The next coach stopped within a dozen feet of the brink. The passengers were jolted out of their chairs and berths by the sudden application of the air brakes. The startled passengers rushed from the cars in the driving rain to ascertain the cause of the sudden stop. The flood poured through the broken trestle and over the wrecked engine and cars, making an awful picture in the gloom. The engine and mail car were almost completely covered with water,

THE SMOKING CAR,

still lighted, was drifting away from the track. About thirty persons were in this car, which was rapidly filling with water as it drifted down. The passengers were still more terrified after they recovered from the first shock. The water splashed and beat against the windows and rushed in under the doors. Death seemed imminent, and many of the passengers began praying aloud. The car was filling rapidly, and the passengers waded about distracted waist deep in the flood. Two children of an Italian woman climbed up on the backs of the seats and collectedly awaited the result of the frantic efforts to discover some way to escape. Edgar C. Whitehead, a boy 13 years of age, was the first to show a mode of escape. Taking up a shotgun he punched a hole through the roof and climbed out to the top of the car and from this position helped other through the aperture. Andrew Whitehead, a farmer, and the father of the boy who had cut the hole in the roof, was attracted to the wreck. He saw the peril of the floating coach filled with passengers Wrapping a rope about his waist he plunged into the flood and after a terrible struggle with the waters reached the smoker. He then unwound the rope from his waist and threw one end back to the shore, several feet from the point where the car lodged. The crowd on the bank seized the rope while they cheered the courageous performance. With an ax Whitehead cut away the transom, and one by one the passengers were rescued. Henry Reimler, a carpenter from De Soto was found dead upon the floor of the car. He had been drowned. John Frenchy, who had miraculously escaped himself started from the roof of the car with the Italian woman, guiding himself by the rope which suddenly broke. With the woman in his arms he was almost carried away but after a struggle reached the roof of the car again and later was rescued on a raft.

J. W. McCullough, E. L. Shaffer and F. F. Ryan, who were in the mail car reported that the Hot Springs mail pouch was missing and seven pouches probably ruined by the water.

THE MAIL CLERKS ESCAPED

by smashing the side window with a piece of scantling and escaping to the roof. They then cut the bell-rope and attempted to use this as a life-line, but it proved too light. Two farmers appeared on the banks and seized one end of the line. Shaffer attempted to pass over, but the rope gave way, and he returned to his companions on the roof. The rescuers on the banks then lashed some planks together and by this means the trio reached the shore. The fireman, Hatch, and Engineer Kelley were rescued from tree tops. When the passengers who had been rescued from the waters and those who were thrown about in the sudden stop were gathered together the following were found to be injured:

Valto Aaltmeyer, Columbus, O.; serious contusions about the head and body.

Antonio Fatelin, Italy, a laborer, passenger for Texarkana; contusions about the face, head and lower limbs.

Frank Burns, St. Louis, one of the baggage-masters; slightly cut in the face.

Lou Kelley, engineer; severe contusions about the face and body and toes of left foot mashed and badly bruised.

Frank Hatch, De Soto, fireman; several painful contusions of the back and body.

J. H. Baldwin, Jamestown, N. Y.; cut in hand and wrist.

J. H. Titcomb, San Jose, Cal.; left hand cut.

S. P. Beck, Point Burnside, Ky.; contusions about head and face.

William Fontaine, news agent on the train; contusions about the head and face.

Many of the passengers returned to this city on the rescuing train which had been sent to the scene, shortly after the news reached here. The accident was a peculiar one, and some of the experiences terrible.

Engineer Kelly had been traveling on orders to look out carefully. When the trestle was reached the train was moving at the rate of about sixteen miles an hour. The track was straight, and nothing suggested the weak condition of the bridge. After his rescue the engineer related his experiences as follows: "I went more than an engine's length, and then I felt myself sinking. There was no warning, not a quiver, to indicate weakness; we just went down and that was all there was to it. I knew at once that the bridge had gone, but I did not lose my presence of mind. I did not have time to shut the throttle, but I threw my hand down and opened the three-way cock, putting the air-brakes on for all they were worth. This I did while falling. I was on my seat box, and Hatch was looking to the rear when we went down. We went under water, and I felt a shock. I tried to scramble out, but I was pinioned down. My legs to the knees were held fast somewhere, but I don't know where. I had just realized this when I felt a second shock, and that released me. I felt myself rising, and I made a scramble to get to the surface. I succeeded and rose just by a log, which I seized, but I had only held it a moment when I thought that something might float against me, and between it and the log I might be crushed, so I shoved it away and floated down for about 150 yards. Then I drifted under a tree and managed to catch one of the branches, swinging about six inches above the water. It was all I could do to cling to this, but I managed to hold until I recovered a little of my strength, and then I drew my body to it."

The fireman, who had drifted further down, had also lodged in a tree and was rescued by Whitehead.

A large force of wreckers are now at work on the trestle and the derailed cars.


# GOING! GOING! GOING!

## The Final Close-Out Sale

OF

# THE MOUND CITY SHOE STORE!

608 OLIVE, Opposite WM. BARR'S.

## ☞ SAVE 50 PER CENT

And make your selection out of a Fresh and Seasonable Stock of

## FINE BOOTS and SHOES

☞ READ PRICE-LIST: ☜

Ladies' E. C. Burt & Co.'s French Kid Button, opera toe and common-sense; reduced from $6.50 to $5.

Ladies' E. C. Burt & Co.'s French Straight Goat Button, hand-sewed; reduced from $5.50 to $4.

Ladies' E. C. Burt & Co.'s French Straight Goat Foxed, Kangaroo top, hand-sewed button; reduced from $6.50 to $4.50.

Ladies' E. C. Burt & Co.'s Best American Kid Button, opera toe; reduced from $5 to $3.75.

Ladies' Best French Kid Button, hand-made, opera and common-sense; reduced from $7 to $5.50.

Ladies' Best French Kid Button, hand-made, opera and common-sense; reduced from $7 to $5.

Ladies' Best French Kid Button, opera toe; reduced from $5.50 to $4.

Ladies' Straight Goat Foxed Dongola-top Button, hand-made; reduced from $5.50 to $4.

Ladies' French Goat Button, opera and common-sense; reduced from $4 to $3.

Ladies' Straight Goat Button, opera and common-sense; reduced from $3.50 to $2.50.

Ladies' Pebble Goat Button, common-sense; reduced from $3 to $2.

Ladies' American Kid Button, reduced from $3 to $2.25.

Ladies' American Kid Button, reduced from $3 to $2.

Ladies' Patent-Leather Foxed Kangaroo-top Button; reduced from $6 to $4.75.

Ladies' Straight Goat Foxed, Dongola-top, patent-leather tipped, button; reduced from $4.50 to $3.50.

Ladies' French Kid Slippers, black jet or steel beaded; reduced from $4 to $3.

Ladies' French Kid Slippers, trimmed with satin-beaded bows; reduced from $3.50 to $2.50.

Ladies' French Kid Theo Ties, reduced from $3.50 to $2.75.

Ladies' French Kid Opera Toe Slippers, reduced from $2.75 to $2.

Ladies' Patent-Leather Opera Toe Slippers, reduced from $3 to $2.25.

Ladies' Best American Slippers, reduced from $3 to $1.50.

Ladies' Best American Slippers, reduced from $1.75 to $1.15.

Ladies' American Opera Kid Slippers, reduced from $1.50 to $1.

Ladies' Best French Kid Edison Ties, reduced from $4 to $3.

Ladies' Best French Kid Low Button, reduced from $4 to $3.

Ladies' Best American Kid Low Button, reduced from $3.25 to $2.50.

Ladies' Best American Kid Edison Ties, reduced from $3.25 to $2.50.

Ladies' American Kid Edison Ties, reduced from $2.50 to $2.

Ladies' Best Patent-Leather Edison Ties, opera toe; reduced from $4 to $3.

Ladies' Kid and Goat Side-lace, reduced from $4 and $3 to $1 and $1.50.

Men's Burt and Mear's French Calf Button and Lace, wide and narrow toes hand-made; reduced from $8.50 to $6.75.

Men's Best French Calf Button, Lace and Congress, wide and narrow-tipped and plain toes, hand-made; reduced from $8 to $6.

Men's French Calf Button, Lace and Congress, tipped and plain toes, hand-made; reduced from $7 to $5.

Men's Patent-Leather Foxed Kangaroo-top Congress; reduced from $7 to $5.

Men's Patent-Leather Foxed Cloth-top Congress; reduced from $6 to $4.

Men's Calf Button, Lace and Congress, best machine; reduced from $5.50 to $4.

Men's Calf Button, Lace and Congress, best machine; reduced from $4.50 to $3.

Men's Calf Button, Lace and Congress, best machine; reduced from $3.50 to $2.50.

Men's Patent-Leather Pumps, reduced from $3 to $2.

Men's Finest Alligator Slippers, reduced from $4 to $3.

Men's Finest Maroon Goat Slippers, reduced from $3 to $2.

Men's Goat Opera Slippers, reduced from $2.25 to $1.50.

Men's Embroidered Slippers, reduced from $4 to $2.25.

Men's Embroidered Slippers, reduced from $2 to $1.

Boys' Best Calf Button, sizes 2½ to 5½; reduced from $3.75 to $3.

Boys' A Calf Button, sizes 2½ to 5½; reduced from $3 to $2.

Boys' Calf Lace Bals, reduced from $3 to $2.

Youths' Calf Button, reduced from $2.75 to $2.25.

Youths' NK Button, reduced from $2.50 to $1.75

Boys' and Youths' Patent-Leather Pumps, reduced from $2 and $2.50 to $1.40 and $1.75.

Misses' French Kid Button, common-sense, low heel; reduced from $4.50 to $3.

Misses' Best American Kid Button, common-sense, low heel; reduced from $3, to $2.

Misses' Straight Goat Button, common-sense, low heel; reduced from $3.25 to $2.50.

Misses' Straight Goat Button, common-sense, low heel; reduced from $3 to $2.

Misses' American Kid Spring Heel Button, reduced from $2.75 to $2.25.

Misses' American Kid Spring Heel Button, reduced from $2.50 to $1.75

Misses' Straight Goat Spring Button, reduced from $2.75 to $2.25.

Misses' Pebble Goat Spring Heel Button, reduced from $2.25 to $1.75.

Misses' E.C Burt's American Kid Spring Heel Button, reduced from $3 to $2.25.

Misses' Calf Foxed Dongola-top Button, reduced from $3 to $2.25.

Misses' Grain Button, low heels; reduced from $3 to $1.25.

Child's Best Straight Goat Button, low heels; reduced from $2 to $1.

Child's American Kid Button, low heels; reduced from $2 to $1.

Child's Pebble Goat Button, low heels, extra high cut; reduced from $1.75 to $1.

Child's Finest Straight Goat Button, spring heel; reduced from $2 to $1.50.

Child's Finest American Kid Button, spring heel; reduced from $2 to $1.50.

Child's Goat Foxed Kangaroo-top Button, spring heels; reduced from $2 to $1.50.

Child's French Kid Button, spring heels; reduced from $2.50 to $1.50.

Child's Straight Goat and Kid Button, spring heels; reduced from $1.40 to $1.

Child's Calf Foxed Button, spring heels; reduced from $2 to $1.50.

Infants' French Kid Button, reduced from $1.20 to $1.

Infants' American Kid Button, reduced from $1 to 80c.

Infants' French Kid Ankle Ties, reduced from 90c to 65c.

Child's French Kid Opera Slippers, reduced from $1.50 to $1.


## AMUSEMENTS.

### Opening Performances of the Week's Attractions at the Theaters—Notes.

Mr. George C. Miln gave no good reason last evening that his "Richard III." should be on the stage nor that any one who has seen "Richard III." before should go to see it. He has apparently discovered nothing new in the character, and throws no bright light on any of the lines. Too many stars seem to be possessed of the idea that individual and original interpretation or particular excellence in the treatment of Shakspere's text is not required of them; simply that they shall memorize the lines, study the accepted business and get through the parts fairly. The number of roles in the repertoire is of more importance than the merit of any one.

So Mr. Miln's "Richard III." would strike no one as being the peculiar interpretation of Mr. Miln, and differs from others only in possessing a young, blooming face, a rather unusually misshapen body and in being less effective than the large majority of them. It is not that Mr. Miln does not seem to understand the character well enough, but that he has neither the knowledge nor power of giving outward expression to his own conception. He has not mastered the technique of dramatic art; the light and shade, stage effects, nor the use of voice, face and body. He has a habit also of holding to his words and drawing them out, which is in bad form. His voice is pleasant, and has considerable power, but the performance, while there were several excellent passages, was decidedly amateurish and crude.

The company was on a par with the principal, and did little worthy of commendation. The audience at Pope's was exceedingly small, and this made the task of the company to maintain spirited work difficult. To-night Mr. Miln will appear in "Hamlet."

* * *

A fine audience filled the Olympic last night for the opening performance of Mr. James O'Neill in "Monte Cristo," and the house was as enthusiastic as it was large. The romantic spirit of the drama is finely preserved by Mr. O'Neill, who invests the hero with a handsome presence, vigorous personality and dramatic strength. It requires peculiar gifts to sustain the character in the situation of the play. Mr. O'Neill does not fail in the slightest degree, but invests it all the more superhuman charm given it by the author. It is this which enables the star and the play to maintain their grasp on the public. Mr. O'Neill's reception was as warm and his impression as strong as they ever were, and after his finest scenes he was called before the curtain again and again. His support is evenly excellent. Miss Grace Thorne making an attractive and effective Mercedes, while the Noirtier of Mr. J. W. Shannon, the Albert of Mr. S. M. Kent, the Caderousse of Mr. J. H. Shewell, the Villefort of Mr. Joseph Ransome, the Danglars of Mr. Arthur Lejeune, the Fernanade of Mr. Howard Gould were well taken.

* * *

"The Inside Track," Mr. Oliver Byron's play, by F. A. Scudamore, is much after the order of the conventional English melodrama in its characters and situations. It gives the ups and downs of a young man wrongfully accused and imprisoned for a crime. He and the girl he loves are victims of villainous plotters, who succeed in inflicting several years of misery on all the good people, but receive their just deserts at last, while virtue receives its proper reward. In the development of the plot, however, there is a plentiful supply of laughable comedy and of thrilling situations. Mr. Byron is thoroughly effective as Harry Denbigh, the hero of the play, and Kate Byron has a capital part in the little rag merchant, and the play was well cast throughout. The People's had a large audience, and the strong points in the play were vigorously applauded.

* * *

Mark Price's romantic American drama, "On the Rio Grande," drew a good house to the Standard last night and kept it entertained through the evening. While it is a border drama, there is little shooting in it, the interest depending on the story. The drama was presented by the Lamb-Jordon-Price Company, the principal parts being taken by Edward Lamb, M. J. Jordan, Mark Price, Percy Mildon, Miss Mamie Kisselle and Miss Clara Flogg.

### Amusement Notes.

There will be only one "Monte Cristo" matinee and that will be on Saturday afternoon.

"Nelly Bly" of the Pittsburg Dispatch has been engaged by Manager Arthur Rehan, and will make her debut in Washington in "The Passing Regiment."

Mr. Gillett, the representative of Mr. Abbey, was in the city yesterday preparing for the next Patti concert on the 15th. The sale will open on Friday at the Exposition box office.

Miss May Fortescue, the English beauty, will open her engagement at the Grand to-night in W. S. Gilbert's "Gretchen." Miss Fortescue will be supported by Mr. J. Newton Lothold, Mr. Fred Terry, Miss Kate Hodson and a carefully selected company.

Dan F. Duff's Comic Opera Company this season is said to be the best he has had and a thoroughly fine one all through. In Lillian Russell, Vernona Jarbeau, J. H. Ryley and Zelda Seguin he has a quartette which is hard to beat for good looks and talent. The company will be at the Olympic next week.

## EAST ST. LOUIS.

### A Desperate Attempt at Robbery—Notes and Personals.

A man named John Connors was lodged in jail this morning on a charge of attempted robbery preferred by Calvin Davis, a farmer from Sedgewick County, Kansas, and John Simmons, a stockman from Wabash County, Illinois. Davis came to this city about a week ago, his intention being to secure farm lands in this county and locate. He stopped at the Green Tree Hotel, rooming with John Simmons, a stockman, whose acquaintance he had made. Last night while he and Simmons were in the Green Tree saloon, they became acquainted with a man who gave his name as John Connors. Connors expressed himself as anxious to engage in the stock business, and Simmons agreed to give him a start by allowing him more than a change of a lot of cattle which he intended to ship in few days to Wichita, Kan. When Simmons and Davis started to retire for the night, Connors requested that he be allowed to occupy the same room with them for the night and assented. They and all three retired. In the middle of the night Davis was awakened by some one feeling under his pillow, where he had placed his wallet containing a considerable sum of money. He grabbed hold of the robber by the arm and demanded to know who he was. The robber cautioned him to keep quiet or he would murder him silent. Davis, who is a tall and powerful man, sprang up and grabbed the robber by the throat. They struggled together to the end of the room where the bureau stood and Davis, by a supreme effort, forced his antagonist to the floor, and while he kept his knee on his chest, lit a candle. When he scanned his fallen antagonist's features he found that the robber was no other than Connors. Simmons had been awakened by this time, and he kept guard over Connors while Davis went out to secure a policeman. While Davis was gone Connors made a desperate attempt to get out of the room, but Simmons was too much for him and held him until Davis and an officer arrived. Davis and Simmons intend to put Connors through.

The United Labor party held a convention yesterday at Banghan's Hall and decided to put out a full ticket for the April election. The nominations made were as follows: Municipal—For Mayor, John M. Sullivan; Alderman, First Ward, Charles M. Carpenter; Alderman, Second Ward, Wm. P. Broderick; Alderman, Third Ward, John Dissit; Alderman, Fourth Ward, Stewart McLean. Township offices—For Supervisor, Thomas Lodge; for Assistant Supervisors, John Cooney, J. P. Lewis and Eugene Keefe; for Town Clerk, M. F. Tissier; for Assessor, Chas. B. Carroll; for Highway Commissioner, John Vallinan. The nomination for Collector was deferred. The nomination of a ticket by the labor party has given an entirely new aspect to the political situation. It is now very probable that there will be three tickets. The Law and Order League which was mainly instrumental in carrying the new election law will doubtless nominate a full ticket, and the leaders of the administration party having come to the conclusion that with two other tickets in the field they would stand a fighting chance of being retained in power, will, it is believed, abandon their original idea of establishing separate polls and go in to win under the registration.

Charles Schaffner, an old resident of the Island, died this morning. His funeral will take place Wednesday at 1 o'clock, to St. Peter's Cemetery.

Denis Brennan was arrested yesterday for shooting inside the city limits, and fined $3 and costs this morning by Squire Draggon.

Albert Martin, colored, was arrested last night for raising a disturbance in front of the A. M. E. Zion Church.

To-morrow will be the first day of registration. All parties who fail to register to-morrow or on the 15th will not be allowed to vote on election day.

The City Council will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

An infant child of Mr. Ed Bowman, who lives on Collinsville avenue, died last evening and was buried to-day.

### "Gentle as the Breeze of Evening."

This line of an old hymn is quite appropriate when applied to "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." "I don't like to take pills if I can avoid it," we often hear persons say, "because they constipate me so." Now the "Pellets" never do this. They are so gentle and mild that their effect is almost precisely similar to a natural movement of the bowels, and no unpleasant effects are left behind.

New Spring Styles Now Ready for Inspection.

# HAT CHAT.

Our HAT Department is replete with New and Stylish Headgear for Spring wear. It contains everything in abundance in Silk, Soft and Stiff Hats that is new, desirable and cheap.

Our old stand-by, the celebrated $1.90 STIFF HAT, is better in quality than ever. No hatter in town can match 'em for less than $3.00—latest blocks; colors black and brown.

## F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,

N. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

The LARGEST, NEWEST and BEST-ASSORTED Stock of

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS

IN ST. LOUIS ON

# TIME PAYMENTS

AT THE

## Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.

Sell on easy WEEKLY or MONTHLY payments everything needed to furnish a house complete, from cellar to garret. Our STOCK is the LARGEST, our PRICES the LOWEST, and our TERMS the EASIEST. No security required. We also sell on CREDIT a full line of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, LADIES' CLOAKS and WRAPS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, etc. ☞ OPEN AT NIGHT.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

BY authority of the Board of Directors, the undersigned hereby call a meeting of the shareholders of the American Brake Company, to be held at the office of the Company in the City of St. Louis, Mo., on the 22d day of April, 1887, at 9 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of acting on two propositions, to-wit:

First, To authorize the Board to issue bonds of the Company to an amount not exceeding $100,000, and to be secured by a mortgage on the property of the Company, for the purpose of funding the present bonded indebtedness, to provide for a manufactory in Canada, should the Board deem it expedient, and in extending the Company's business.

Second, To adopt a code of by-laws which shall authorize the Directors to hold their sessions either in the City of St. Louis or in the City of New York as they may deem expedient. S. M. DODD, President.

E. B. LEIGH, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, JANUARY 31, 1887.—Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of St. Louis Corset Company, a corporation, on Saturday, the 24 day of April, 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of said corporation, No. 16 N. 8th st., in the City of St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to be then and there submitted to said stockholders, of increasing the capital stock of said corporation from fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars, its present authorized capital, to thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars, divided into one hundred and fifty (150) shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each.

WM. McCABE,
ERNEST EDWARDS,
ALEX. DAVIS,
Directors.


MANLY VIGOR, lost through errors or bad practices, may be perfectly restored by the new Cradle Pearls. Send for our new illustrated "Guide to Health." Absolute secrecy. Address the Cradle Medical Clinic, 35 Nassau St., N. Y.

MANHOOD RESTORED, A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address, C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3179, New York City.


## ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pinon Park Cattle Co. for the election of five Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, No. 1 S. Commercial st., on Monday, March 14, 1887, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 m.

GEO. W. WARE, President.
L. KRIECKHAUS, Secretary.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pacific Railroad (of Missouri) will be held at room 11, fourth floor, Equitable building, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., on the 16th day of March, 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of thirteen directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. R. L. CUTTING, JR.,
President Pacific Railroad.

THE annual meeting of stockholders of the St. Louis Lead and Oil Company for the election of five directors to serve during the ensuing year, and for such other business as may legally come before them, will be held at the office of the company, Second street, corner of Cass avenue, on Thursday, March 10, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 noon.

H. H. ISAPHER, President.
GEO. O. CARPENTER, JR., Secretary.
St. Louis, February 25, 1887.


# I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a lifelong study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.


## AN AMUSING CAMPAIGN.

### Two Lame Tailors Nominated for the Same Office at North Long Branch.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LONG BRANCH, March 7.—A contest at the polls which bids fair to be in a degree as interesting as the campaign of the two Taylors in Tennessee will occur here at the coming township election. Saturday afternoon the Democrats of Ocean Township held a primary at North Long Branch, and among other nominations made was that of Alexander McConnell, a clean-cut Jeffersonian Democrat with level head and good heart, for Constable. He is a prosperous tailor, but, unfortunately, is lame and obliged to walk with a cane. He is very popular here. The evening the Republicans held their primary meeting in the Opera-house and Samuel G. Hall was nominated for Constable. Mr. Hall is an elderly man, and he, too, is a tailor, doing a good business and is highly esteemed. Still stranger to relate, Hall, like his Democratic opponent, is also lame and walks with a cane. Both of the men are about the same height and weight and both wear full beards. These two remarkable nominations are the talk of the town and the source of much innocent merriment. Already people have manifested a strong interest in the contest, and the population of the upper village is taking sides with one or the other of the candidates. There is every probability that an unusually heavy vote will be polled in that section of the city. Unfortunately for Mr. Hall Ocean Township is overwhelmingly Democratic, but it is presumed that in the contest between the two tailors, politics will be, so far as they are concerned, laid on the shelf. There will be more fun in this amusing campaign than in a first-class dog show. Candidate McConnell held a levee at Britton's drug store last evening, while Hall is being overwhelmed with calls from persons who promise to vote for him. Both candidates are noted for their fondness for root beer and peanuts, and it is presumed both will be freely used on election day.


The blood must be pure, if the body would be in perfect condition. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier makes pure blood, and imparts the rich bloom of health and vigor to the whole body.


### Knights of St. Patrick.

At the meeting of the Knights of St. Patrick Saturday night the invitation from the Grand Marshal of the St. Patrick's Day parade, that the society assist in reviewing the parade from the Southern Hotel, was accepted. The following new members were elected: A. C. Church, Dr. H. J. McKellope, A. C. Clover, O. Guthrie and Judge T. J. McKelghan.


To-Morrow at 9 O'Clock.

500 men's blue flannel suits at $4.95.

300 men's Union cassimere suits at $2.95.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.


## HOTEL PERSONALS.

J. M. Siebert, State Treasurer, wife and daughter, are at the Planters'.

L. A. Stone, Cleveland; C. W. McClellan, J. C. Stevens, M. H. Keer, Dubuque, Io.; T. J. Payne, Fayette, Mo., are at the St. James.

J. H. Roblee, St. Joseph, Mo.; Louis C. Human, Chillicothe, Mo.; T. D. Beasley, Pattonsburg, Mo.; J. H. Hall, Sweet Springs, Mo.; D. N. Bailey, Dillonsburg, Pa., are at Hursts'.

J. W. Hughes, Judsonia, Ark.; E. E. Mayfield, Indianapolis; W. S. Hicks and wife, Columbus, Ky.; T. J. Rose and wife, Moberly, Mo.; James Austin, Fayetteville, Ark., are at Hotel H